The New-York Times.

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NEWS FROM EUROPE.

THE NIAGARA AT HALIFAX.

TUSCANY ANNEXED TO SARDINIA.

The Great Powers Consent to the Annexation of Savoy.

THE TRANSFER EFFECTED.

GENERAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

HALIFAX, Saturday, April 7.

The Cunard steamship *Niagara* arrived here at 3 o'clock this morning. She left Liverpool at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 24th ultimo, touching at Queenstown on the following day. The *Niagara* reports on the 25th of March, at 12½ P. M., off Salters, passed steamship *Africa*, bound to Liverpool.

The *Niagara's* dates are three days later than those already received.

The steamship *Baltic* was to leave Liverpool for Halifax and New-York shortly after the *Niagara*, taking the place of the *Jura*.

The steamship *Edinburgh*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool at 9:40 on the morning of the 22d ult.

The ship *Champion of the Seas*, from Melbourne, with 24,000 ounces in gold, had arrived at Liverpool.

The London *Times* views WM. H. SEWARD'S Union speech favorably.

THE SAVOY QUESTION.

The Paris *Patrie* says that the Sardinian troops have commenced the evacuation of Savoy, and that the first detachment of French troops, returning from Lombardy, will arrive at Savoy on the 25th of March.

M. THOUVENEL'S last dispatch to Count DE PERSIGNY, containing explanations for the British Government relative to the annexation of Savoy, was published in the Paris *Moniteur* on the 22d of March. It contains little but what had been previously stated. It points out the necessity for the revision of the French frontiers; reiterates the Emperor's respect for existing treaties; claims that this is purely an exceptional case; shows that *the cession will be made without violence and free from all constraint*, and concludes by expressing confidence that England will see that the situation of France has required the consummation of this project.

The London *Times*, in an editorial, admits that the annexation must be quietly allowed, but at the same time denounces the act as one of spoliation and wrong, and in principle as bad as a march upon the Rhine or a sudden attempt on Antwerp. It adds, it must leave upon all minds the conviction that there is no safety except in continual watchfulness and armed preparation against the aggressions of a sovereign who thus seizes upon the possessions of a friendly Power.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says that all the Powers had replied to France relative to Savoy, and gives the following as the substance of their notes:

Russia says that so long as the right of the people to select rulers is not put forward by France, and that as the present change does not affect the balance of Europe, what Sardinia may do with Savoy is no business of hers.

Russia is said by another authority to have sent a dispatch to Paris in opposition to an annexation, and protesting against the application of the theory of national frontiers.

Prussia says that, as the Emperor of France formally disavows the doctrine of natural frontiers, the transfer of Savoy is no business of hers.

Austria declares that she certainly does not approve of any annexation of the kind, but as Europe stood by when other annexations were effected, she does not see what she has to do with the annexation of Savoy.

Le Lord says the reply of the British Government had reached Paris, and it was understood that it had not renounced all hope of preventing annexation, or at least of reducing it to proportions which would make it a constant source of embarrassment to France.

The Emperor NAPOLEON, in receiving the deputation from Savoy, stated that the reunion of Savoy and Nice to France has been resolved on in principle. *The assent of Piedmont and of the populaton had been obtained*, and the negotiations with the Powers who signed the treaty of 1815 permitted the hope of a favorable examination of the question by the greater part of them.

The Swiss *Chargé d'Affaires* at Vienna had presented to Count RECHBERG a circular note, in which the Federal Council protests to the Powers who guaranteed the treaties of Vienna against any measure having for its object the incorporation of Chablais and Faucigny with the French Empire. Count RECHBERG replied that Austria reserves her definitive reply until she has ascertained the disposition of Europe; but he reminded the Minister that last year, when the French troops were conveyed by railroad from Culose to Chambery, the Austrian Cabinet in vain presented to Switzerland, as well as to the Great Powers, that the neutrality of that part of Savoy should be respected; but by the passage of the French troops that neutrality was openly violated, contrary to the treaty of 1815.

Six French regiments are said to have taken possession of Chablais and Faucigny.

A French frigate had arrived off Nice, and several regiments were expected there on the 26th. The population of Nice had signed a petition against the representations of the municipality.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Parliamentary proceedings were of little interest.

In the House of Commons the Savoy question was again debated, and the conduct of the British Government was censured by several members.

The budget was taken up, and Mr. GLADSTONE moved a resolution imposing an income-tax of ten pence in the pound for one year.

An amendment was offered reducing the tax to nine pence, but it was rejected by 55 majority, and the original resolution agreed to.

Several other provisions of the Budget were adopted.

In the House of Commons, on March 21, the bill limiting the hours of labor of women and children in the bleaching and dyeing works was passed by a large majority.

On March 22, the debate was resumed on the Reform bill, Sir JOHN PAKINGTON being the principal speaker in opposition to it. He was followed by other speakers, when the debate was further adjourned.

On March 23, in the House of Lords, the Duke of Newcastle said that the Government had received no information from either France or Sardinia relative to the recent vote of the municipality of Nice on the subject of annexation.

Colonel DUNNE asked the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether he was aware of the intended advance of the Spanish army on Tangiers, and what guarantee he had received from the Spanish Government that there would be no permanent or even protracted occupation of a place so essential to the supply of the fortress of Gibraltar.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL said that the Spanish Government had replied to the representations of her Majesty's Government with respect to a prolonged occupation of Tangiers in a friendly manner, and the correspondence had already been laid on the table.

The Reform bill was regarded with much apathy by the Press and the public.

The merchants of Manchester had appointed a deputation to wait on Sir C. WOOD to make representations against the increase of duty in India on cotton, yarns and twist.

The London *Times* has an editorial on Senator SEWARD'S late speech on the Slavery question. It treats the speech as the programme of the Republican Party, and sees in it evidences of the dawning of a more friendly feeling between the Northern and Southern States. It thinks that under the organization of the Republicans, and with the moderate programme sketched by Mr. SEWARD, the North may be able, without plotting or bluster, to roll back the tide of the slaveholding aggression.

FRANCE.

Gen. DUFAUR, who is on a special mission from Switzerland, had an interview with the Emperor, and expressed himself satisfied with his assurances to respect Swiss interests.

The fleet at Toulon had received orders to be ready for sea.

The Paris Bourse had become firmer. On the 23d there was a decided improvement, and the *Rentes* advanced to 68f. 30c.

It is asserted that the French Government, while still retaining Chablais and Faucigny, is indisposed to give most solemn guarantees to Switzerland and Europe that Swiss interests shall be protected.

The Grand-Duke MICHAEL had arrived at Toulon *incognito*, where he is inspecting the newly-constructed portable gunboats, with a view to the application of the system on the Amoor River.

Orders had been issued for the formation of two camps additional to that of Chalons, one consisting of infantry near Stomer, and the other of cavalry at Luneville, near the Prussian frontier.

ITALY.

The French army in Lombardy commenced its return on the 21st.

The Sardinian Council of State had decided that the *Concordat* concluded by Austria with the Pope is not binding in Lombardy.

The Ex-Duke of Tuscany is preparing to protest against his fate.

Baron RICASOLI reached Turin on the 22d, and presented to the King of Sardinia the vote of Tuscany on the annexation question. The King, in response to a congratulatory speech by RICASOLI, said:

"I accept the vote of Tuscany, which, after having been expressed by the National Assembly, is now confirmed by a unanimity of popular suffrage. Tuscany, in associating her destinies with those of Piedmont, far from renouncing, continues her glorious traditions, and augments their importance, by uniting them to those of the other parties of the State. The Parliament in which the representatives of Tuscany will take seats beside those of Piedmont, Lombardy and the Æmelia, will bring the laws of the country into conformity with the truthful principle of liberty. Thus Tuscany will enjoy the blessings of administrative autonomy without weakening the union of power and the national will, upon which the prosperity and independence of the country are principally dependent."

The King then signed a decree annexing Tuscany to Sardinia.

It is ordered that on the promulgation of the decree annexing Tuscany to Piedmont, the French Legation at Florence would be dissolved and return to Leghorn.

The Paris *Constitutionnel*, in an article by its principal editor, says the withdrawal of the French troops from Italy must not be considered a sign of coolness between France and Sardinia. France leaves Lombardy because its independence is irrevocably assured. Austria only intends to act in defence of the frontier of Venetia. The loyalty of the French policy could not occasion her any embarrassment on that subject. The withdrawal of the French army from Italy is, therefore, a sign of the approaching solution of the question of Italy, and not a sign of complication, which the wisdom as well as the interest of Piedmont will know how to prevent.

It was reported that CAVOUR would be Minister of Marine in the Sardinian Council.

Prince CARIGNAN was expected to proceed to Florence on the 26th, not as Regent, but as the King's Governor of Tuscany.

The Ex-Grand Duke of Tuscany was preparing a protest addressed to the European Powers, and a manifesto to the Tuscans, against the flagrant violation of treaties that has taken place.

The Duchess Regent of Parma had appealed to the great Powers to support her protest.

A demonstration had taken place at Rome in honor of the birthday of GARIBALDI. The soldiers dispersed the crowds, and a number of persons were wounded.

AUSTRIA.

The agitation in Hungary continued, and numerous arrests had been made at Pesth.

A new loan of 200,000 florins had been authorized. It is repayable by lottery during fifty-seven years, at 5 per cent.

Letters from Pesth report that many arrests in that city had been made, and revolutionary proclamations are said to have been discovered by the Police.

Many rifled cannon had been recently made in Austria, and were supposed to have been sent to Venetia.

The Austrian Government was raising at home a new loan of 200,000,000 florins, interest at 5 per cent., repayable in fifty-seven years, by means of lottery drawings.

RUSSIA.

Appearances indicated that the opening of navigation would be late this Spring.

PERSIA.

News has been received of the death of the Shah of Persia.

INDIA AND CHINA.

Recent telegraphic dispatches from India mention that the cotton crop in the northwestern provinces will this year be favorable.

The Tussah silk crop on the lowest part of Bengal was expected to prove a partial failure.

A Calcutta dispatch of March 1 reports that the Bank of Bengal had raised the rate of discount 1 per cent. Indigo had advanced five rupees, and was still rising. Exchange, 26½d.

CANTON, Tuesday, Feb. 14.

Tea very active, at unchanged rates. Exchange, 4s. 9½d.@4s. 9¾d.

A collision, ending fatally, took place at Swatow, between the Anglo-Chinese Customs service and a British vessel.

Trade was active at Shanghai. Exchange 6s. ¼d.

Gen. MONTAUBAN, commander of the French forces, had landed at Hong-Kong.

The rebellion is gaining strength in the North.

SAILING OF THE NIAGARA FOR BOSTON.

HALIFAX, Saturday, April 7.

The steamship *Niagara* sailed at 7 P. M. for Boston, where she will be due on Monday morning. Wind North and blowing lightly. Weather clear.

From Havana.

NEWS UNIMPORTANT—HEALTH OF HAVANA—MARKETS.

The steamship *Cahawba* arrived at this port on Saturday morning, from Havana on the 2d inst. There was nothing new in Havana. The Morocco war fever continued. The Miramon excitement was not over, but was mostly confined to rumors.

A difficulty had occurred at Cienfuegos between the crew of the United States steamer *Wyandot* and the night watch of that city. One man belonging to the steamer was killed by the soldiers.

The health of Havana was good. Holy week has caused a general suspension of business.

The Havana *Price Current*, of the 31st, says: Business for the past week has been rather dull; purchasers insisted on further concessions, which only in some cases have been granted. The transactions in the Sugar market have been principally on the basis of 8¾ rials ₱ arrobe, for No. 12 D. S., shippers refusing to pay over 8⅝ rials. The demand for White Sugar for Russia continues; Muscovados quoted at 7 to 8½ rials ₱ arrobe. The stock on hand between Havana and Matanzas is calculated at about 200,000 boxes, against 232,000 and 186,000 same date in 1859 and 1858.

Molasses—6½ to 7 rials, according to quality.

Freights—Remain about the same as last dates.

Exchange—On London, 13 to 13½ premium; on New-York, 2½ to 3½ premium; on New-Orleans, 4 to 4½ premium.

THE BELLE ISLE TELEGRAPH PROJECT.—Among the passengers in the *Bohemian*, which left Portland for Liverpool on Saturday last, were Messrs ALLAN & WOOD, the President and Superintendent of the Montreal Telegraph Company. They go to England on business connected with the projected cable to the Straits of Belle Isle, notice of which has heretofore been taken by the Press. The energy displayed by these gentlemen and their associates in the management of the St. Lawrence, evinces that in their new enterprise they will not be found wanting.

The Mobile *Mercury* has discovered a remarkable coincidence between Mayor WOOD'S late speech at Norwalk, Conn., and the Alabama platform. It "takes some credit to Alabama that such a sound political speech ever found utterance in Connecticut."

FROM WASHINGTON.

An Illinois Scheme for Allaying Slavery Agitation.

Private Bill Day in the House.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, April 8.

Señor MATA, the Mexican Minister, is sojourning with his family in Richmond, Va. Parties interested in the ratification of the Mexican treaty, with one or two exceptions, have entirely ceased their efforts, and the subject appears to have been completely forgotten. The Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs evinces no interest, energy or tact in the Mexican or any other treaty that has been before the Senate. It is said, and with some show of reason, that had he not delayed bringing forward the Nicaragua Treaty until the last day, the probabilities are that it would have been ratified. Whether this is true or not, there is no excuse for leaving such important matters till the last moment. The Mexican Treaty was negotiated Dec. 14, 1859, and if ratified at all it must be ratified within six months, and but little more than sixty days of this time remain. According to present appearances, so far as the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs is concerned, the matwill never receive any particular attention at his hands. The Virginia Senator swells pompously in homespun one day, and in fine broadcloth the next, and is not making himself very useful or agreeable in anything.

There is a slight indication of a disposition to review the Mexican Treaty from the Republican side. It is stated that Senator SIMMONS has an amendment prepared, and that he intends to make an effort to have the matter brought up at the first Executive Session. In order to remove all doubts relative to the working of the reciprocity clause, the Rhode Island Senator proposes to strike out of the list of articles we agree to admit from Mexico, textile fabrics, boots, shoes, iron, tools, &c., articles not produced in Mexico, and insert in place thereof a variety of her native productions, not now included in the reciprocity clause, and such as European nations do not produce. This, so far as it goes, may prove satisfactory to all parties, but if any very material amendments to the Treaty are made by the American Senate, the Constitutional Government will embrace the opportunity to reject it.

It is not true that the Liberals of Vera Cruz were nearly out of ammunition. They had enough to sustain a long seige. MIRAMON never could have taken the place, even with the aid of the Marin steamers, though he might have done great damage to the city. His greatest hope lay in the conspiracy of VIVANCA, which was discovered and thwarted.

BUTTERFIELD'S projected Mexican Gulf Mail steamship line now stands prominently. Leading men of both branches of Congress have come out in its favor.

DELEGATES TO CHARLESTON.

The influx of Charleston delegates renders our hotels unusually lively. There are some here from most of the Northern and Western States, and calculations freely indulged in. One paper, prepared on what is claimed to be reliable authority, gives the nomination to DOUGLAS on the third ballot. It is rumored on the streets that Hon. JOHN SLIDELL is a candidate, but will not be brought forward until after HUNTER, BRECKINRIDGE and LANE have run down, when his New-York friends will start him as a compromise candidate. Mr. DOUGLAS' stock is evidently rising as delegates arrive. The only prevailing idea seems to be to win, and to do this they claim the nomination of DOUGLAS as essential. Gov. RICHARDSON, of Illinois, and Gen. JAMES are among the arrivals this morning.

THE COVODE INVESTIGATION.

Mr. COVODE, I understand, will not press the resolution relative to Mr. SCHELL, as the Committee deem the testimony unimportant. They refer the question to the House only in consequence of the principle involved, and will leave it to the House to settle it without a contest. It will probably be postponed until after Mr. HICKMAN'S report on the President's protest is disposed of. This report will be presented to-morrow, and a lively time is anticipated, as it will be against the President's position. The Committee will have before them to-morrow Messrs. VAN DYKE and PLITT, of Philadelphia. Most of the money contributed in New-York has been traced into the hands of PLITT, and the Committee desire to know in what manner it was disbursed. Mr. VAN DYKE, too, is expected to make a clean breast of it, as he and Mr. BUCHANAN are at loggerheads, and a fierce correspondence lately took place between them, which led to his removal as United States District Attorney. Secretary COBB has been called on for the contracts and correspondence touching the lease of the public stores in New-York. Hon. Mr. BARR will also be called to the stand to testify on this point, as he protested against the transaction at the time. It is said Mr. COBB excused himself for not taking other proposals, on the plea that if he did others still more favorable would in turn come in. The Committee do not think the plea a good one. Mr. WINSLOW, I understand, will demand subpœnas for THURLOW WEED, HORACE GREELY, MOSES GRINNELL, JOHN F. BUTTERWORTH and SIMON DRAPER, that they may furnish the free Fremont programme for Pennsylvania and amount of Republican contributions for electioneering purposes in that State.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Pacific Railroad Committee met yesterday. It was the most important meeting of all. The Curtis bill for a central route was perfected, except as regards the choice of the names of the incorporators. Some twenty resolutions were passed upon. The only matters of importance were the rejection of two resolutions incorporating a southern route; the adoption of an amendment terminating the road at the head of the navigable waters of the Sacramento; and a resolution authorizing the Chairman to report the bill to the House as soon as the names of the incorporators are decided upon. The Committee meet to-morrow morning to complete their work. The bill will probably pass the House. In the Senate the southern route will be attached to it, and it then remains for the House majority to kill the bill, if they are willing to take the responsibility.

There is much anxiety to see the reports and bills from the Committee. Mr. HINDMAN, of Arkansas will submit the majority and minority reports.

THE HARPER'S FERRY WITNESSES.

The decision of the Special Senate Committee no to send for JOHN BROWN, Jr., as a witness, on the ground that the Sergeant-at-Arms has no power to deputize his authority, is an admission of the ground taken by SANBORN, the refractory witness in Massachusetts, and the opinion of Chief Justice SHAW, of that State, on the same point. This necessitates additional legislation to compel the attendance of witnesses.

THE MEXICAN STEAMERS.

Señor TESARA has received dispatches from the Spanish commander in the Mexican Gulf, giving an improved version of late transactions there, and a copy of a protest against American interference with the *Marques de Habana*, which is claimed to be a Spanish vessel. Señor TESARA fully indorses the protest, and has laid the same before the Washington Cabinet, with the intimation that he would await expected instructions from Madrid on the subject. We may anticipate a diplomatic contest with Spain of more than ordinary animation. Q.

From the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 7.

A gentleman has just arrived here from Brownsville, Texas, whose statements corroborate those heretofore received in regard to the outrages perpetrated by CORTINAS and his band of marauders. He says there is no doubt but that CORTINAS is upheld and sustained in his operations by Mexicans who profess to be friendly to the United States. United States forces had determined to put an end to his depredations, and to accomplish this nothing short of capturing him would effect it. The troops had accordingly, on invitation of some friendly Mexicans, crossed the Rio Grande into Mexican territory with the intention of pursuing him, and if possible, capturing him. The next intelligence from there will probably announce his capture.

The Covode Committee called Mr. EVANS, of the NEW-YORK TIMES, before them to-day, to testify where he obtained the statement, published in that paper on Thursday, purporting to be testimony taken before the Committee relative to a correspondence between Messrs. HASKIN and BUTTERWORTH. Mr. EVANS said he obtained it from one of the witnesses, whereupon Mr. BUTTERWORTH has been subpœnaed to reappear before the Committee. Mr. HASKIN will be summoned, and will testify relative to the correspondence between him and Mr. BUTTERWORTH.

The Pacific Railroad Committee had a meeting this morning, and discussed a batch of all kinds of resolutions, favoring railroads from almost every important point on the Atlantic to some point on the Pacific. They were all rejected, and the Committee again agreed upon the plan originally adopted by the Committee, as offered by the Chairman, to construct a central road, starting from two points, one in Iowa and the other in Missouri, to unite within two hundred miles of the Missouri river, which will be somewhere near St. Joseph, in Missouri.

By order of the Secretary of War, a detachment of twenty-six privates, with two sergeants and corporals, under the command of Lieut. MULLIN, detailed from two companies of dragoons at Fort Laramie, have been ordered for service with the expedition under Capt. REYNOLDS, for exploration of the headwaters of the Yellowstone and Missouri rivers. They will leave as soon as the season will permit.

An extra session of the Cabinet was held to-day, to consider what course our Government will pursue in regard to the captured Mexican steamers. The questions involved are of a grave and serious character, touching international law. The law officer of the Government, Judge BLACK, has the matter under consideration. The decision of the Administration will probably be announced early next week.

H. D. MAURY has been appointed Assistant Adjutant-General, *vice* PAGE, deceased.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 7.

Mr. TRUMBULL, of Illinois, (Rep.,) presented a petition of citizens of Illinois, setting forth that great alienation exists in the Union, caused by the discussion of the subject of Slavery in Congress, and they pray that body to recommend to all Legislatures a change in the Constitution for establishing a geographical line through the States and Territories north of which Slavery is to be prohibited, and south of which it is not to be interfered with by Congress or the States.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved that it be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. GREEN, of Missouri, (Dem.)—It affects the Territories, and had better go to that Committee.

Mr. TRUMBULL supposed that as they asked for a change of the Constitution, the Judiciary Committee would be more appropriate. So it was referred to that Committee.

Mr. MASON, of Virginia, (Dem.,) offered a resolution calling on the Post-office Department for all the correspondence with Mr. BROOKS, the late Chicago Postmaster, in relation to the condition of that office. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. GREEN, the bill concerning District Courts of Kansas was taken up and passed.

District of Columbia business was considered, and the Pennsylvania-avenue Railroad bill was debated until a late hour, when, without taking a vote, the Senate went into Executive session.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 7.

The House considered the private calendar, and passed fourteen bills.

Adjourned.

Geographical and Statistical Society.

DEPRESSION OF THE AMERICAN SHORE LINE—THE SELECTION OF OFFICERS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.

Dr. ABRAHAM GESNER lectured before this Association last evening, in Clinton Hall, on "Recent Elevations and Depressions of the Lands of Northern America." The audience was by no means numerous, though it was not wanting in appreciative attention. By way of exhibiting his theory in a popular form, Dr. GESNER made use of a large and admirably drawn map of the Western Hemisphere, on which the course of the Gulf Stream was represented with much accuracy. A sectional view of the coast line of North America was also shown, and did most material service in illustrating the Doctor's views.

Rev. Dr. HAWKS, the President, occupied the Chair. When the preliminary business had been disposed of, according to the rule, Mr. THEOPHILUS FISKE read a report as to the condition of the Library, and its acquisitions during the past three months. From this we ascertain that within the time specified the Society has been presented with 392 volumes, 105 maps, and 273 pamphlets.

Mr. WITTHAUS then read an elaborate correspondence relative to the election of officers for the ensuing year. It recommended Mr. S. B. MORSE for the office of President, Mr. GRINNELL for Vice President for one year, Mr. RUSSELL for Vice-President for two years, and Rev. Dr. THOMPSON for Vice-President for two years. The report was accepted, and the names of the nominees ordered to be posted in the library until the occurrence of the election in May next.

Dr. GESNER was subsequently introduced by the President. In the course of his address he argued that the phenomena now presented by the earth's exterior have had their origin in physical forces which in our day are comparatively quiescent. The continents and large islands were elevated, he said, before the volcanoes which appear on them had broken forth. That changes of level had taken place in lands at a distance from the sea, was certain, but not more certain than that the bottom of the sea was itself subject to such changes. Beginning with New-Jersey, which geological investigation proved to have been once submerged, he proceeded to speak of the geological formation of the Atlantic coast from Maine to Labrador. He thought that the marl and green-sand deposits of New Jersey were produced by the same causes as the chalky soil of England. He concluded from the changes which New-Jersey exhibits in the variations of its surface that its Southern portion has been gradually sinking. From the Gulf of St. Lawrence down to New-Brunswick, and thence to Newfoundland, he displayed the changes which, by the operation of natural forces, had been produced on the coast, and expressed the belief that an examination of the soundings made by the early American navigators along the North American Coast showed indubitably that the floor of the sea had been constantly changing. So, too, by the various fluctuations in the course of rivers, inland, the surface of the earth was changed, and lakes were produced in the depressions into which those rivers ran. In discussing the subject further, the lecturer arrived at the conclusion that many of the elevations and depressions now visible on the earth's surface are due to the sinkings or protrusions of its cool surface—its interior being heated to the point of melting. Finally, he referred to the alleged discrepancy between the Bible narrative of the Creation and the opposing inferences that have been drawn from geological discovery, and declared that he was compelled to the belief that by the six days were meant portions of time so indefinite that they may have extended over millions of years. He denied that geology tended either to scepticism or unbelief.

On taking his seat a unanimous vote of thanks was accorded him, the purport of which was eloquently conveyed by the President.

Mr. FISKE, the General Secretary of the Society, then read an interesting paper, (mainly prepared by Lieut. MAURY,) which had been sent from the Hydrographical office in Washington, and which, so far as it had any practical purport, recommended the establishment of systems of telegraphic meteorology, that is, of communicating from port to port the state of the weather.

The *Democratic Standard*, Concord, N. H. hoists the standard of DANIEL S. DICKINSON, "as our first choice for the Presidency, subject to the decision of the National Convention."

FROM ALBANY.

Passage of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad Subsidy.

Defeat of the City Hall Bill.

ALBANY, Saturday, April 7.

The vote yesterday on the Brooklyn Ferry bill was considered as the final overthrow of that measure this session. The friends of the bill will probably not attempt to revive it.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Saturday, April 7.

Mr. GOSS made a majority report in favor of amending the Constitution so as to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The bills to divide the Sixth Judicial District, New-York, and amend the State Prison law, were ordered to a third reading.

The New-York City Hall bill was lost, ayes 11, noes 15.

The bill imposing a quarter of a mill tax to aid in the construction of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad was announced from the Assembly.

Mr. RAMSEY moved to concur in the amendments made by the Assembly.

Motion carried by 17 to 12, so the bill was finally passed, and goes to the Governor for his signature.

Mr. MUNROE presented a majority report in favor of abolishing the office of Almshouse Governor.

Mr. SPINOLA vigorously opposed the adoption of the report.

Messrs. HAMMOND and COLVIN also opposed the report. The latter moved that the report be referred back to the Committee on Poor Laws, and that the Committee have power to sit during the session, with power also to send for persons and papers.

Motion adopted by 15 to 11.

This disposes of the question this session.

The Senate concurred in the amendments of the House to the Canal bill, thus finally disposing of the Chenango and long locks.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Friday, April 7.

The report of the Grinding Committee coming up for the agreement of the House, Mr. BARNETT moved to strike out from the report the Senate Insolvent bill.

After a debate, the motion was lost—53 to 57.

The consideration of the Supply bill was then resumed.

EVENING SESSION.

The bill to amend the Metropolitan Police bill was reported complete.

Mr. WEBSTER desired to know if the report was unanimous.

Mr. CONKLING stated that the report was not signed by Mr. GOVER.

A number of other bills were reported complete, among them one to reorganize the Harbor Masters' Department.

Mr. BUTLER reported a bill to amend the Excise law.

The Supply bill was again taken up, and a large number of amendments made.

The pending motion was to order the bill to a third reading, when a 9 o'clock the House adjourned.

GOSSIP ABOUT LEGISLATION.

THE SUPPLY BILL IN THE HOUSE—ECONOMY THE RULE, EXTRAVAGANCE THE EXCEPTION—CITY RAILROADS IN THE SENATE—THE ALBANY AND SUSQUEHANNA PASSED—THE ALMSHOUSE AND CITY HALL BILLS DEAD—THE BROOKLYN PARKS LAID OUT FOR A TIME, BUT NOT FOR ALL TIME—THE CANAL BILL PASSED WITHOUT THE CHEMUNG EXTENSION, ETC., ETC.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Saturday, April 7, 1860.

The House, last evening and this morning, considered the Supply bill. The rule of economy prevailed, and but few additions were made to the items reported by the Committee of Ways and Means. The exceptions were in favor of the officers, page boys, etc., etc., of the two houses.

The Senate, you will recollect, made the City Railroad bills the special order for last evening.

The majority heard and considered all the amendments which the minority had to propose—*and voted them down.* The majority listened patiently—very patiently—to all that the minority had to say, and then ordered the bills to a third reading. So you see there was no indecent haste—no choking down of debate, no cutting off propositions to amend—but all was done quietly and in order, as befitted the importance of the subject and the dignity of the Senate. Much better, was it not, than the hurry-skurry with which the "Gridiron" was put over the legislative coals?

This morning the Senate was a battle-field indeed. The contest opened between Messrs. SPINOLA and LAPHAM, on a motion made by the latter to recommit the bill to provide for laying out Parks in Brooklyn. After an animated contest, the bill was recommitted.

Then the friends and opponents of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad entered the lists—the bill to facilitate the construction of that road coming up from the Assembly, for concurrence in the amendments limiting the amount appropriated to $350,000, instead of $1,000,000. Mr. HAMMOND, who voted for the million readily enough, could not go for the fraction, and made an adroit speech against concurring. Mr. FIERO did the same, and ditto Mr. LAPHAM. Mr. RAMSEY replied on behalf of the road, expressing his thankfulness for the pittance, and Mr. ROYCE made one of those frank, manly, open-hearted appeals which none like him can make, because none so like him talk earnestly and warmly for what he thinks is right. The amendments were concurred in, ayes 19, noes 11. The puzzle is, will the Governor sign this bill? He vetoed one last year. This year he said "he would sign," if there was a constitutional vote for it. So you will see the doubt turns upon what is a constitutional vote. Some say 65 to 17—they are the friends of the bill. Some say 87 to 22—they, it is needless to say, are its opponents. The Governor will probably refer the case to the Attorney-General, and let him solve the doubt. I think the fact that time brings the Presidential contest within the next seven months will have quite a bearing on the decision.

The third battle was between Senator SPINOLA on the one side, and the Republican Party on the other. The pugnacious Senator from Brooklyn took a fancy to have the bill to abolish the Board of Ten Governors recommitted to the Committee on Poor Laws, with instructions to investigate the institutions under the control of the Ten Governors, and report to the next Legislature. As the bill had been ordered to a third reading, you will note that this motion of Senator SPINOLA'S was quite a change of the programme. Nevertheless he carried it through, by a vote of Ayes, 15; Noes, 11; and so ends the crusade against the Governors, who are at liberty to entertain the Committee, and go on their way rejoicing that they have beat the Republican Party in a Senate where they have fourteen majority.

The City Hall bill, amended so as to build a capitol in Madison-square, came up for a third reading. It was lost—ayes 15, noes 11. Each of the New-York Senators voted for it.

The Canal bill came up for concurrence in the amendments made by the Assembly, striking out Long Locks and Chenango Extension. The bill appropriates only what is necessary to complete the Erie, the Oswego, the Champlain, the Genesee Valley and the Cayuga and Seneca. The Senate concurred with the House, notwithstanding the opposition of the Railroads. I judge that the Railroads were opposed, from the fact that Senator HAMMOND announced the result as conclusive evidence that the Railroads did not own the Senate.

This closed the day's work—the most important in producing results that has been held this session.

LEO.

MURDER IN IOWA—ESCAPE OF THE MURDERER. An Iowa correspondent of the Chicago *Journal* says: The particulars of a deed of outrage and murder, which occurred near Ottumwa, Iowa, are agitating the people along the line of the railroad from here to Ottumwa. Week before last two strange men, with a young woman of very interesting appearance, arrived at Ottumwa in a double wagon. The men pretended that the young woman was a sister, but, while stopping at a hotel over night, it became evident from their actions that they were her seducers, and she their miserable victim. On Friday morning the body of a young woman was found in the Des Moines River, dead, and bearing evidences of having been foully murdered, her skull being broken in, and finger-marks being visible upon her throat. It was afterwards discovered that she had been murdered in a field, about a mile from Ottumwa, a board covered with blood and human hair being found there, as well as pools of blood on the ground. They, no doubt, murdered her there, and then conveyed the body to the river, and cast it into the stream. A warrant was arrested next day, but it turned out that man was arrested next day, but it turned out that he was not one of the two who were seen with the woman. At last accounts a party was scouring the country west of Ottumwa, in pursuit of the murderers. It seems that the young woman answered to the name of Dora—that from conversation at Ottumwa it is probable that she was from Rockford, Illinois.

DIFFICULTY AT DR. CHEEVER'S.

Two Sets of Trustees claiming Seats.

PROSPECTS OF A LEGAL CONTEST.

The readers of the TIMES who recollect the full and exclusive report of the transactions of the last annual meeting of Dr. Cheever's Church (Society), that appeared in this paper on the morning succeeding that meeting, will remember that the triumph of Dr. Cheever's friends in the election of Trustees was announced as having been effected by a majority of two votes. It now appears that subsequent to the meeting, and before having certified to the result, the deacons, W. H. SMITH and G. H. WHITE, who presided as inspectors of election, became satisfied that illegal votes had been cast by Dr. Cheever's friends. The deacons therefore gave the certificates of election to two of the anti-Cheever Trustees, who, not counting the illegal votes, they decided to have been elected.

The Deacons had been notified not to certify to the election of trustees, by a large and influential portion of the Society, and immediately after the election were served with affidavits which went to show the character of the votes, which, it is claimed, left them no alternative but to give the certificates as though no illegal votes had been cast. It appeared to them that some of those who voted for Dr. CHEEVER'S friends were not eligible, from non-compliance with the by-laws. These by-laws require that the voter shall have paid pew-rent, and have attended the Church for one year preceding the election. The investigation showed that some of Dr. CHEEVER'S voters had not paid pew-rent to the Treasurer, but held receipts from Dr. CHEEVER himself, as a creditor of the Society. It is alleged that Dr. CHEEVER gave these receipts to those who paid nothing—thus giving or lending them the money to vote. On the other hand, Dr. CHEEVER'S friends say that the receipts were given on behalf of the Treasurer, and that, Dr. CHEEVER'S salary being in arrears, he had a right to give them. To this it is replied that none but the Treasurer could collect moneys, and that no payments were legal unless to him, or to some one authorized by him to give receipts; and that Dr. CHEEVER'S undertaking to collect his salary in this way was like an attempt would be on the part of a ferrymaster, or conductor on a railroad car, to stop payment of salaries from moneys belonging to their employers passing through their hands, or like the claim of any creditor of the Society would be to collect debts and give receipts on behalf of the Society.

At all events, the Deacons decided that they could not properly certify to the election of Trustees by the alleged illegal votes, and gave the certificates to C. R. HARVEY and C. B. TOMPKINS, in substance as follows:

"At a meeting of the Society of the Church of the Puritans, held Monday evening, March 12, to fill the vacancies in the Board of Trustees, sixty-four votes were cast, of which—HENRY A. HART, T. J. HALL and W. E. WHITNEY received 33 votes each; C. R. HARVEY and C. B. TOMPKINS received 31 votes each; JAMES O. BENNETT received 27 votes, and THOMAS ROUNDEY received 3 votes—and we so announced the result at the time. But immediately thereafter, and before certifying to the same, evidence of a conclusive and satisfactory nature came before us, proving that six illegal votes were cast, containing the names of Messrs. HART, WHITING and HALL. We therefore certify that Messrs. HARVEY and TOMPKINS received a plurality, and a majority of the legal votes cast, and are entitled to serve for three years from the 31st of March, and that no choice was made for the third vacancy in the Board of Trustees."

The Cheever party, whose trustees would be prevented from taking their seats should these certificates be allowed, maintained that the announcement on the evening of election ended the duties of the Inspectors, and that they could not subsequently alter the result. They have procured the opinions of Messrs. W. C. NOYES and WM. TRACY, sustaining their views.

The Anti-Cheever party, however, have taken counsel also with Mr. W. M. EVARTS, it is said, who, by the way, helped to make the by-laws, and to found the Church. They claim that the construction of the by-laws most in accordance with their spirit is, that the certificate of the Deacons who presided at the election must entitle the holder to a seat in the Board of Trustees as *de facto* a member thereof, and that if any wanted to question that right it must be done by injunction or *quo warranto*. They say also that this opinion of Mr. NOYES does not touch the question of illegal votes, or the important one of the usage and custom of Church elections.

Such was the state of the case on Saturday evening when the first meeting of the new Board of Trustees took place. If the CHEEVER trustees were admitted, that party would have a majority in the Board, while if the Anti-Cheever party were admitted the contrary would be the case. Last year the Board stood five Anti-Cheever to two CHEEVER, and it will be remembered strongly condemned the appeal for British aid, as well as the taxing of non-attending pew-holders, on the ground that the Church was abundantly able to pay its debts. The policy of the CHEEVER party, on the contrary, was to get all the British aid they could, and reëstablish the taxing of the non-attending pew-holders, with a view, it is charged, of getting the Church property out of the hands of the heaviest owners.

But the Anti-Cheever Trustees would hold over without some overt act to prevent it, so the Cheever men obtained an injunction from a Judge of the Superior Court, restraining the holders of the certificates from performing the duties of Trustees until a week from to-day, when they were required to show cause why the injunction should not be continued. This will bring the discussion fairly into the courts, and there is no telling where it will end. It is possible that the Cheever party may get a taste of injunctions next time, so that there is a possibility of lively times. The remaining two of the Anti-Cheever Trustees, whose terms are yet unexpired, withdrew from the Board, leaving the Cheever men to organize alone.

Enterprise of the New-York City Press—Pro Rata to the Rescue.

From the Buffalo Courier.

The *Herald*, TIMES and *Tribune* have contracted with the Hudson River Railroad

LAW REPORTS.

MURDER ON THE HIGH SEAS.

Trial of George Dower in the United States Circuit Court—Before Judge Smalley.

George Dower, second mate of the packet ship *Devonshire*, was put on trial, charged with the murder of a seaman named Humphreys on board the ship while on her passage from this port to London.

Mr. Dwight conducted the case for the prosecution, and Judge Stewart and Mr. Ridgway for the defence.

Henry Shepard, one of the crew, was put on the stand, and testified that he was one of the crew, and remembered when Humphreys was lost overboard; it was the night of the 18th December last; we were reefing the main top-sail; I was in the slings of the yard, on the weather side, and the defendant and Humphreys were on the lee side, which was the port side; the wind was blowing fresh and the vessel was heaving over; Dower told Humphreys to lay down on deck, and kicked him; Humphreys came down within our reach of the top; Dower followed him and told him to go on deck; Humphreys said he could not do others were in the way going round the top, and Dower told him to get on the backstay; he did so, and then Dower struck him in the face, standing above him in the rigging; when he was struck he fell on to the crane line, about six feet; I saw Dower shake the stays and saw Humphreys fall; I should think from the angle he must have cleared the vessel; Dower struck him before he began to descend; it is very dangerous for any one who is not a good sailor to descend the lee backstays; there was no cry of "man overboard"; the ship was not hove to nor any boat lowered; the ship could have been hove to, but a boat could not have been lowered without danger; we were running eight miles an hour; it was a moonlight-clouded night; there was a heavy sea running; I came down on deck immediately and left Dower on the rigging; it was known who was overboard when all hands were called about a quarter of an hour after; I knew who it was when he fell, but I did not say anything about who it was when the crew was mustered; Humphreys appeared well when he came on board; but two days before the 8th I saw his side and it was all black and blue; I saw Dower beat and kick him frequently before the 8th; there were no vessels in sight when this occurred, and we spoke none during the voyage; we were at this time 800 to 1,000 miles from any land; I never saw Humphreys after he fell; the ship went to London and the defendant was sent home by the Consul, and I also.

Cross-examined—Dower struck Humphreys with his fist, but I can't say which fist; Dower was holding on to the topmast-rigging; I was 15 or 16 feet from them; the backstays always have considerable motion, and a man on them would sway with the rolling of the ship; I saw Dower shake the stays; he was standing on the rigging, and shook the stays with one hand; a man could not give the stays a great deal of motion, but he could assist; he could shake so as to inconvenience a man coming down; Dower did not say anything when the man fell off; I did not swear before the Commissioner that Dower had no difficulty with Humphreys before this; there was no particular notice taken of the affair after it was discovered who fell; some were talking about a man being overboard when I came down; after the man went over, the Captain gave orders to set a sail before the crew were mustered; I don't know whether he knew there was one overboard; I made a complaint in England; defendant was arrested about three weeks after our arrival; defendant always treated me well; Humphreys was more like a landsman than a seaman; I said nothing about my seeing it at the time; I told one of the crew named Fox about it a few days before we got to London; I did not tell him before, because I did not want the Captain or the second mate to know I knew anything about it; I mentioned it to him more by accident than anything else; I made a complaint as soon as we got ashore; we arrived Saturday, and on Monday I went to the Consul.

Another of the crew named Fox gave an account of the affair, corresponding mainly with that given by Shepard. Fox was also on the yard, and testified to the kick, the blow and the fall. He testified also to great abuse of Humphreys on the part of Dower on several occasions previously, and that while Dower was beating him on one occasion, he said he would murder him.

Another of the crew, named Blodgett, testified that he was on deck at the time and saw Humphreys fall; that he slid a little ways on the stay, and then fell parallel with it; that he fell clear of the vessel into the water, and disappeared; that he did not know who it was until the crew were mustered. He further testified: I heard the defendant speak about it some five minutes after; some of the crew said a man was overboard, and Dower said, no, it was only a man's hat; Dower had ill used Humphreys; I saw him strike him the day after we left New-York; two nights before this affair I heard a heavy body fall on deck, and heard Humphreys' voice calling to defendant not to kill him; I think he said, "Don't kill me, for God's sake!" defendant said, "I will kill you, you son of a bitch," and then I heard blows for four or five minutes; I heard Dower tell two of the boys that he had sent No. 5 fishing, and would send some of them after him if they did not mind themselves; Humphreys was called No. 5 on board; I heard Dower tell Humphreys that he would drown him before he got to London, and at another time that he would kill him.

The prosecution then proved the *Devonshire* to be an American vessel, and rested their case.

Mr. Ridgway called upon the District-Attorney to call, also, a witness named Goff, who was examined before the Commissioner, and whose testimony was favorable to the defence. The Judge said that the defence could call him; that counsel well knew that such a motion could not be granted by the Court, and the motion was made to influence the jury, which proceeding must not be taken.

Mr. Ridgway then opened the case for the prosecution, and called as a witness the first mate of the *Devonshire*, William W. Urquhart, who said: I remember the loss overboard of this man; first saw him on the backstays; was on deck, between the main and mizzen masts; I saw him coming down rapidly; he fetched up on the crane line, and stopped there ten or fifteen seconds; his arms and legs were twisted round the stay; he then cleared himself of the crane line, and came down very rapidly, all the way clinging to the backstay; he must have struck heavily on the channels, which knocked him overboard; while he was coming down, I cautioned him about coming down in that way; told him to look out for himself; when I saw he must go overboard, I ran to leeward, and when I got to the rail he had just struck the water; I ran aft, and threw a life-buoy over to him, it would not have been proper to heave to; it was blowing half a gale, and a heavy sea was on, and the man would have been drowned before we got the ship to; we found out who was missing when the crew was mustered; the stay was eleven inches round; I don't think the defendant could have shaken it so as to shake the man off; it might assist; Humphreys stopped an instant after I cautioned him; he stopped on the crane line because he had to; he forced himself from it as any one would; a man standing in the slings on the weather side could not see what happened on the back-stays at the crane line; Humphreys came down in the usual way; he was a very awkward sailor; never saw Dower abuse the deceased; it was very dangerous to come down as he did; the lee-backstay would have a motion of about a foot.

Thomas Anderson, the master of the *Devonshire*, testified to seeing the occurrence; that deceased fetched up on the crane-line heavily on his feet; then got clear of the crane line and slipped down very fast; when he got about half way down he seemed to lose hold of the stay by his hand, but his legs were round it, and I ran there, thinking I could catch him, but before I got there he struck the main channels and fell over backward into the sea; I saw the man step from the yard on the rigging and then on the backstay; there was no one in the lee-topmast rigging at the time; the nearest person was as much as eight feet from him; ten or fifteen seconds after the man went overboard I saw Dower coming down the weather rigging; he could not have got there at that time if he had been in the topmast rigging with Humphreys; Dower was a kind officer on board; I never saw him strike Humphreys, and heard no complaints from him; never heard the witnesses for the prosecution say anything about it on board; Dower was arrested three weeks after our arrival; the testimony in the case came out in the papers two or three days after we arrived; that was the first I heard of it; defendant remained on board after that till his arrest; there was nothing to prevent him from going away.

Cross-examined—I ran to the side of the ship when I saw him lose his hold, and then ran aft to the house, to throw over a life-buoy, but the mate was ahead of me, and threw it over, and I then turned right around and came back to the weather-rigging, and there saw the defendant; we were then about two hundred miles from Sable Island; I saw a ship three days before, but did not speak her; when I saw the defendant, I asked him if he knew who it was overboard, and he said he did not.

Re-direct—A man standing in the topmast rigging could not shake the backstay with one hand so as to shake a man off.

James A. Rauson, one of the crew, testified that he stood on deck by the main topsail halliards, on the weather side, with his hand on the reef-cheek and looking up; that he saw the man coming down the backstay, and he made a stop at the crane-line, and cleared his legs; stopped there not more than a second or two, then slid down very fast till he got to the channels, and then went over backwards; he did not lose hold of the backstay; next saw the defendant a third of the way down the weather-rigging, not more than a minute or a minute and a half after the man was at the crane-line; the man could not more than have struck the water then; it would take a man eight or ten minutes to get there from the topmast rigging, if he was a smart man; never saw the defendant abuse Humphreys; I was an able seaman on board.

The testimony of the defence was here closed, and the Court adjourned.

The Marine Court City Judgments.

MOTION FOR INJUNCTION.

Martin vs. *The Mayor, &c., and three other cases.*—These were judgments originally rendered in the Marine Court, transcripts of which were filed in the Clerk's office of the Common Pleas, thus taking them into that Court upon appeal.

It will be remembered that the Comptroller interfered and moved that they be set aside, upon the allegation that they were obtained by collusion and fraud. The Court of Common Pleas refused the motion to open up the judgments, holding that that Court should not interfere where it only became cognizant of the judgment by the mere filing of a transcript with the Clerk.

The same, or a similar motion was then made in the Marine Court, which was made before Judge MAYNARD, who refused to set aside the judgments, upon the ground that the Common Pleas had repeatedly held that the Marine Court could not open judgments obtained in that (the Marine) Court, except in cases where judgment had been obtained upon default. It being, therefore, apparently impossible to get these judgments vacated, motion was now made on the part of the Comptroller, before Judge DALY, at the Special Term of the Common Pleas, for an order that the plaintiff in each case show cause why a perpetual injunction should not issue in each case to forever restrain them from further prosecuting these suits.

Decision reserved.

Wm. C. Noyes for motion.

LAW AND PUGILISM—THE ASSAULT ON BILLY MULLIGAN.

The People vs. *John Morrissey*.—It will be well remembered that Morrissey, the notorious pugilist, was some time since indicted for assault and battery with intent to kill, upon the person of his equally celebrated brother-striker Billy Mulligan. It may not be as well known, but it is as certainly true, that the offender was arraigned and held to bail in the sum of $300, to appear at the General Sessions for trial upon the charge. Mulligan has since gone to Europe, and so has Morrissey, and from the fact that Morrissey went, his bail, William P. Powers, was made responsible by the District-Attorney, and judgment was obtained against him for the $300.

A motion was now made before Judge DALY, at the Special term of the Common Pleas, for an order vacating that judgment, upon the ground of irregularity of the several processes against Morrissey.

It was stated by Counsel for Powers, that upon the solicitation of Mr. Busteed, Counsel for Mulligan, Mulligan was permitted to go to Europe by the District-Attorney; but even though Morrissey obtained a certificate from Dr. Horace Green that it was necessary for him to go abroad for his health, (which certificate was produced in Court), still the District-Attorney was not willing that Morrissey should be absent, but must needs proceed upon his bond. Counsel said that Mr. Waterbury had acknowledged these statements to be true, and indulged in some very spirited remarks in regard to the "*dictatorial*" manner in which the District-Attorney had acted. Counsel urged that the process against Morrissey was irregular, because no summons had ever been served upon the defendant, and because the bond did not set forth, as it was necessary it should, where and when the offender should appear for trial. It only said that he should appear at the Court of Sessions, and that was all.

To this Mr. Waterbury answered that the trial had been once postponed, and that that was the reason of the apparent lack of particulars given. Mr. Waterbury responded to counsel for Powers in a similar spirit. After reply, the Court reserved decision.

John McKeon for motion; Nelson J. Waterbury opposed.

Duty on Caustic Soda—Similitude.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, APRIL 6—BEFORE JUDGE SMALLEY.

Benjamin H. Field vs. *Augustus Schell*.—This was an action against the defendant as Collector of this port, to recover back duties amounting to about $600, imposed by the defendant upon a quantity of caustic soda imported by the plaintiff in the year 1859, which duties were paid by him under protest. Caustic soda is not mentioned in the Tariff act of 1857, and the Collector thereupon imposed a duty upon this importation of fifteen per cent., which, by the first section of the Tariff act of 1857, is imposed upon all non-enumerated articles. The plaintiff, on the contrary, claimed that the article was liable only to a duty of four per cent. under the twentieth section of the act of 1842, which provides that on every non-enumerated article which bears a similitude either in material, quality, texture, or the use to which it may be applied, to any enumerated article chargeable with duty, there shall be charged the same rate of duty which is levied and charged on the enumerated article which it most resembles in any of the above particulars, because caustic soda held such a similitude to soda ash which is charged with a duty of four per cent. This similitude was proved by the plaintiff.

The Judge said that if the question were a new one, he should have some doubt whether the twentieth section of the act of 1842 were not overruled by the subsequent statutes, but that the question had been already decided by the Supreme Court in the case of Stewart vs. Maxwell in 16 Howard, and in a case before Judge Giles, in Maryland, the doctrine had been applied to this very article of caustic soda. He charged the jury, therefore, that if they found the similitude spoken of in the statue to exist between caustic soda and soda ash, they must find for the plaintiff, which the jury accordingly did.

For plaintiff, Messrs. McKeon and Smyth; for defendant, Judge Roosevelt and Mr. Hunt.

Decisions.

RANNEY J.—*Schubbord* vs. *Hartan*.—Motion denied.

Eggleston vs. *Hubbell*.—Order granted.

SUTHERLAND J.—*Bravers* vs. *Betts*.—Case settled.

Barkwal vs. *Sagre*.—Motion granted in part, with $10 costs.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

MONCRIEF J.—*McDowell* vs. *Second Avenue Railroad Company*.—If all costs and fees are paid their judgment vacated. Otherwise motion denied, with $7 costs.

Calendar.... MONDAY, April 9.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 19, 97, 98, 99, 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 116, 118, 89.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 325, 203, 737, 809, 843, 905, 505, 301, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 971, 973, 978. *Part II.*—Nos. 588, 730, 664, 4651, 736, 4,096, 770, 772, 774, 776, 782, 790, 792, 794, 798, 800, 806, 808, 810, 812, 816.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 191, 85, 241, 247, 249, 250, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 259, 261, 269. *Part II.*—Nos. 190, 192, 94, 258, 260, 264, 265, 266, 270, 274, 276, 278, 280, 288, 290, 298.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1880, 1855, 1856, 1730, 1826, 1652, 1847, 1861, 1799, 1763, 402, 1851, 1641, 1587, 1588, 329. *Part II.*—Nos. 1862, 132, 35, 1891, 1894, 1895, 1904, 1868, 1354, 310, 311, 343, 1569, 1646, 1710, 1871.

The Connecticut Election.

THE IMMENSE VOTE AND THE DEMOCRATIC SWINDLERS.

From the New-Haven Palladium, April 5.

The largest vote ever polled in Connecticut before was in the Presidential election in 1856, when the total was 80,325. The natural increase in Connecticut in four years, as shown by tables of the vote for twenty years past, is about four thousand, and we have no doubt that from three to four thousand illegal and fraudulent votes were cast for the Locofoco ticket on Monday last. The largest Republican vote ever before polled was in 1856, when FREMONT had 42,715; BUCHANAN has 44,483, showing about half the natural increase. But the largest Democratic vote ever polled was for PRATT in 1859—38,369. Allowing half the natural increase, and the legal Democratic vote would be about 40,000. Instead of that, 43,874 were polled on Monday, another indication that nearly four thousand fraudulent votes were cast for that ticket.

The localities in which the Locofoco vote was increased gives another indication of the means employed. In all the cities the Loco vote increased beyond all honest possibility. In New-Haven the increase is 1,122—very nearly 50 per cent. in one year! and this in the face of the regular and natural Republican increase of 349! If any man thinks that this increase of 50 per cent. is honest, let him look at Bridgeport, where the Loco increase is about 300, or 33 per cent., or at Hartford, where the Loco increase is about 700—33 per cent. in face of a regular Republican gain, or at Middletown, where the Locos gained nearly 200, and Portland, where they gained 50 per cent.!

A similar comparison of the votes in towns all along the lines of Railroad, or routes from New-York City, shows very accurately just where the Wood regiment of shoulder-hitters located. And yet, in spite of these most shameful and outrageous villainies, the Republicans have swept old Connecticut again.

The earnings of the Auburn Prison during the month of March were as follows: Contract earnings, $7,963 73; Miscellaneous earnings, $302 73; total, $8,266 46. Ordinary expenses, $6,031 29. Earnings over expenditures, $2,235 17.

LECTURES.

HON. JOHN SHERMAN,
OF OHIO,

Will lecture at the Cooper Institute, before the Young Men's Republican Union, on FRIDAY, April 13, at 8 P. M. Tickets 25 cents. Seats reserved for ladies.

LECTURE.—REV. WM. H. MILLBURN WILL deliver his lecture, *What a Blind Man Saw in England*, on MONDAY EVENING, April 9, in the Brooklyn Tabernacle, (Rev. W. A. Bartlett's,) Fulton-av., near Boyce-st. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture to commence at 8. Tickets 25 cents. To be had at W. W. Swain's Bookstore, No 210 Fulton-st.; W. W. Ross's, No. 142 Atlantic st.; Rev. Mr. Clark's Methodist Bookstore, No. 27 Fulton-av., and at the door.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

A QUARTERLY MEETING OF THE MARINE SOCIETY of New York will be held on MONDAY EVENING, April 9, at 8 o'clock, at the United States Hotel, corner of Fulton and Water sts. Punctual attendance is earnestly requested.
JOSEPH TINKHAM, Secretary.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FARMERS' CLUB meets at the rooms of the Institute, corner of 8th-st. and 4th-av., on MONDAY, April 9, at noon. Subjects—*Corn Planting, Spring Planting, Pruning.* Ladies and strangers are always especially welcome. Admission is always free to all.
H. MEIGS, Secretary.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL.—AN AMERICAN GENTLEman of spotless character and the highest respectability, in the vigor of manhood, (forty-seven,) but never married, with a good presence and affectionate disposition of Christian principles, liberal education and refined tastes and manners, having an individual maintenance, and residing in this City, desires to form a mutual attachment, in view of wedlock, with some congenial young lady, (an orphan preferred,) or young widow unincumbered. She must be of a respectable family, and also be prepossessing, warm hearted, affluent and refined. Address, with full and truthful particulars, in good faith, F. N. D., New-York Post-office.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—INFORMATION OF MICHAEL McGRAVY, who came from Montreal here about 10 years ago. Address his brother, JOHN McGRAVY, at French's Hotel, New-York City.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S,

These celebrated cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner Bond-st.

JAMES LITTLE, MERCHANT TAILOR, has removed to No. 646 Broadway, one door above Bleecker-st., where he will conduct solely a gentlemen's custom trade.

MUSICAL.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.,
OVERSTRUNG PIANOS.

We are now offering a full assortment of pianofortes, all of which are of our own manufacture, and warranted in every respect. By permission, we refer to the undersigned parties, who, from personal experience for many years, can recommend our instruments, both as to their quality and durability:

Winslow, Lanier & Co	E. D. Morgan & Co.
Cary, Howard, Sanger & Co,	Colgate & Co.
Bowen, Holmes & Co.	J. H. Ransom & Co.
Brokaw, Butler & Co.	Betts, Nichols & Co.
Hazleburst & Smith.	Sheldon, Hoyt & Co.
Thomas Owen & Son.	Joseph Foulkes' Sons.
Merrick & Bull.	Ivison & Phinney.

And others.

Warerooom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway.

DEPOT OF THE ALEXANDRE ORGAN, for churches, chapels, schools and drawing-rooms, NO 283 BROADWAY.
Sole Medal of Honor at the Universal Exhibition of 1855.

This magnificent instrument (patented in the United States May 3 1859) which the brilliant performances of THALBERG, VILANOVA, Mlle. WELLIS, have rendered as popular in America as in Europe, has been adopted by the greatest artists and composers of both continents—GOTTSCHALK, LISTZ, ROSSINI MEYERBEER, &c., &c. The Alexandre Organ is celebrated for the solidity and precision of its mechanism, as well as for the fullness and power of its tones, and the remarkable quality of keeping perfectly in tune in all climates. Prices at the depot: $45, $50, $100, $160, $185, $225, $260, $300, $340, $400. A descriptive circular sent to any address, on application to
BERNARD & FABREGUETTES, Jr.,
No. 203 Broadway Importers of Busson Accordeons, Violins, Violin-strings, &c.

1828. T. H. CHAMBERS' PIANOS. 1859.
Established in 1828.
Formerly Dubois & Stodart & Dubois, Bacon & Chambers, Bible House, corner of 8th-st. and 4th-av., opposite the Cooper Institute, New-York.
IMPROVED OVERSTRUNG, IRON FRAME, PIANOS.

An elegant overstrung, iron frame, 7-octave, carved Piano $385.

One elegant overstrung, iron frame, double round Piano $300.

Second-hand Pianos, in good repair, at $75, $85, $95, $100, $110, $125, $135, $150 and $175.

Pianos hired. Allowance on hire if purchased.

CHICKERING & SONS,
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE and UPRIGHT PIANOS.
Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway.

C. & Sons have been awarded Thirty five Prize Medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.

Also, for sale:
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR MELODEONS and HARMONIUMS.
For Parlors, Churches, Vestries and Lodges.
At Wholesale and Retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

JOHN B. DUNHAM.
ESTABLISHED IN 1834,
Manufacturer of
THE OVER-STRUNG
GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES,
Manufactory and Warerooms
Nos. 75 to 85 East 13th st.
Near Broadway, New-York.

Purchasers may rely upon these instruments. They are warranted for five years, and the prices moderate.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, ALEXANDRE ORgans, and all kinds of musical instruments, sheet music, music books, and all kinds of musical merchandise, at the lowest possible prices. Second-hand pianos at great bargains, from $25 to $150. Pianos and melodeons to rent, and rent allowed, if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same.
HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway.

A 6 3-4 OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO, Piesson's make, but little used, will be sold very low for cash. A 7-octave, Pyne's make, for $125. Twenty rosewood and mahogany 6 and 6½ octave pianos very cheap $50 to $110. Pianos and Melodeons to let, or sold on installments. T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway, corner Grand-st.

PIANO-FORTE FOR SALE—FULL 7-OCTAVE in rich rosewood case, full round corners, mouldings, full iron plate, richly ornamented, high, brilliant tone, made by best City makers, fully warranted, and is without spot or blemish; in use only four months; cost $300; will be sold for $210 cash. Apply at No. 676 6th-av., near 39th-st., from 7 A. M. till 7 P. M., for three days. An object made for cash.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS, long known as the best Pianos made, PRATT'S MELODEONS. Good second-hand pianos very low. Pianos and Melodeons to let.
T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway.
Marble Building, corner Grand-st.

HAZLETON BROS., PIANO-FORTE MANufacturers, No. 90 Prince-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full-toned Pianos, at the lowest rates. Warranted to give satisfaction; guaranteed for three years.

BANJO TAUGHT.—BANJO TAUGHT AT THE pupil's residence in New-York or Brooklyn, making the pupil a proficient in a course of lessons, $5. Single lessons 50 cents. Address G. C. D., Box No. 208 Times Office.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF BAKMORE'S IMproved over-strung premium pianos, pronounced unrivaled by the best judges, and warranted for three years, at wareroom No. 348 Bleecker st., at great bargains. 7 octave, for $160, $165 and $180.

ALBERT WEBER'S OVERSTRUNG grand-action iron-frame piano-fortes unsurpassed in sweetness and power, beauty and durability. Warranted for 3 years. 158 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

AT WALKER'S WAREROOMS, CLINTON Hall, Astor-place and 8th-st., near Broadway a large stock of horizontal and upright pianos, new and 2d hand, for sale and hire. Hire allowed on purchase.

A. H. GALE & CO., PIANO-FORTERS, NO. 107 East 12th-st., invite attention to their new Scale Pianos. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

MUSICAL.—A LADY FROM CONNECTICUT desires a situation in a family where as instructor in music and the English branches she may receive a small compensation, besides board; a good home most desirable. The best of references given. She also solicits a place as soprano singer in some Protestant Church. Inquire of T. F. BRINSMADE, No. 36 Parkrow, with Scoville Manufacturing Company.

MISCELLANEOUS

SECRET NEWSPAPER CIRCULAR.

BEGGING SYSTEMATICALLY.

An advertising customer sends us a curious circular, to which his card, taken from the *Express*, is attached. The circular says:

"We would be glad to receive an order to insert your advertisement in our paper."

* * * * * * *

"The peculiar advantages furnished by the *Evening Post* as an advertising medium, are that *it has a larger circulation than any other evening paper*," (among those) "who are attracted to it by the reliability of its market reports, and the high tone of its editorial comments."

The "high tone" and "reliability" of the *Post* certainly do not extend to a drumming circular like this. Its circulation is not larger than any other evening paper, and is NOT ONE-THIRD AS LARGE as the *Evening Express*,—as can be proved to the satisfaction of any one who will prosecute the inquiry.

We don't object to this practice of asking for business where it is needed, except where a positive misstatement is made to secure it. The *Express* does not need any such system of drumming, and only objects to such "high toned, reliable statements" of the *Post*, because they are intended to deceive the public. If the *Post* wants to make a show upon its circulation, it can do so at once. The proprietors of the *Express* will give to any charity the *Post* and the *Express* may name—

$1,000 if its circulation is larger than the *Evening Express*.

$750 if it is equal to the *Evening Express*.

$500 if it is ¾ of the *Express*.

$50 if it is ½ as much.

$250 if it is ¼ as much, and

$2,000 if the circulation of the *Evening Express* is not larger than the *Post*, and all other evening papers in the English language in New-York together, upon condition that the *Post* pays the same sums to any charity we may name, if the *Evening Express* circulation upon proof, is shown to be greater than that of the *Post*, as above stated.

JOHN HOOPER & CO.'S CITY AND COUNTRY NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENCY,
No. 41 Park-row—N. Y. Times Building.
Merchants wishing to extend their business should ADVERTISE
NORTH, SOUTH, EAST AND WEST.
Every facility is offered for this purpose by J. H. & Co. For promptness and reliability they refer to Raymond, Wesley & Co., publishers of this paper.

VULCANITE.
TO WORKERS IN IVORY, TORTOISE SHELL, HORN AND BONE.

This valuable new manufacture having been perfected in my extensive factory, I am now ready to supply orders to any extent equal to one ton daily.

My present stock embraces all the leading styles of combs of a quality admitted to be superior to any Vulcanite ever before introduced.

Cases of plates from 1-32d of an inch to one inch in thickness; size 12x20, 14x28, 12x24, adapted to great variety of purposes. Every trade and art supplied with this valuable article, adapted to their peculiar business. My intention is to supply all trades with stock, as well as to make it up myself.

Workers may rely upon a quiet use of this substance, as the article which I manufacture is not a monopoly.
HORACE H. DAY.
New-York, March 13, 1860. No. 23 Cortlandt-st.

IMPROVE YOUR EYES, BY M. WISE, OPTICIAN,
Has REMOVED to No. 755 BROADWAY,

Persons with weak eyes can be supplied with glasses which will greatly benefit and not strain the sight. Particular attention is paid to a new style of PERSPECTIVE GROUND GLASS, of the finest flint, which, through their high polish and true ground, produces the purest vision, and have been highly recommended as the best, in their effect upon the eye, for preserving and improving the sight in continued writing and reading.

Short-sighted persons, and those operated upon for Cataract, can also be suited.

He inserts NEW GLASSES of superior quality, in old frames, and solicits the patronage of all in want of his articles.

He warrants all spectacles purchased of him to suit the sight for five years, or change the glasses without extra charge.

COAL OIL.
10,000 gallons COAL OIL of very superior quality and color, for sale by DIETZ & CO.,
Lamp Manufacturers, No. 183 William-st.

DISSOLVED.—THE FIRM OF W. P. LEVURGE & CO. in this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the books and accounts will be settled at Nos. 1 and 3 Clinton Market, by G. M. GOFF.
W. P. LEFURGE,
New-York, March 31, 1860. GEO. M. GOFF.

WANTED TO ADOPT.—PERSONS WISHING to adopt a fine healthy American female child, two months old, may hear of an opportunity of doing so by addressing Dr. EMERY, Broadway Post-office.

DRY GOODS.

FASHIONABLE MANTILLAS.
NEW SPRING SHAPES,
WILL BE READY MONDAY, APRIL 2, at
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (cor. Grand-st.,)
Manufactured expressly for our
RETAIL SALES,
In RICH LYONS SILKS, LIGHT WOOLENS, &c., &c., and trimmed in the most improved manner.

DRESS SILKS FROM AUCTION,
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY (corner Grand-st.)
PARIS ROBES AND SILKS,
Several large invoices just received from Auction, will be ready MONDAY, April 2.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

CARPETING, OIL-CLOTHS, STAIR-CARPETINGS, RUGS, DRUGGETS, MATS, RODS, MATTINGS, &c., &c., &c.
LARGE ASSORTMENT! LOW PRICES!
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

A DECIDED NOVELTY
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
ELEGANT GRENADINE BAREGE ROBES,
Small flounces,
WITH SHAWLS TO MATCH,
In Cartons.
AN ENTIRELY NEW AND BEAUTIFUL ARTICLE.
ONLY 300 RECEIVED.
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.

ORGANDIE ROBES, MUSLINS,
FRENCH PRINTS, JACONETS, GRENADINES, TISSUES, and
FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.

LACE CURTAINS AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS, AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 255, 257, 259, and 261 GRAND-ST.
Lace Curtains, Muslin and Lace Draperies, Satin Lanes, Damasks, Moreens, Reps, Tassels, and Curtain Fixtures of every description. Also,
GILT CORNICES, WINDOW SHADES,
and Fixtures, in great variety,
MUCH BELOW USUAL PRICES!

CHARLES STREET,
NO. 475 BROADWAY.
The following new styles in
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
in all NOVEL TEXTURES and in SILK,
will be exhibited
On MONDAY, April 9.
THE ARAB,
VICTORIA REGINA,
SORENTE,
AND BUCKINGHAM.
ALSO,
THE NEW MARCO BASQUE.
These latter we make to order from measure. They are made by men operatives, and the fit GUARANTEED.
Many other exclusive styles will be found in our establishment, and at moderate prices.
NO. 475 BROADWAY.

NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES OF
DRESS GOODS,
At Nos. 234 and 235 Broadway,
(Block above the Astor House.)
TRACY, IRWIN & CO.

WINDOW-SHADE MANUFACTURES.
Gold Border Shades,
Painted Shades of all kinds,
Buff and White Holland Shades,
All selling at manufacturer's prices.
Lace Curtains, $3 per pair and upwards; Furniture Chintz, Damasks, Reps, &c., all at low prices.
At FERGUSON BROTHERS, No. 351 Broadway.

1860. SPRING IMPORTATIONS. 1860.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
are now offering, on the most favorable terms to WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS, their usual large and varied assortment of CURTAIN MATERIALS, FURNITURE COVERINGS, AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
Of every description. Also, a very splendid stock of FRENCH PAPER-HANGINGS, decorative and plain.
All of which have been selected by one of the firm from the best European markets expressly for this season's trade.
We invite particular attention to our stock of WINDOW SHADES OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, which, for extent and variety, is unsurpassed in this market.
As Furnishing and Decorating form our specialty, we are prepared to execute all orders for Draperies and every style of Paper-hanging in the most artistic style

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
Black Lace Mantillas.
Lace Mantillas, Points, Flouncings and Vails, from auction, at half the usual prices.
Fine French Bands, Edgings and Insertions.
900 French Jaconet sets, 75c., worth $1 25.
500 French Jaconet sets, $1, worth $1 50.
350 infants' Waists, with Valenciennes Lace, at less than half price.
Infants' Medallion and Inserting Cans (new styles).
1,000 pieces Valenciennes Edgings, for 8c per yard.
Point Lace Collars, Sets, Coiffures, and Barbes.
Valenciennes and Medallion Collars, Sets, and Handkerchiefs.
Point Applique Lace Handkerchiefs, $400, worth $700.
A new lot of Thread Lace Collars.
All the above are choice goods, and will be offered at very low prices. E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Late Peter Roberts, No. 429 Broadway.

419. METZLER & LANCASTER 419.
Will offer for inspection
On MONDAY, April 9,
a varied and fashionable assortment of
LADIES' ENGLISH AND FRENCH DRESS TRIMMINGS, BONNET RIBBONS, HEAD-DRESSES, FANCY GOODS, &c.
M. & L. would call the Ladies' PARTICULAR ATTENTION to the MUCH ADMIRED ATLANTIC HOOP SKIRT,
No. 419 BROADWAY, near Canal-st.

PLAID SILKS,
FIGURED SILKS,
CHINE SILKS,
CHINTZ SILKS,
All the NEWEST STYLES of SILK, in GOOD QUALITIES, AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
LE BOUTILLIER BROTHERS,
No. 335 CANAL STREET.

PAPER HANGINGS,
DECORATIONS, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICES, &c.
A. BEADLEN,
No 391 Grand-st., corner Suffolk,
Has now his assortment of the newest and most fashionable styles of the above articles, which he offers at the lowest possible prices. He is prepared to DECORATE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BUILDINGS, with Paper Hangings in every style and finish now in vogue, with dispatch and ability unsurpassed by any house in the trade. Also, ordinary work of LANDLORDS, AGENTS, &c., attended to with the usual economy of this establishment.

ENGLISH CARPETS.
NEW GOODS AT LOW PRICES.
NEW STYLES OF TAPESTRIES.....90c. to $1 25
LOWELL & HARTFORD THREE-PLY.....$1 to $1 10
LOWELL & HARTFORD SUPERFINE.....70c. to 85c.
COMMON INGRAIN.....from 2s. to 4s.
OIL CLOTHS AT 3s. PER YARD.
OIL CLOTHS AT 2s. 6d. PER YARD.
OIL CLOTHS AT 10c. PER YARD.
GOLD WINDOW SHADES
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS.
HEARTH RUGS, &c., &c.
B. BEATTY, No. 8 Fourth-avenue,
Near the Cooper Institute.

BARGAINS IN ENGLISH CARPETINGS.
ENGLISH BRUSSELS, SMALL PATTERNS AND RICH COLORINGS, at $1 00, $1 10 and $1 25 per yard.
ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS at 85c.
English Velvet, handsome designs, only $1 10 and $1 25.
The above are from the very best makers, and warranted in every respect, by A. T. STEWART & CO.

SPRING CLOTHING AT WHOLESALE.
A splendid stock of NEW GOODS for Men's and Boys' wear, adapted to Southern and Western, or city trade, at very low prices, for CASH, or short time, to prompt paying customers. Call and examine before you buy.
N. A. KNAPP,
No. 19 Cortlandt-st.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.—NEW STYLES POMPnet ornaments, Victoria Gimps and Polish Braids, Velvet Ribbons and Buttons, Alexandre's genuine Gloves, a large variety of Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Gloves and Hose; best French Kid, 88 cents; Shetland Wool, 10 cents; Zephyrs, 12 cents. N. B.—The new Bell Skirt at BLOEB'S, No. 338 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

PARIS MILLINERY.—MADAME TERRERO, No. 5 Great Jones-st., has just received per steamer *Bavaria*, entirely new and exquisite styles of Paris Fancy Straw, Opera, Reception Hats, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, &c., to which she respectfully invites the attention of the ladies.

DRY GOODS.

ATTRACTIVE SALE
OF
DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION!
STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
No. 395 Broadway,
Will offer at retail on Monday, April 9,
THE GOODS PURCHASED
AT THE LATE GREAT AUCTION SALES,
Comprising the
NEWEST AND MOST DESIRABLE GOODS IMPORTED THIS SEASON,
viz.:
500 pieces SPRING SILKS, from 65 cts. to $1 per yard.
360 GRENADINE ROBES, from $15 to $35, worth $35 to $50.
150 BLACK GRENADINE ROBES, from $12 to $20, worth $25 to $40.
100 BAREGE and BAREGE ANGLAIS ROBES, 7, 8 and 9 Volants, from $4 to $9, worth $7 to $15.
400 pieces CHINTZ ORGANDIES, best qualities and latest styles, Colored

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

IN PRESS,
MR. BRYANT'S ADDRESS
On WASHINGTON IRVING.
handsomely printed on tinted paper in 12mo.
G P PUTNAM,
No. 115 Nassau-st.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
BOOKS FOR THE MILLION.
FOR TWENTY DAYS ONLY.
The Books and Stationery of
C. SHEPARD & CO., No. 397 Broadway,
will be offered at cost, and even less, for the next twenty days, to close the stock before the 1st of May. Call early for a good selection.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.—JAMES C. CONVERSE, WILLIAM H. HARDING, JOSEPH B. GRAY, EDMUND W. CONVERSE and NATHAN DAY, against MORRIS R. BANTEAU.—Summons for money demand on contract. (Com. not ser.)—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their offices, No. 146 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of nine hundred and seventy-eight dollars and twenty-nine cents, with interest from the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, besides the costs in this action.—Dated New-York, March 30, 1860.
BUCKHAM, CADY & SMALES,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

To the defendants: The complaint referred to in the above summons was this day duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the City Hall, in the City, County and State of New-York.—Dated New-York, April 7, 1860.
Yours, &c., BUCKHAM, CADY & SMALES,
a8-law6w M* Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT OF STATE OF NEW-YORK.—JAMES C. CONVERSE, WILLIAM H. HARDING, JOSEPH B. GRAY, EDMUND W. CONVERSE, and NATHAN DAY, against JAMES W. HUTCHINSON and MORRIS R. BANTEAU. Summons for money demand on contract. (Com. not ser.) To the defendants above named. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the city and county of New-York, at the City Hall in the city of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their offices, No. 146 Broadway, in the city of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of nine hundred and ninety-nine dollars and forty cents, with interest from the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, besides the costs in this action.—Dated New-York, March 30, 1860.
BUCKHAM, CADY & SMALES,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

To the defendants: The complaint referred to in the above summons was this day duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the City Hall, in the City, County, and State of New-York.
Yours, &c., BUCKHAM, CADY & SMALES,
a9 law6w M* Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
Dated New-York, April 7, 1860.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE discharge of an insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of the third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes.—JAMES S. FERRY, of the City of Troy, in the County of Rensselaer, an insolvent debtor individually and as one of the late firm of A. S. FERRY & CO., of said City of Troy, New-York. Notice first published Feb. 20, 1860; creditors to appear before Hon. GILBERT ROBERTSON Jr., County Judge of said County of Rensselaer, at his office, in the City of Troy, in said County, on the 8th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why an assignment should not be made of said insolvent's estate and he discharged from his debts individually and as one of said late firm of A. S. FERRY & CO.
TABOR & HARWOOD, Attorneys for Insolvent.
20f-law10w M* Troy, New-York.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE discharge of an insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of the third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes.—JOHN W. CIPPERLY, of the town of Lansingburgh, in the County of Rensselaer, an insolvent debtor individually and as one of the late firm of A. S. FERRY & CO., of the City of Troy, New-York. Notice first published Feb. 20, 1860; creditors to appear before Hon. GILBERT ROBERTSON, Jr., County Judge of said County of Rensselaer, at his office, in the City of Troy, in said County, on the 8th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why an assignment should not be made of said insolvent's estate, and he discharged from his debts, individually and as one of said late firm of A. S. FERRY & CO.
TABOR & HARWOOD, Attorneys for Insolvent.
20f-law10w M* Troy, N. Y.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM Y. FRENCH, late of the City of New-York, Merchant, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 553 Grand-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of September next.—Dated New-York the 5th day of March, 1860. JANE E. FRENCH, Administratrix.
m5-law6m M*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM BEEBE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Leander Ross, No. 84 Pearl-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of August next.—Dated New-York Feb. 18, 1860.
LEANDER ROSS, Executor.
20f-law6m M* JANE BEEBE, Executrix

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons having claims against the estate of JANE WILLIAMS, late of the City and County of New-York deceased, to present the same at the residence of either of the subscribers on or before the 10th of July next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 7, 1860.
VINCENT W. BATE, No. 838 Broadway,
THOMAS UTTER, No. 61 Barrow-st.,
ja9 law6m M* Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against NOAH T. CONKLING, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of business No. 110 Duane-street, in the City of New-York on or before the 7th day of July next.—Dated New-York Jan. 7, 1860.
ja9 law6m M* SAML. D. ADDISON, Executor.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, No. 32 Chambers-st., NEW YORK Jan. 10 1860.—Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Rolls of Real and Personal Estate of the City of New-York for the year 1860 are now open for public inspection, and will continue open until the 30th day of April next, inclusive. All tax-payers are earnestly requested to call and examine the same, in order that any errors in the assessments may be corrected. Also, all persons entitled by law to reduction of their assessments, by reason of being clergymen, or for military services; and also literary or charitable institutions exempt from taxation, are requested to make application for such reduction or exemption previous to the closing of the rolls or said 30th day of April.

The following section of the act of April 14, 1859, is published for the information of tax-payers:

Section 16. During the time the books shall be open for public inspection, as hereinbefore provided, application may be made by any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessed valuation of his real or personal estate to have the same corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of real estate it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objection thereto and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if, in their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of personal estate the applicant shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oath, or any of them; and if, in their judgment the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real or personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes by reason of sickness or absence from the City.—Laws of 1859 chapter 302, section 9.

A. J. WILLIAMSON,
J. W. ALLEN,
J. C. BROWN
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

CENTRAL PARK.—EXTENSION NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment appointed under the act entitled "An Act to alter the map of the City of New-York by laying out thereon a public place and to authorize the taking of the same," passed April 2, 1856, will receive evidence and hear arguments as to the value of the property to be taken for the enlargement of the Central Park, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 342 Broadway, corner of Duane-st., from the 2d day of April next to the 30th day of April next (excluding Sundays,) between the hours of 11 A. M. and 3 P. M., at which time and place all persons interested in the subject are invited to be present.

The property proposed to be taken is contained within the following lines and boundaries, viz: bounded by the southerly side of 106th st., northerly by 110th st., easterly by the 5th-av., and westerly by the 8th-av.

Dated, New-York, March 27, 1860.
ANTHONY J. BLECKER,
HENRY T. CLAPP
RICHARD KELLY } Commissioners.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY TAXES 1859. The sale and sale lists of Mount Vernon, Wakefield, Washington, Fairview, Union Port, Fort two, Mamaroneck, West Farms, &c., may be sold for the last time; also back taxes and lots sold for the taxes of 1855 redeemed, through the subscriber at the Tax Office, corner of Grand and Elizabeth sts., on MONDAY, April 9.
JOHN S. V. RIKE, General Collector.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROposals will be received until 12 M. on TUESDAY, April 17, 1860, for the construction of the Warwick Valley Railroad, from the junction of the Newburgh Branch with the New-York and Erie Railroad to the village of Warwick, Orange county, a distance of about ten miles.

Profiles, plans, estimates of quantities, and specifications will be ready for examination at the office of the Company in the village of Warwick, on and after MAY 1, 1860.

The Directors reserve to themselves the privilege of rejecting any propositions that may not be deemed advantageous to the Company.—WARWICK, March 30, 1860.
By order of the Board of Directors, G. BURT, Pres.
W. FERRICK, Secretary.

ROOFING.

PATENT MICA AND FIBROUS CEMENT ROOFING
Adapted to every variety of roof, new or old, and is unequaled for durability, beauty and cheapness, by any composition in use. Cement for sale by the barrel, with printed instructions for use, in any part of the country. JOSEPH DITTO & CO., No. 379 Broadway, New-York

HOTELS.

MOUNT PROSPECT HOUSE,
West Bloomfield, New Jersey, will be opened for the reception of boarders on the 1st of May. A cottage house on the grounds to rent.
W. HOLT.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYing a fine large house, wish to make a permanent arrangement with one or more grown persons for a few choice rooms not required by themselves. First-class table; rooms furnished or not as desired. No moving. Unexceptionable references given, and the same will be required. Locality and neighborhood desirable, being in 41st-st., between Broadway and 2d av. Address F. S., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A LARGE, WELL FURNISHED front room, supplied with all modern conveniences on second floor, may be obtained by a single gentleman, with or without partial board, in a private family occupying a first-class house, between 8th and 12th sts., near Broadway. No other boarders taken. References required. Locality and neighborhood desirable. Address, with name, C. B. B., Box No. 210 *Times* office.

BOARDING.—WANTED, IN NEW-YORK OR Brooklyn, a genteelly furnished room or room and bedroom, with board, for a lady, with a respectable private family, where there are but few or no other boarders. State full particulars with terms per month which must be moderate. Address M. A. B., Box No. 125 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—AN ENTIRE SECOND AND third floor, newly and fully or partially furnished, can be engaged with board. The house has undergone a thorough cleaning and repair, and fitted up by a lady, who will keep it in perfect order, and give good satisfaction. References exchanged. No. 4 Ashland-place.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT LARGE AND SMALL rooms, furnished and unfurnished, can be obtained with board. Those wishing to make permanent arrangements for the first of May and the present also, will please call at No. 62 Hammond-st., between 4th and Bleecker. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, RESIDING in West 16th-st., would let, with board, their entire second floor, and a parlor and bed room on third floor, to a party or a gentleman and wife, and two single gentlemen. Address G., E. M., Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN MAY find a furnished room, with partial board, in a pleasant location, and convenient to business, by addressing F. W., Box No. 4 053 New-York Post Office. First-class references given and required.

BOARDING.—TWO GENTLEMEN AND THEIR wives and two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board at No. 8 West Washington-place. The house is near the Park, pleasantly situated, and has all the modern improvements.

BOARDING.—MAY BE OBTAINED, WITH GOOD accommodations, for a gentleman and wife and one or two single gentlemen, in a small, quiet, respectable family; references exchanged. Apply at No. 163 Canton-st., near Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—WANTED IN A PLEASANT LOCAtion, between the 3d and 6th avs., one parlor and two bedrooms, with private table, for a small family. Address D., Box No. 1,498 Post-office.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 88 East 16th-st., has to let several parlors and bedrooms on the second floor. The rooms are furnished with Croton water, gas, &c.

BOARDING.—ROOMS, CONVENIENT TO CARS and stages, together with board, can be obtained by applying at No. 63 East 26 h-st., near 4th-av.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN.—SUMMER RESIdence.—Two or three gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms in the brown stone house No. 81 Sands-st., fully equal to any location in Brooklyn or Long Island for pure air and elevated position; bath-room, hot and cold water, &c. An excellent table, moderate terms, and 6 minutes from Fulton Ferry; references exchanged; no moving.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN WANTED, BY A gentleman, wife, and two children, (five and seven years,) in a genteel family, on or near the Heights. Satisfactory references exchanged. Address, stating location, rooms, and terms, LEWIS, Box No. 138 *Times* office, New-York.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ACcommodations for gentlemen and their wives, or for single gentlemen, may be had at No. 11 Monroe-place after the 1st of May; references required. Apply at No. 38 Willow-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—SEVERAL ROOMS vacant, large and small, for permanent boarders; house 5 minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry; location very pleasant, &c.; reference required. Call at No. 125 Sands-st.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen may obtain large and handsomely furnished rooms with board, by applying at No. 102 Henry-st. Reference required.

BROOKLYN BOARD.—GENTLEMEN, OR gentlemen and their wives, can procure pleasant rooms with board on reasonable terms, No. 8 Monroe-place; convenient to Wall and Fulton-ferries.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE ROOM and bedroom attached, on second floor, suitable for three young gentlemen, or gentleman and wife, at No. 381 Pacific st., one block from Atlantic st. cars.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PARLOR AND Bedroom on the second floor, with board, in a first-class house situated between Court and Clinton sts. For further information inquire at 48 Livingston-st.

BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED AT H. A. MEAD'S, in the pleasant village of White Plains, from the 1st of May; one hour from New-York by Harlem Railroad. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—ANY PRIVATE FAMILY on Brooklyn Heights wishing to accommodate a gentleman, wife and child, (five years old, with good rooms and board, can address J. W., Box No. 108 *Times* Office.

NOS. 35 AND 37 WEST THIRTEENTH-ST., between Broadway and 5th-av., two or three select families and three or four gentlemen of the first respectability can be accommodated with suites or single rooms furnished in the best style, or unfurnished, in one of the most delightful locations in the City. Table first-class. References exchanged.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, with suites or separately, with or without board, or with private table; location quiet and respectable and convenient to public conveyances. Further particulars made known on application at No. 139 East 10th-st.

A SUITE OF WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—On second floor, front, with board, in a first-class brown stone house, with every convenience near cars and three lines of stages. No. 71 West 14th-st.

A FURNISHED ROOM AND BEDROOM, or a single furnished room to let, to a single gentleman, with gas, bath, &c., breakfast if required, in 32d-st., between University-place and 5th-av., in a private family; references exchanged. Apply at 33 East 32d-st.

WANTED—BOARD FOR THREE ADULTS AND two children; the entire second floor, with modern improvements, required; location between 34th and 42d sts. and 6th and 8th avs. $90 per month will be paid for good accommodations. Address NEW-ENGLANDER, Station E, 8th-av. References given and required.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A GOOD SIZED room, with partial board, in a quiet private family. Terms not to exceed $5 50 per week. Location desired below 19th-st., west side. Address A. B., Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A LADY EXPERIENCED IN TEACHing the piano-forte and singing, is desirous of obtaining board in a private family where instruction in music and use of her piano would be deemed a partial equivalent for good accommodations. Address BOARD, office of the *Musical World*.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, RESIDING AT NO. 145 East 35th-st., between Madison and 4th avs., will rent the suite of rooms second floor and back parlor, with bed room adjoining, furnished or unfurnished, with board. Terms reasonable. References exchanged.

AN ELDERLY LADY AND HER DAUGHter, occupying a house with the modern improvements, wish to let one or two rooms to gentlemen only. Inquire at No. 242 Madison-st., between Jefferson and Clinton sts.

GOVERNESS.—A LADY ACCUSTOMED TO tuition desires board in some private family in the city or country, where three hours' daily instruction will be received as an equivalent for her board, or she would pay a fair price for that of her two little girls aged 9 and 7 years. Address E. M., Box No. 891 Post-office, New-York.

GENTLEMEN DESIRING HANDSOMELY furnished suites of rooms in a modern house, either with or without board, for the Summer or permanently, may find such accommodation by applying at No. 42 West 19th-st. References given and required.

ROOMS.—TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN CAN BE accommodated with beautiful rooms with breakfast in a pleasant house uptown, near Broadway, where there are no boarders. Address JONES, Box No. 162 *Times* office.

SUITE OF ROOMS, OR THE WHOLE Second floor, to let immediately, or from 1st of May, with or without board, at No. 19 Union place, Broadway above 15th-st.; also, two single rooms. Breakfast from 7 until 9 dinner at 5 and 6 o'clock.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER OF THE piano-forte and singing, wishes to obtain board in some pleasant family, where instruction in the above would be received as compensation; good references given. Address S. N. L. Y., Box No. 174 *Times* office.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES BOARD—AGREEable company in the evening the only indispensable requisite. Address, with full particulars, R. S., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—With or without board. Apply to PARK BENJAMIN & CO., No. 61 East 11th-st., opposite the Equestrian Statue of Washington. First class accommodations wanted for a large number of applicants.

WANTED—BOARD FOR TWO GENTLEMEN, IN a private family where there are no other boarders; location east of Broadway below 14th-st. Address G. and S. Box No. 188 *Times* Office.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, AT NO. 151 10TH-ST., corner 4th-av., one block from Broadway, two parlors on the first floor, suitable for a physician.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.—FOR SIX months, within a convenient distance from the City, with easy access in the morning for the gentleman; a private family preferred, or where there are few or no other boarders taken, and must be near churches and good schools, with plenty of shade, and on reasonable terms. Address MERCHANT BOARDER, Box No. 128 *Times* Office, New-York.

BOARDING IN CORNWALL, N. Y.—MRS. RUPPRAY KOSSE will accommodate a limited number of Summer boarders from the 1st of MAY. The place is easy of access by daily steamboats from the City, and the house stands at a mile's distance from Idlewild. Reference—Chas. K. Forman, No. 49 Chambers-st.; L. B. Bacon, No. 59 Murray-st.

BOARD AT YONKERS.—ONE OF THE FINEST Locations on the Hudson, good house, and river view. Suites of rooms to rent, with board, from May 1 on reasonable terms; also, single rooms. Inquire of J. YOUMANS, Warburton-av., Yonkers.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—NEAR THE Hudson or the Hudson River, for a lady and two daughters, aged 13 and 16. Address, stating locality and terms, which must be moderate, Box No. 124, Yorkville Post-office, New-York.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT young woman, a situation as good cook and laundress; can do all kinds of cooking; is particularly neat in her kitchen, of an obliging disposition; understands well the management of milk and butter; is a good baker and baker of bread; can be well recommended for honesty and efficiency. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or to mind children and do plain sewing, or as chamber-maid and assist in washing and ironing; is neat and tidy in appearance and exceedingly fond of children; no objections to the country. Has good City reference. Apply for two days at No. 62 4th-av., near 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD PLAIN cook, washer and ironer, by a neat respectable young woman, or would go general housework for a small family; is an excellent baker and a first-rate laundress; no objections to the country; has good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 62 4th-av., near 9th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and to assist in washing, or as waitress alone; is fully competent to fill either situation; has three years' City reference convenient to where she advertises from. Can be seen for two days at No. 13 Union-court, cor of University-place and 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A TIDY, HUMBLE, HARDWORKing young woman, a situation as good cook, baker of bread, pies, &c., and washing and ironing or general housework or chamberwork, waitress or laundress; has good reference for each capacity; is neat about her person and kitchen; no objections to country. Call at No. 72 Bleecker-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion in a private family as chambermaid and laundress; can do up fine muslins in the neatest manner, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing; the best of City reference. Call from 10 to 4, at her present employer's No. 44 East 21st-st., for one week.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class chambermaid, and to do plain sewing or fine washing and ironing; understands her business perfectly; can give the best of City references from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 467 2d-av., between 28th and 29th sts., fourth floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waiter, and to assist in the washing and ironing, or to take care of children and do plain sewing; no objections to go a short distance in the country. A good reference can be given. Call at No. 185 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as first-class cook, and understands her business in all its branches; is a good meat and pastry cook and makes bread, biscuit and all kinds of desserts. Best City reference from her last employer. Can be seen at No. 236 8th-st., near the Bowery, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as seamstress, and to do light chamberwork; understands all kinds of family sewing; can dress ladies' hair, and operates on Grover & Baker's sewing machine. Can be seen for two days at No. 470 6th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

WANTED.—TWO SISTERS WISH EMPLOYMENT —one as cook and the other as chambermaid; both to assist at washing and ironing; have lived 4 years and 2 months in their last place. Can be seen, for two days, at the lady's residence, No. 43 Irving-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as chambermaid and laundress, nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and waitress; could take charge of an infant from its birth; good City references given. Apply at 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as good cook, who thoroughly understands her business; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; best of reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 131 West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth; or would do plain sewing and care grown children; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 13 Union Court, corner of University-place and 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A MOST EXPERIENCED YOUNG woman, a situation as cook and laundress; understands meats, poultry, baking and pastry; does up linen in style; wages $9; also a waitress and parlor-maid, who takes charge of the silver and diningroom; wages $8. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY AN EXperienced American woman who understands her business. Can make dessert, soups and jellies. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen for three days at No. 127 West 24th st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation to do the cooking, washing and ironing of a small family; is an excellent baker; understands bread, pastry, biscuits, &c.; good City references. No. 190 East 14th-st., near 1st-av. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation to do chamberwork and nurse, or to do chamberwork and help at the washing and ironing in a small private family; no objection to going to the country in Summer. Call at No. 104 Bleecker-st., corner of Greene, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR AN EXPERIenced, faithful servant, as good cook and washer and ironer, or as chambermaid, laundress and waitress; can fill either situation to her employer's entire satisfaction, or would do general housework for a small family. Unexceptionable references given. Call at No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, (sisters) situations in a small private family—one as plain cook, good washer and ironer, the other to do washing or chamberwork, or would take care of a baby; both have the best of City reference. Can be seen, for 2 days at No. 236 B. dge-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing. Inquire at the residence of her employer, No. 103 Waverley-place. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADY'S-MAID, seamstress and hairdresser, by a young woman who has lived six years in her present place; is willing to go in the country. Inquire at No. 73 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as good plain cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing, or as laundress in a private family; best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at 894th-av., in the millinery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD COOK, AND to help as laundress, by a very competent woman, with good City references; is a good meat, pastry and vegetable cook, and baker. Call, during two days, at No. 89 West 11th-st., 2d floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID. Is willing to assist with the washing and ironing, or would go as nurse and seamstress, and take care of children. Will go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 242 7th-av., in candy store, near 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation to do general housework in a small private family, or chamberwork and to assist with the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 245 West 18th-st., near 9th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY ONE WHO HAS A thorough knowledge of housekeeping in all its branches and who is willing to make herself generally useful. Can be seen at her present place for three days, No. 97 9th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, BY A good, steady man who thoroughly understands his business and can give the best of City references. Call, or address a note to M. L., care of Mrs. Bedeau, No. 901 Broadway, corner 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, as nurse and seamstress; is capable to take the entire charge of a baby from its birth; good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 24 Hammond-st., in the rear, third floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as nurse; is capable of taking charge of a baby; has no objection to travel. Good City references. Call for two days at No. 33 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE, BY AN experienced trustworthy woman; she is competent to take charge of an infant. Apply at her present place, No. 16 West 19th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS IN THE CITY OR country, as good cook, and to wash and iron, as waiter and chambermaid, and to do housework, by very competent girls. Call at E. CARROLL'S, 69 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PLAIN COOK; is a good washer and ironer, and acquainted with general housework. City references given. Apply at No. 186 East 16th-st., between Avenues A and B, top floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH girl, a situation as laundress or chambermaid in a private family; the best of City reference given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 73 Perry-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET NURSE BY a respectable young woman, who has lost her own child, of three weeks old, and has a good breast of fresh milk. Apply, for two days, at 124 4th-av., third floor.

WANTED—BY A GOOD SCOTCHWOMAN, A situation as cook, washer and ironer, or do general housework. She is a clean, tidy, hard-working woman. Can be seen at 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE German girl as waitress and chambermaid. Inquire at No. 178 Forsyth-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or as chambermaid, from 1st May. Best City reference. Call at No. 157 West 22d-st.

CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—IN a private department alone; a situation by a steady, trustworthy woman, who has lived in her last place two years and a half, and who has unexceptionable references; she leaves her present situation on account of the family leaving for Europe. Apply at her present employer's, No. 29 Waverley-place.

AN INFANT'S NURSE, MONTHLY NURSE and other experienced and desirable servants are now disengaged at the Servants' Institute, No. 149 Grand-st. C. BOOKHAM has returned.

GOOD FEMALE AND MALE FRENCH, German and other servants, at Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., also, first-class French and other cooks. French, German and Italian languages spoken. A lady in attendance.

LOST AND FOUND.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, A POCKET-BOOK CONtaining bills for advertising in the different City papers; supposed to have dropped out of the pocket in going from New-York *Dispatch* Office to California steamer, foot of Warren st., on the 5th inst. As the above is of no value to any but the owner, $5 will be paid to the finder on leaving it at the New-York *Dispatch* Office, No. 22 Beekman-st.

DIAMOND BREASTPIN.—LAST ON WEDNESday last a gentleman's DIAMOND PIN. $25 will be paid to the finder to deliver it at 128 Duane-st., to A. C. RICHARDS.

FRESH GREEN TEAS.—1,810 PACKAGES Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay Hyson Skin, Imperial, Gunpowder, landing from *Surprise*. For sale by THEODORE DEHON, No. 10 Wall-st., near Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN OF steady, industrious habits and good education, (speaks French fluently,) a situation in any business where the above qualities would command a living; would take the position of janitor or watchman of a school or building, suitable references. Address E. H., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND farmer, by a married man; fully understands the out-door management of vegetables, fruits and flowers, and is competent as a first-manager; also the care and raising of stock; can give the most unexceptionable references from families of the highest standing in the City, in which he has been engaged the last 20 years. Address J. W., at A. Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway, or Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young man, as coachman, and to assist in gardening; is willing to make himself useful around a gentleman's place. His last employer may be seen daily at the Marine Bank. Address L. G., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A VERY RESpectable young man, to take charge of a gentleman's farm; is in every respect a practical and experienced farmer; can take right hold of plowing, sowing, mowing, &c.; is fully capable to a position of trust and responsibility; would take charge of a horse, and drive, and be willing to make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place. Refers to his last employer, with whom he has lived 5 years. Apply at No. 10 Tillary st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a respectable young man; perfectly understands the care, treatment and management of gentlemen's horses; he knows the City well, and is a first-class groom and good driver; has no objection to go to any part of the country; can give first-class recommendations as to character and capability. Address A. D., for two days, Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a respectable young man; perfectly understands the care, treatment and management of gentlemen's horses; he knows the City well, and is a first-class groom and good driver; has no objection to go to any part of the country; can give first-class recommendations as to character and capability. Call for two days, at No. 219 Bowery, John S. Callan's saddlery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener by a respectable Protestant married man who perfectly understands the growing of all kinds of vegetables, greenhouse and flowers; is a first-class agriculturist, and has a practical knowledge of raising young stock, has acted in the above capacity for the past twenty years; can produce the best of reference. Call or address T. P., at A. Smith's seed store, No. 61 White-st., for three days.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN IS DESIROUS OF procuring a good situation for his coachman; he is a first-rate groom and driver; he is honest, sober, and can be trusted implicitly; he perfectly understands the care of horses, coaches, and harness. Any gentleman in want of a trustworthy young man will call or address W. C., No. 9 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. for this week.

WANTED—BY A MOST RELIABLE, HARDworking young man, a situation as coachman and gardener, or coachman only; is a good, careful driver; is neat about his person and work; is willing to milk cows and do anything about the place or farm; will devote his whole time to his employer; good reference; no objections to any part of country. Call, or address COACHMAN, at No. 74 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener, by a respectable Protestant man, (married, without children,) has a thorough practical knowledge of both gardening and farming, raising young stock, &c. Can give the best of references. Address C. J., or apply to A. Smith, Seedsman, No. 364 White-st., New-York. To be seen two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a sober, industrious single man; has no objection to take care of one horse and a cow if required, and can keep a gentleman's place in good order. Has had many years' experience both in city and country, and willing to make himself generally useful, and can produce the best of reference. Address D. S., Box No. 215 *Times* Office

WANTED—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT Scotchman, a situation as coachman and gardener, who understands the care and management of horses, and would be willing to make himself useful about a gentleman's place. No objection to the country. Has good reference. Can be seen at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; no objections to take charge of a small vegetable garden if required, or make himself generally useful; understands his business in all its branches; can come well recommended from his last place. Address S. McS., Box No. 205 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a steady, competent young man, who leaves his last employer on account of breaking up house; can give the best of City references. Can be seen for two days, at Mr. Lowry's harness-store, No. 932 Broadway, if not engaged, or address J. M.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SINGLE MAN, a situation as farmer, vegetable gardener, coachman or groom; understands farming, gardening, &c., in all their branches; has first class reference as to the above. Call for or address P. B., for 3 days. Box No. 192 *Times* Office, or No. 289 West 33d-st., near 10th-av.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A respectable man who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, conducted a large place for six years; farming also; has the best of City and country reference. Address S. G., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE YOUNG man a situation as light porter in a store or hotel; having obtained a fair English education and writes a good hand, considers himself competent in either capacity, and is not afraid of work. Can be well recommended. Apply, for two days, at No. 62 4th-av., near 9th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MARRIED MAN with one child, as coachman, who understands his business thoroughly and also the care of a garden, and the management of a farm and the raising of stock, the best of reference given from the last. Address Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A FIRST-RATE single man as coachman and groom; he is perfectly competent and understands his business, and is willing to assist in a garden and make himself generally useful; he has first-rate recommendations, beside that which I can give him. Address B. B. B., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SOBER AND WILLING young man, a situation; he is a good coachman and understands the care and management of horses; is also a good vegetable gardener; has the best of reference from his last employer. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young man as waiter in a private family. Has no objection to go to the country. Can give the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at the drug store, corner of 18th st. and Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a respectable single man, who understands his business in every respect, and also understands the training of young horses. Can produce the best of City reference. Address J. S., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN AN AGRICULtural or hardware store, by one who has had some experience at the business. Address L. B. G., Box No. 212 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; the best of City and country references can be given. Address J. C., Box No 194 *Times* Office.

TO WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.—WANTED —A situation in a first-

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 9, 1860.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Is published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau streets.

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Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Barber of Seville.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Royal Amphitheatre—Equestrian Troupe.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Colleen Bawn.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—Leading Strings—Marriage Bliss of Box and Cox.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—The Lamplighter—O'Neal the Great—Norah Creina.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon—Orphan of Geneva. Evening—Jeanie Deans.

MOZART HALL—Indian Exhibition.

HOPE CHAPEL—Gen. Tom Thumb.

NIBLO'S SALOON—George Christy's Minstrels.

ONDERDONK'S HALL—Hayti Minstrels.

NINTH-STREET—Near Broadway—Model of King Solomon's Temple.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY—Exhibition of Paintings.

CANAL-STREET—No. 386—Whitlock's Free Gallery of Oil Paintings.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The new Newspaper Express arrangement goes into effect this morning, and before half our readers in the City, within three miles of the Times building, have opened this present sheet, the Times will be upon the breakfast tables of thousands at Albany and Troy—one hundred and fifty miles away,—and of thousands more along the intervening route.

We are compelled, as a matter of course, to put the paper to press at an earlier hour than has been usual hitherto; and we must urge our advertising friends to hand in their notices as early as possible during the afternoon and evening. This is essential, not only to our convenience but to their own; for if the advertisements are not received early, it will be impossible to classify and place them under the proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The *Niagara*, with European files to March 24 and telegraphic advices to the 25th, reached Halifax on Saturday afternoon. The news is of interest. The annexation of Tuscany to Sardinia had been consummated, a decree to that effect, accepting the demand of the Etrurians, having been issued by Victor Emanuel. The withdrawal of French troops from Lombardy, having been commenced simultaneously with this action, the Paris *Constitutionnel* had explained that this course had been pursued through no ill-feeling on the part of France; but because the independence of Italy was thus irrevocably assured. The Sardinian army had at the same moment commenced the evacuation of Savoy. The anticipated French dispatch commenting on the annexation of that province, repudiated the idea of the measure being the inaugural step of a restoration of natural frontiers. The replies of the Great Powers to this statement are reported to have been of one tenor, namely: that they saw no reason to oppose a measure thus stripped of objectionable attributes. The Reform bill and the Budget had been further debated in the British House of Commons. The income tax of ten-pence in the pound had been agreed to. The Reform bill appeared to attract little public attention or interest. Commenting upon the recent speech of Mr. Seward in the Senate, the London *Times* regards its tone as indicative of a better state of feeling between the two sections of the country; and with so modified a programme, it judges it to be possible for the Republicans to withstand the advances of Pro-Slavery aggression. From China, we learn that the rebellion is assuming new energy, and that at Swatow a fatal collision had occurred between the Custom authorities and a British vessel. The news from India is without importance.

The steamship *Canadian*, from Liverpool on the 21st ult., arrived at Portland on Saturday. Her advices have been anticipated by the *Kangaroo* and the *Niagara*.

The bark *Ceres*, Capt. Wheeler, arrived at this port yesterday. She sailed from St. Helena, under charter of the British Government, March 15, with 232 Africans, (which had been captured from a slaver by the United States steamers *Mystic* and *Fulton*,) for Port Spain, Trinidad, where they were landed, having an addition of one by birth. Capt. Wheeler brings home a boat, the only relic of ship *Fleetwing*, which was supposed to have foundered off Cape Horn. This boat was shipped on board the *Fleetwing*, consigned to Rev. Geo. Pierson at Honoluiu. When off Cape Horn the vessel was leaking badly, and all efforts to keep her free proved unavailing. Six of the crew took possession of the boat, leaving the ship, which was subsequently picked up by ship *Imogene*, Capt. Williams, and carried into Pernambuco, and there purchased by Capt. Wheeler.

The *Cahawba*, from Havana on the 2d inst., arrived here on Saturday. There was little of interest in her news. The excitement in regard to the Morocco war was unabated, and the flow of contributions unflagging. The feeling in regard to the seizure of the *Miramon* and the *Marques de Habana* was subsiding. At Cienfuegos there had been a difficulty between the crew of the United States steamer *Wyandot* and the police of the city. One of the sailors had been killed. The health of Havana was good.

Our files of the *Bermudian* bring us advices from the Islands to March 20. They contain nothing of interest.

Some further particulars of Mexican news to the 26th ult. are forwarded from the *Savannah*, at Pensacola. The retreat of Miramon from before Vera Cruz commenced on the 21st ult., and he was proceeding actively toward the capital. So nearly exhausted were the supplies of ammunition in Vera Cruz that, it is said, the town must have yielded had the attack been maintained for a day or two longer. A bark bearing Spanish colors had been captured off Alvarado by the United States steamer *Indianola*, and was brought to Vera Cruz. The Captain declared his port of destination to be Galveston, Texas, and that the derangement of his compass had led him astray.

The Overland Mail, with San Francisco dates to March 19, is reported by telegraph from Springfield, Missouri. We thus receive the interesting news that a Japanese corvette had arrived at San Francisco to bear the information that the Embassy was to embark on the 11th ult. at Kanagawa for the Isthmus, by way of the Sandwich Islands and San Francisco. It was signified by the officers that the Emperor, in dispatching this *avant-courrier*, desired to intimate his profound respect for the American Republic. The vessel bore the Grand Admiral of the Japanese Navy, and also the officers and a portion of the crew of the schooner *Fenimore Cooper*, recently wrecked. The arrival of the corvette greatly contented the people of San Francisco, who were preparing to entertain the strangers sumptuously. The emigration to the Washoe region was setting in from all portions of the State with unparalleled vigor. The mines lose none of their reputation for exuberant wealth.

Oregon and Washington dates to March 12 are received. A movement exists in the State and Territory in favor of urging upon Congress a Pacific Railroad by way of St. Paul's and the Columbia river, as the route preferable to all others. The accounts received from the Similkameen mines confirm their reported richness. The population of Washington Territory has been ascertained from the Assessors' reports to be about 70,000, and the taxable property $3,000,000.

From British Columbia, under date of March 14, we learn that the Indians of Vancouver were becoming violent, and committing frequent outrages. One-third of the population of Victoria had during the preceding month gone to the Frazer river mines.

The dates from the Sandwich Islands are to Feb. 28. Washington's birthday had been generally celebrated through the islands. Mr. Neilson, the Secretary whom the King shot, still survived, and had recently been visited by his Majesty. Trade had been excessively dull.

In the United States Senate on Saturday, a petition of citizens of Illinois, praying for the restoration of a geographical line bisecting the States and Territories to divide free from slave labor, was presented by Mr. Trumbull. That gentleman moved its reference to the Judicial Committee, and after an objection from Mr. Green, who would have had it go to the Committee on Territories, it was so referred. The bill relative to District Courts in Kansas was passed. The bill authorizing a Railroad through Pennsylvania-avenue having been considered, the Senate went into executive session, and presently after adjourned. The House addicted itself to the private calendar, passing fourteen bills.

A majority report was made to the State Senate on Saturday, in favor of amending the Constitution so as to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors. The bill from the Assembly authorizing a quarter mill tax to be imposed in aid of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, was passed by a vote of 17 to 12, and was sent to the Governor. A majority report in favor of abolishing the office of Governors of the Almshouse was received. Its adoption was violently opposed; and a motion to refer it to the Poor Law Committee, with power to sit during the recess and investigate the subject, was successful. The House amendments to the Canal bill were concurred in. The City Hall bill was lost by a vote of 15 to 11. In the Assembly the Metropolitan Police and various other bills were reported complete. The Supply bill occupied much of the morning and evening session. Many amendments were made to it, but before the question was taken upon the third reading, the House adjourned.

At the meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Society of the Church of the Puritans on Saturday evening, two sets of trustees appeared, claiming to have been elected at the annual meeting of the Society on the 12th ult. The Anti-Cheever claimants founded their demands on the certificates of the inspectors of election, and the Cheever men on the announcement of the inspectors on the evening of election. The former were served with an injunction, restraining them from acting, and the latter quietly took their seats. The whole question will be tested in the Courts.

The trial of George Dower, second mate of the packet ship *Devonshire*, for the murder of one Humphreys, a seaman, was commenced on Saturday, in the United States Circuit Court. It is charged that on the 18th day of December, Dower had an altercation with Humphreys; that he caused the sailor to fall overboard, and that no alarm was given, and no effort made to rescue the man. Testimony for prosecution and defence was heard, and the case rested.

The Stock Market closed with a steady feeling on Saturday. New-York Central, 78; Missouri sixes, 83 ₱ cent. Exchange on London, 108¼@108⅜. A fair employment for money among the Brokers at 5@6 ₱ cent. at call. Discount rates, 5 to 7 ₱ cent., with a scarcity outside of bank of prime paper.

The sales of Cotton comprised 1,000 bales at steady prices. Flour was in moderate request at uniform rates. More activity was discernable in Wheat, which was stiffly held. Corn was scarce and quiet. The movements in Provisions were fair. Pork was depressed. Coffee attracted more attention. Sugars were less sought after. The public sale of Teas resulted unsatisfactorily. Other branches of business exhibited no remarkable alterations. There were 430 vessels of all classes in port.

Slaves as Property—The Question Really at Issue.

Mr. Wigfall, the new Senator from Texas, in one of his recent speeches in the Senate, said he denied that "we at the South draw any distinction between slaves and any other property. We ask simply," said he, "that *that property shall be put upon the same footing as every other species of property.* We ask that, and we ask *nothing more.*"

Mr. Wigfall seemed to be under the impression that he was speaking in the spirit of moderation and forbearance. This "simple" demand of the South evidently struck him as the merest trifle in the world;—and no language can picture his disgust and horror at finding that the people of the North were unwilling to make this slight concession. But neither Mr. Wigfall nor those Pro-Slavery ultraists who are fond of dwelling upon the same point, are quite as simple as they would be thought. They know very well that if they can establish this point, in the law and public sentiment of the country, they will have everything they could possibly desire. In fact, there will be left nothing more to be conceded. All the planks in all the platforms of both parties—all the contests about Territorial sovereignty, the extension of Slavery, the limits of Federal power, &c., become utterly empty and useless. If slaves are property, in the same sense and to the same extent as "lands, horses, mules and hogs," as Mr. Winfall, in another part of his speech, declared that they are—if they are to be thus regarded and treated by the Legislatures, Courts and people of the Union—if this is the *status* upon which they are placed, and upon which they are to be maintained by the Constitution of the United States, any further controversy on the subject is either the idlest of shams or the most flagrant injustice. In that case, Mr. Wigfall need resort to no elaborate argument to prove that neither Congress nor the Territorial Legislatures can exclude Slavery from Federal territory. It cannot be excluded anywhere, by any power, or from any jurisdiction—State or territorial. What would Mr. Wigfall say to a law of South Carolina—or a clause in the Constitution of that State—which should declare all title to property in land, in horses, in hogs and mules utterly invalid and void? No State, no society, has any right thus to confiscate property—thus to destroy that which rests upon an older and more solid basis than any form of government—without which, indeed, there can be no such thing as government anywhere.

It is easy to see that the Pro-Slavery Party have selected this principle as the Malakoff of their peculiar institution. That the Federal Constitution recognizes slaves as property appears to be a plausible and comparatively innocent proposition. It has been repeated so often—its truth has been so generally assumed, and even Northern men have so frequently conceded it as a matter of fact, that Southern politicians, not without reason, count upon establishing it as a point of Constitutional law. When they have done this, they have done everything. They have access both to Territories and to States. They have established their right to carry Slaves into Federal Territory, and to hold them there in spite of Congress, in spite of Territorial Legislatures, and in spite of Constitutions. They have virtually annulled the laws and the action of all States which have abolished Slavery, and will have made their institution and its code just as universal, just as permanent, just as completely out of the reach of hostile legislation, as that general law of property which lies at the basis of all government, and, indeed, of all society. Mr. Wigfall says, "we ask *that* and we ask *nothing more!*" What a pattern of forbearance—what a model of moderation Mr. Wigfall is!

The Constitution of the United States does not recognize slaves as property at all. There is not a solitary section, phrase or syllable in it which countenances the assumption that slaves are property precisely as lands, horses, mules and hogs are property—to use the words of Mr. Wigfall. It does undoubtedly recognize Slavery; but it does even that only silently and by implication. But it gives not the slightest color or countenance to the doctrine that slaves are *only* property—that they are to be governed solely by the laws, which govern property—and that they have none of the rights which belong to persons. On the contrary, with studied and deliberate purpose, in each and every allusion which it makes to slaves, the Constitution speaks of them as *persons*—which they cannot possibly be if they are solely and exclusively *property*. If they are persons, they have personal rights: they are subjects of moral law:—they have certain spiritual powers and faculties of which no laws can divest them, and which no human power can ignore or disregard without committing a moral wrong. *Property* has no such rights,—no such faculties. The owner of a hog may fatten, kill and eat him if he pleases:—the owner of a slave cannot. A slave may be held accountable for his acts,—may be punished for theft,—may be guilty of murder:—a horse cannot. It is perfectly absurd to speak of the two as being alike *property*,—as holding to the law and the State precisely the same relation, in the same sense and to the same extent. The very terms—*person* and *property*—exclude the idea that they can be identical. A person cannot be property,—nor can that which is property possibly be clothed with the attributes and rights which are inseparable from personality. There may be property in certain *faculties* of a person,—property in his labor, property in the products of his genius,—property in his time, his services and his earnings;—but personality itself cannot be owned.

This is the view of Slavery which is apparent in the Constitution of the United States. No man has ever designated but three clauses in that instrument which refer to Slavery, directly or indirectly; and in each of these, slaves are spoken of distinctly and deliberately as *persons*. The clause which permits their importation until 1808, simply forbids the prohibition of "the migration or importation of such *persons* as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit." The clause which fixes their ratio of representation, merely declares that, to the whole number of *free* persons shall be added "three-fifths of all *other persons*;" and the clause which provides for the return of fugitive slaves, declares, with equal precision, not that fugitive *property* may be seized and reclaimed, but that "no *person* held to service or labor in one State" shall be discharged therefrom by the laws of any State into which he may escape. In each and every one of these clauses special care is taken to designate slaves as *persons*, and thus necessarily to exclude the idea that they are *property*. Their service, their labor, is due to—is owned by—others; but they do not, therefore—because they cannot—surrender any of the rights which always, from the necessity of the case, belong inalienably to persons everywhere.

In this sense the great mass of the Northern people concede the legal existence, and the Constitutional immunity of Slavery. They regard slaves as *persons* owing service and labor to their masters, by virtue of local laws or usages, which are recognized as valid by the Constitution of the United States. But they do not regard them, nor does the Federal Constitution regard them, as being thereby divested of the rights of persons—as being merely property, like Mr. Wigfall's "horses, lands, mules, and hogs." They are still persons—men and women, having rights and owing duties—with moral responsibilities and immunities, of which no law can deprive them, without being itself an outrage upon the law of universal humanity.

The North does not regard slaves as merely property, and can never be brought to do so under any circumstances; for such a concession would be to surrender their own control over Slavery within their own limits—to annul their own prohibitions of it, and to establish the law of Slavery, like the law of property, as the immovable basis and foundation, not only of the Federal Government, but of every State and every community in the Union. The claim of the South, so far as the South sanctions Mr. Wigfall's view,—as it seems inclined to do more and more every day,—is extravagant, and will never be conceded. It really marks the line of division between the two great parties and sections of the Union; and so long as it is persisted in and pressed, it is folly to hope for compromise or peace on this vexed question. It indicates a purpose on the part of the South to abdicate its most important duties toward the slaves,—to abandon all thought of treating them as persons, of respecting their rights, of recognizing any moral obligations towards them—and to place them in all respects upon the same level with their horses, lands, mules and hogs. Such an endeavor is unworthy of Southern men, and ought to be at once resented and resisted by them from a feeling of self-respect. Practically, thousands of them—the great mass, indeed, in our judgment—will never act upon such a doctrine; but they should never assent to its theoretical establishment or promulgation. Slaves are *persons*—in the view not only of the Federal Constitution, but of the laws and usages of the Southern States; and Mr. Wigfall's assertion that the South "draws no distinction between them and any other property" is a slander upon the Southern people, which they themselves should be the first to resent.

The Election.—Feeling in Washington.—The following is an extract of a private letter from a gentleman in Washington:

"The results of the elections in Connecticut and Rhode Island have called out no rejoicing from either party in Washington. The pervading feeling there appears to be one of deep solemnity, in view of the mighty interests involved in the great contest to come off next Fall. I have never witnessed so little desire to trifle or make merry about anything.

The Republicans are for the most part resolved and reckless. But the most intelligent portion of the party in Washington concur in the opinion that they must rally on more conservative ground, as much for the good of the country as to insure them any chance for success. Mr. Seward is the most worried man I notice. His manner, air, and conversation have entirely changed since the recent elections."

The result of the late elections in Connecticut and Rhode Island was certainly calculated to infuse more serious and grave reflection into the political contests of the day than usually attends the struggles of parties. The desperation which marked the canvass in both States was indicative of the stormiest and fiercest Presidential contest this country has ever seen;—while the strength shown by each party was sufficient to stimulate its hopes, without inducing a perilous over-confidence of success. In Connecticut the Democratic vote was very heavy, and a correspondent in New-Haven states that, but for the unequal distribution of Representatives, the vote for the new Legislature would have been quite as favorable for the Democrats as was that for Governor. The result, however, indicates that the people of Connecticut are Republican in sentiment, and that they will vote for the Republican candidate, unless something should occur to withdraw a portion of the party strength from his support. In Rhode Island the election shows that the Democrats and Conservatives united can carry the State;—the obvious inference is that the Republicans must prevent that union, if they hope to secure the electoral vote.

The Conventions of the two great parties are close at hand, and we shall soon have the curtain lifted upon the great drama which is to be enacted upon the political stage.

The Independence of Italy.

There is nothing more fascinating in the way of speculative science than the nebular theory of the astronomers. To imagine the magnificent evolution from mist and vapor, from mere inorganic chaos, of a new world, solid and splendid, prolific with life and glorious with light, is to assist in fancy at the most majestic spectacle which it can enter into the mind of man to conceive. And yet, for those who truly measure the worth and dignity of human welfare and of human progress, the political process now going on with such stately and steadfast steps in the Italian Peninsula, must have an interest scarce inferior. There, from the distractions and contradictions of an unnatural and intolerable Past, a great people, the acknowledged peers of the proudest nations of the earth in the grandest attributes of humanity, are now emerging, State by State, and province by province, to gravitate around one common centre into a new national unity and independence. Before the simple fact that, in this sixtieth year of the Nineteenth Century, the world is witnessing the practical realization of a purpose and a hope which have never died out of the brain and heart of Italy throughout all the trials and intrigues and temptations—all the discouragements and defeats and disappointments of five hundred years—the merely formal and diplomatic and temporary aspects of what we call the "Italian Question" are dwarfed and disappear. The "treaties of 1815," the "defences of Germany beyond the Alps," the "balance of power in Europe," are matters about which the small wise men who rule the world, according to Oxenstierna, with so very economical an expenditure of brains, may be allowed to prate in Parliaments and to prose in dispatches. The achievement of Italian independence, like the establishment of the American Republic, or the overthrow of feudalism in France, is an event which can only be justly estimated and fairly comprehended when it is looked at from the foreground of the Future.

For the point which has now been reached in the development of Italian affairs, practically amounts to the achievement of Italian independence. The acceptance by Victor Emanuel of the sovereignty offered him by Tuscany, the Romagna and the Central Duchies, has converted the ancient kingdom of Sardinia at once into a province of the modern kingdom of Italy—a kingdom stretching from the Alps and the Lago di Garda to the Orvietan and the Patrimony of St. Peter, maintained by the literally inexhaustible resources of the most fertile region of Europe, and defended by the strength of twelve millions of Italians.

The surrender of Savoy to France by the monarch of this new realm, which has been so industriously represented by the clamorous alarmists of the English Press as a humiliation to the King of Sardinia, a peril to the people of Italy and an outrage upon the mountaineers of the French Alps, will certainly strengthen rather than weaken the Italian State now growing into greatness. It leaves Italy to the Italians, literally and absolutely. Metternich used to condense the policy which he fondly fancied he had established over the Peninsula, into the assertion that Italy had become simply "a geographical expression," like India or Turcomania, representing a certain area of the earth's surface, but no nationality or humanity—no present or possible State. The irresistible movement of modern ideas, happily incarnated in the most powerful of contemporary sovereigns, has dashed this Metternich policy into pieces; and Italy not only is to be, but already is, a political reality in a very grave and serious sense. It is most fortunate for her future, therefore, that in thus becoming a reality, she has become an exclusively Italian reality. Savoy, which belonged to France before the Burgundian ancestors of Victor Emanuel began their southward progress into power and into fame, has always been and still is an essentially un-Italian State. The reconstitution of Savoy under the First Napoleon, upon the system adopted in France, struck root at once in the instincts and affections of the people; and the characteristics, alike social and administrative, of the Savoy of to-day, are altogether French. The people of Ireland do not differ more from those of Great Britain than do the Savoyards from the Piedmontese, the Tuscans and the Romagnols. It is quite possible, certainly, that the result of a popular vote taken in Savoy might be more favorable to the continued dominion of the Sardinian crown than the result of such a vote taken in Ireland would be to the maintenance of the union with England; for the House of Victor Emanuel has no such scores to settle with its Savoyard subjects as the cruel misgovernment of centuries has created between the Irish people and their foreign rulers. But so far as national sympathies, interests and hopes are concerned, Savoy moves with France, and not with Italy. In permitting Savoy, then, to take her natural course, the King of Sardinia frankly accepts his new destiny of a purely and proudly Italian monarch. The Italian States, newly combined under his sceptre, outnumber, by nearly two millions, the population of his hereditary Italian dominions; and although the seat of the royal government will probably be retained at Turin, as the simplest way of avoiding any unnecessary and dangerous questions of precedence among the numerous renowned and beautiful cities over which the tri-color of Italy is now floating in freedom, the substantial result of the great events which have followed so rapidly from the judicial madness of Austria, is the disappearance of the comparatively provincial independence of Sardinia in favor of the national independence, actual or prospective, of the entire Italian Peninsula.

Europe has chosen that for the present Venetia should be denied her part in this glorious revival. The foolishness of a decrepid fanatic in the Vatican condemns two millions more of Italians, for the present, to the vexations of tyranny and the perilous temptations of revolution. The idiocy of the young King of Naples, and the short-sighted wickedness of his nearest relations, who hope by driving him into the most frantic excesses of despotism to compel his abdication in favor of his ambitious brother, the Count de Trani, are rapidly rousing the Vesuvius of the South to an erruption which will doubtless sweep every vestige of the Bourbon dynasty from the Peninsula. In Venice, in Rome, in Naples, the present is full of troubles, the future uncertain and ominous. To conjure, or to control the storms which must sooner or later break from the blackness of Austrian brutality, Papal imbecility and Bourbon tyranny, will task to the uttermost the patience, the patriotism, and the statesmanship of that Italy which already lives and moves and has a national being. It is no holiday work which lies before these emancipated millions and their heroic King. But if the past be any warrant for the future, we cannot doubt it will be done, well, wisely and worthily, till the patriotic dreams of Petrarch himself shall one day pale before the great realities of free, prosperous and united Italy.

The New City Hall.—The bill authorizing the erection of a new City Hall—fixing its location on Madison-square, and authorizing a City debt of several millions of dollars for the purpose of building it, was defeated on Saturday—but only for want of votes. The probability, therefore, is that it will be taken up again—and possibly, passed. There is a great deal of "money in it," and all such bills have a wonderful tenacity of life. They will live as long, after the enacting clause has been stricken out, as a snake will after its head is off.

This bill has been amended twice. The first amendment proposed to leave the location of the new City Hall to the Common Council. Property speculators in the vicinity of Madison-square were not quite satisfied with this,—so it was changed again, and provision made for a legislative City Capitol on Madison-square, and a building for the Courts on the Park. In other words, we are to have *two* City Halls instead of one, and of course at double the cost! This is the shape of the bill as it stands now,—and probably it is the shape in which it will experience its resurrection.

We have several associations in this City formed for the special purpose of taking care of the City interests. One of them has been giving its attention to the location of the City Hall,—and there was a very general concurrence of opinion among its members, as there is everywhere, that it might be placed on Washington Heights or at Albany as well as on Madison-square. But one of its most prominent and active officers announced that he was of a different opinion;—that he owned a large establishment in the immediate vicinity of the square, and that he considered it his first duty to look after the welfare of his own property. The price of that would be increased by the proposed location;—whether the interests of the City would be promoted, he had not inquired. That man ought to be sent to the Senate.

The City Railroad Schemes.—Three or four of the City Railroad projects are probably destined to be passed to-day. Not the slightest regard has been paid, in any one of them, to the wants or conveniences of the City. Not a solitary provision has been inserted to secure their good management,—to promote the comfort or secure the rights of those who ride, or to fix the fare at any figure consistent both with justice to the public and liberal profits to the owners of the roads. Three or four new monopolies are simply created, and clothed with power to levy upon the laboring classes taxes sufficient to pay them thirty or forty per cent. upon every dollar they may invest in the roads!

There has been the faint glimmering of a hope that the competition of these new roads would compel the old ones to improve their management, and somewhat diminish their profits. But the Legislature is not blind even to this small chance of promoting the public welfare. The chink has been detected, and is to be stopped up forthwith. A bill has been reported to *consolidate* all the City Railroads. This will effectually destroy competition, and place the City absolutely and completely at the mercy of one gigantic and remorselessly avaricious monopoly. We wish there were any ground for hoping that the Governor would veto so iniquitous a bill.

The Charleston Convention.—A correspondent of the Charleston *Mercury* urges the necessity of keeping a regiment of their volunteer troops in readiness for service during the month of the Convention. Suggestions are constantly thrown out in the South Carolina journals of the propriety of being prepared for something unusual during the session. What does all this mean? What trouble is apprehended? Do the Charleston people anticipate insults, disorder and assault from the Convention and the Democrats whom it will bring together;—or do they fear that violence may be offered to them from some of their own unruly spirits? It certainly is very unusual to see such a commotion excited in any city by the prospect of a National Convention. We trust these forebodings will all prove to be empty and needless.

Enlarging the Field.—It is stated by one of our neighbors that the Congressional Investigating Committee has been questioning one of our correspondents as to where he obtained certain information published in the Times. We should like to know where they find their authority for such a proceeding. The resolution which prescribes their task, directs no inquiry into the affairs or the management of the Times, nor have they any right thus to drag them before the public. Their duty is confined to investigating the conduct of the Executive Department of the Government, of which the Times does not form a part. They will have enough to do if they perform their own duty thoroughly and satisfactorily.

Amusements.

Wallack's Theatre.—There is a kind of respectable piece—a sort of drama of well-dressed but scheming society—which can be played at Wallack's Theatre, and nowhere else. It depends on talk without epigram; scenes without situations; is dull, real and uninteresting, but polite and well-bred. With a company remarkable for its knowledge of the nicely toned commonplaces of society, Mr. Wallack can occasionally play such a piece. At any other house the feat would be dangerous, if not impossible. We are led naturally to these remarks by a consideration of the comedy called "Leading Strings," produced on Saturday night, and which, more than any other recent production, falls short of every ordinary critical excellence. The story is simply that of a step-mother who desires to wean her son from an affection which she conceives to be hasty and ill-founded. She does so, and effects a change in the gentleman's feelings by convincing him that the lady of his choice is a matrimonial schemer. A thread so taut and straight admits of no ingenious entanglement, and hence we look to the dialogue for our immediate sensations of pleasure. We were unable to detect any excellence in this specialty. Mr. Troughton, the author, has failed to say a good thing, and in point of fact, never, from beginning to end, attempts anything higher than a polite platitude. To account for the comparative success which the piece achieved, we must return to the original proposition, that Mr. Wallack's company *can* do things which at another house would provoke lockedjaw. Mrs. Hoey, as the step-mother, contrived by some unaccountable means, known only to herself, to make the part not only elegant, but interesting,—an achievement which we regard as marvelous. Dreary wastes of language bloomed with nice maternal meaning as this sterling actress hovered over them, and mere episodes became domestic epochs by the quiet naturalness of her intensity. Mr. Lester Wallack, too, was excellent, not only in a keen perception of the broad weariness of his part, but in the elaboration of innumerable little irritations, without which it would be absolutely nothing. To these two artists belong the success of the piece. Mr. Blake—dressed like a banker—impersonated a butler, and elicited some welcome merriment by grimacing and wearing his hands constantly in his pockets. For one or both of these achievements he was called out after the piece, and incited to make a little speech. Miss Gannon played with her usual arch vivacity, and was thoroughly good. The subordinate parts were respectably supported, and Mr. Lester Wallack announced the comedy for repetition to-night. We do not expect for it a long career.

Operatic.—The season will commence at the Academy of Music to-night, with Miss Adelaide Patti in the "Barbière."

At the Winter Garden, the season is announced to open on Wednesday, with "Lucia."

FROM THE PACIFIC.

Departure of the Japanese Embassy.

A JAPANESE MAN-OF-WAR AT SAN FRANCISCO.

Interesting from California, Oregon, British Columbia and the Sandwich Islands.

Springfield, Mo., Saturday, April 7.

The Overland mail-coach, with regular San Francisco dates to March 19, arrived here late last night.

San Francisco, Monday, March 19—12 M.

The Japanese steam corvette *Candinamarrah* arrived here on Saturday, the 14th, forty days from Jeddo. The vessel is of 250 tons burden, has a crew of fifty-seven men, carries ten guns, and was built three years ago for the Emperor of Japan, at a cost of $70,000. She is sent here by the Emperor to announce that the Japanese Embassy would leave Kanagawa by the United States steamer *Powhatan* on the 11th of February, *via* the Sandwich Islands and San Francisco. The object of the Emperor in sending a vessel to announce the coming of the Ambassadors is to manifest in this manner his high estimation of the American Government. No other armed vessel belonging to that nation has been permitted to leave its shores.

The *Candinamarrah* brings the officers and a portion of the crew of the United States schooner, *Fenimore Cooper*, recently wrecked; and at the request of the Emperor, Lieut. John N. Brooks, U. S. N., volunteered to assist the Japanese officers in making the voyage over the, to them, untried ocean.

The Chief Admiral of the Imperial Japanese navy comes by this vessel. She will remain here until the *Powhatan* arrives, and then return at once to Jeddo, to report the arrival of the Ambassadors and suite thus far on their journey.

The people of San Francisco are delighted at this manifestation of good feeling on the part of the Japanese government, and will do everything possible to entertain their visitors, hoping thereby to stimulate the lucrative trade which has already commenced between this country and the empire of Japan.

Arrived, 17th, ship *Reporter*, from New-York; 18th, *Archer*, from New-York, and *Flora*, from Hong Kong.

Since the last overland mail, the market has been without interest, and with no sales worthy of note. Advices from Hong Kong to Jan. 14 favor the sugar movement, and will give rise a further upward tendency. Money is easy on collateral, but no paper, unless very choice, is discounted.

The shipment of treasure to-morrow will be about $1,500,000.

The rates of passage to New-York by the steamer *Sonora*, which sails to-morrow, are: First cabin, $140; steerage, $90. These rates, it is understood, will be permanent. About 400 passengers will go by the *Sonora*.

The export of wheat continues; 10,000 sacks are on board ship for Callao, and 12,000 more have been purchased for Australia, at the rate of about two cents per pound.

Tilburn W. Boggs, formerly Governor of Missouri but a resident of California since 1846, died at his residence in Napa on the 24th instant, aged 63 years.

A brisk emigration has commenced from all parts of the State for the Washoe mines. The correspondents of all the leading California papers tell the same story concerning these mines—that the country bordering on the Sierra Nevada Mountains on the eastern side, is a vast region of minerals, and wonderfully rich in silver and gold, although a large number of our people continue to doubt the reliability of these accounts, which are probably exaggerated. The popular confidence in Washoe is gaining ground. The latest discovery reported is a new strike on the Comstock lead, a mile and a half from Virginia City. These diggings are said to be as rich as at the original opening of the same lead. Laborers are asking $5 per day, and hard to get at that, as all men are looking out for claims of their own.

From Oregon and Washington.

Oregon advices to the 12th of March are received. The proposition for a joint Convention, representing Oregon and Washington Territory, to urge Congress to build the Pacific Railroad from St. Paul to the Columbia River, on the ground of that being the best route, and the one enlisting interest, is strongly and urgently advocated by the Oregon Press.

The *Oregonian* is in receipt of a letter from parties in the Similkamen mines, confirming the generally-received opinion that they are rich and extensive.

Gen. Palmer was at the Dalles, making preparations for opening a wagon-road to the mines, $3,000 having been subscribed for that purpose.

The Washington papers also contain favorable accounts from Similkamen, where, it was said, rich auriferous quartz had been found. The river had been prospected ninety miles, and found rich as far as examined. Gold diggings had also been discovered on the Nova Ilpiticum, a stream entering the Columbia near Fort Colville.

The Assessors' reports make the white population of Washington Territory about 70,000, and the taxable property $3,000,000.

From British Columbia.

The latest dates from British Columbia are to the 14th. The ship *Princess Royal* was soon to sail from Victoria for London, with $60,000 worth of furs for the Hudson Bay Company.

The Indians on Vancouver's Island were becoming very troublesome, and were constantly committing robberies and other outrages on the roads.

The Victoria *Colonist* says: Since the 1st of April last eleven wholesale jobbing houses, with an aggregate capital of $200,000, have closed their business here. Still, Victoria is improving rapidly.

Within a month one-third of the population of Victoria had gone to the Frazer River mines.

From the Sandwich Islands.

The bark *Francis Palmer* brings news from the Sandwich Islands to the 28th ult., six days later.

The ship *Siren* arrived from Honolulu on the 23d of February, from Boston, and had already engaged a return cargo of oil and bone for New-Bedford.

Letters from Hilo state that the volcano at Kilauea was in great activity.

King Kamehameha had returned to Honolulu from Tahaiua, where he had been on a visit to Mr. Neilson, his private secretary, whom he shot some time since in a fit of jealousy.

Washington's birthday was generally celebrated at Honolulu. Trade there had been very dull for three months.

Extension of the California Telegraph.

St. Louis, Saturday, April 7.

The California Telegraph line, *via* the Butterfield Overland Mail route, was extended to Springfield, Mo., eighteen miles beyond Meloy's Station, yesterday, and a large force of men are at work pushing it forward to Fort Smith, on the southwestern border of Arkansas. Advices from California by the last mail state that the line on that side is being rapidly extended from Fresno City this way, and it is expected it will reach Los Angeles by the 1st of July; thence to Fort Yuma it will be built with all possible speed. With telegraphic communication to Fort Smith on this side, and Los Angeles on the other, it will be very easy for the Mail Company to reduce the time between New-York and San Francisco to ten days, as the roads between the first-named points will admit of very rapid traveling. The tariff from St. Louis to Springfield, Mo., is seventy cents for the first ten words and seven cents for each additional word.

From Mexico.

ADDITIONAL BY THE SAVANNAH—RETREAT OF MIRAMON—ANOTHER VESSEL CAPTURED BY AN AMERICAN STEAMER.

Pensacola, Thursday, April 5.

The United States steamer *Brooklyn*, with Mr. McLane, the United States Minister, had not arrived at Vera Cruz when the *Savannah* sailed.

Miramon commenced withdrawing his forces from before Vera Cruz on the morning of March 21.

Gen. Miramon was retreating towards the Capital.

The Juarez forces were so nearly out of powder that it is believed had Miramon remained longer he would have succeeded in capturing the city.

On the evening of the 23d the United States steamer *Indianola* brought to an anchor off the city a bark which it had captured southward, in the neighborhood of Alvarado.

The bark bore the Spanish colors, and professed

be bound to Galveston, Texas. The captain gave as an excuse for being found so near the Mexican coast that his compass was disordered.

Bloody Affray in Massachusetts.

ONE MAN KILLED AND TWO WOUNDED.

BOSTON, Saturday, April 7.

At South Reading, last night, MICHAEL FOLEY was killed, and two of his friends wounded, one supposed mortally, by HENRY THOMPSON. The Foley party were celebrating a wedding in a part of THOMPSON's house. They became noisy and riotous, when THOMPSON started for the police, was pursued and attacked, whereupon he stabbed his three assailants.

MICHAEL FOLEY, the man who was killed by THOMPSON, was a son of JOHN FOLEY, who occupied the upper part of THOMPSON's house. THOMPSON has made a full statement of the affair. He said he had determined to prosecute the first man who became drunk in his house; and that, having vainly attempted to quiet the disturbance in FOLEY's apartments, he went to find a constable at 2 o'clock in the morning, and that, having been followed and beaten by the three men, he used a knife in self-defence. He is in jail at East Cambridge waiting examination. THOMPSON is an Englishman, a laborer, and has the reputation of a steady man. The house in which the trouble originated is his own property.

From Kansas.

MORE TROUBLE THREATENED IN LINN AND BOURBON COUNTIES.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., Saturday, April 7.

Information from Southern Kansas gives rise to apprehensions of serious trouble in Linn and Bourbon counties, growing out of alleged violations of the amnesty act. An attempt recently made by the Deputy Marshal to arrest Capt. MONTGOMERY was effectually resisted. Considerable interest is manifested in this city in regard to the approaching trial of the rescuers of the alleged fugitive slave CHARLEY FISHER. The trial commences on Monday next, before Judge PETTIT, of the United States District Court. The river has commenced receding slowly at this point. The weather is warm and dry.

Political Demonstrations.

RATIFICATION MEETING AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, April 7.

The city is considerably enlivened this evening by the torchlight processions of numerous political clubs of the Democratic and People's parties. Large ratification meetings have been held by both parties as an opening of the Spring municipal campaign. There is much enthusiasm, and prominent men are speaking on both sides.

DEMOCRATIC REJOICINGS AT HARTFORD.

HARTFORD, Saturday, April 7.

The Democrats of Hartford fired one hundred guns this afternoon for Rhode Island and the Democratic gains in Connecticut.

The Canadian Line of Steamers.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR NEXT SUMMER.

TORONTO, C. W., Saturday, April 7.

Hon. SIDNEY SMITH has left for England. The *Globe* of this morning states that he goes to make arrangements for the Canadian steamers to call at Derry, instead of Cork, and that EDMONSTONE, ALLEN & Co. are to put a steamer between Glasgow and Derry. A steamer is also to be put on between Nova Scotia and River Du Loup, to connect with the ocean steamers. A party is to start very soon to survey the route for a line of telegraph from Belle Isle to the Island of Anticosti.

Fires.

FORTY BUILDINGS AT MANCHESTER, OHIO.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, April 7.

A fire, last Thursday, at Manchester, Ohio, 12 miles above Maysville, destroyed forty buildings. Loss $50,000; insurance not known.

CLEVELAND (OHIO) INSTITUTE.

CLEVELAND, Saturday, April 7.

The Cleveland Institute was partially burned to-day, in consequence of which it will be closed during the Summer. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

Fatal Accident from Blasting.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Saturday, April 7.

A man named DUNHAM was killed to-day in the Middlesex quarry by the premature explosion of a blast. He was blown into the air some thirty feet, and fell upon the rock, wounding him so that he lingered but a few hours.

The Knights of the Golden Circle.

RICKLEY REMOVED FROM THE COMMAND.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, April 7.

The Knights of the Golden Circle met yesterday and expelled Major BICKLEY, and appointed Col. GREENOUGH as Commander-in-Chief of the organization.

The Assets of W. E. Clark.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, April 7.

The assets of W. E. CLARK will meet his liabilities.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

MR. FITZGERALD TASISTRO'S RECITATIONS.—The unpretending announcement that Mr. TASISTRO would recite SHAKESPEARE'S "Hamlet," at Dodworth's Hall, on last Thursday evening, drew together an audience of about two hundred persons, which, under the circumstances, was a marked compliment to his reputation as an elocutionist and interpreter of SHAKESPEARE'S text. Mr. TASISTRO began by making a few introductory explanations as to the causes which had induced him to commit to memory some of the most sublime creations of the immortal bard, and then proceeded with the business of the play in a style at once novel and surprising. As his announcement led us to infer, he uses no book or memoranda of any kind, but recites every part from memory with perfect fidelity to the text, modulating his voice, which possesses great flexibility, so as to place each character before the audience in its proper light. These remarkable changes of intonation constituted the distinguishing trait of Mr. TASISTRO's performance throughout, while the great soliloquies were delivered with a degree of pathos and nicety of distinction which are seldom equaled on the stage. The audience was highly delighted, and the applause was loud and spontaneous. That Mr. TASISTRO will make his mark in this new sphere of intellectual exertion, there can be little doubt; and since SHAKESPEARE has been, as it were, banished from the stage by the sensation drama, it is pleasant to witness the success of a gentleman in bringing them, in a still more striking form, before the public. We presume these recitations will be continued.

EASTER.—Lent is over. The fasting, the mortification, the special devotion which that penitential season exacts from many of those who assume to be Christians, are, it is to be presumed, at an end. Yesterday was Easter day—a day kept as a popular festival in every Christian land on the old Continent. Here, however, we have no such merry-makings, no such fun, no public rejoicings, no jubilant crowds of children trundling their hard and purple-dyed eggs over the bright green sward. The fact is, we have other business to mind. And yet Easter is a memorable festival. It recalls to the Christian an event not less in its religious importance than Christmas. While the latter commemorates Christ's nativity, the former brings to mind his glorious resurrection. Of the two, this one of Easter may, in one sense, be regarded as the more suggestive, inasmuch as his ascent from the tomb occurred on a bright Spring morning, when the bursting buds appear on the hitherto bare branches. In the Episcopalian and Catholic Churches yesterday the day was observed with all the religious pageantry which such a joyous festival warrants. In Trinity Church and the Catholic Cathedral the services were particularly imposing.

A LADY IN LIQUOR.—A painful sight was witnessed, on Friday, by residents in the lower part of Twentieth-street, and one we believe to be of very rare occurrence in this City; a young lady, elegantly dressed, the daughter of highly respectable parents residing in the vicinity, was seen in that street, in a state of gross intoxication, followed by a crowd of boys who were hooting and yelling at her, but to whom she paid no heed. A Policeman fortunately saw her in time to save her from further, though perhaps merited, indignity, and conducted her to the residence of her afflicted parents. In the same street and on the same day, some brutes, calling themselves men, had enticed a little boy, not over ten years of age, into a low groggery in that street near the Sixth-avenue, and induced him to drink until he was nearly crazy, and then he was let loose to see how he would act. He commenced throwing stones at every passer-by without regard to age or sex, and was finally taken in by a Policeman, who promised to make every effort to discover and bring to punishment the wretches who were guilty of such infamous conduct.

NEW YORK MERCHANTS AND THE ATLANTA CHURCH ORGAN.—The Atlanta (Geo.) *Locomotive* reports the proceedings of a public meeting of citizens of that place, called to express the gratitude of the townsmen to certain New-York merchants, who presented a handsome organ to the Central Presbyterian Church, an act which was praised as a deed of "munificent liberality," and in consideration of which the Atlanteans promise to "recognize their common brotherhood" with the mercantile firms aforesaid, whose names figure in the resolutions as follows:—Messrs. Claflin, Mellen & Co., J. R. Jaffray & Sons, Phelps, Bliss & Co., Arnold, Constable & Co., Allen, McLane & Bulkley, Eno, Bulen & Valentine, Cameron, Edwards & Co., B. M. & E. A. Whitlock & Co., Paton & Co., A. Bragg & Warren, Roberts, Rhodes & Co., W. H. Lee & Co., H. Tole, Cooke, Dowd & Baker, Tracy, Irwin & Co., and George E. L. Hyatt, gentlemen of New-York City.

A CHAPTER OF CASUALTIES.—GEO. W. TUERS, a lad 12 years of age, whose father was murdered some two months since, fell from a pile of lumber at No. 162 Monroe-street, on Saturday afternoon, and broke one leg and both wrists. He was removed to the residence of his mother, No. 225 Monroe-street, and placed under a physician's care....Mr. JOHN SMITH was found lying in Seventh-avenue, near Thirty-second-street, by Policeman HART, having been rendered insensible by a fall on the curb-stone. Through the attention of Dr. WATTS he was partially restored, and subsequently was sent to Bellevue Hospital.... On Saturday night, WM. NICHOLAS, a member of Fire Engine Company No. 44, was run over by another engine at the corner of Second-avenue and Second-street. His shoulder was dislocated, and he received severe internal injuries.

GRIEVOUS DISAPPOINTMENT.—Every lady reader of the TIMES knows, of course, that a law of fashion, sanctioned by usage, demands the exhibition on Easter Sunday of the Spring novelties in the way of bonnets, mantillas, &c., and the churches on that day (weather permitting,) are expected to present an array of elegant newness, charming to behold. Yesterday, however, was a *dies non* for the fair votaries of fashion, and the hats and mantillas laid out on the evening before for service on the morrow, were returned to their depositories, and doubtless with many a sigh. However, opportunity will always be found by those who choose to make it, and Broadway will have all the benefit of the storm in the increased display which the first sunshine will call forth.

OLD LANDMARKS GOING.—One by one the landmarks of past days are fading away from the lower part of the City, and among the last which has fallen before the march of improvement, is the venerable French Catholic Church of St. Xavier, in Canal-street, near Broadway, whose congregation sometime since removed to their elegant new church in West Twenty-third-street. On the site of St. Xavier's Church, an elegant marble store is to be erected, the first which has been commenced on that side of Canal-street, though we are informed that parties are in treaty for other lots on the same block, with a view of erecting handsome stores.

CONFINED IN A FERRY-HOUSE.—A female named CATHARINE LENYG, on her way to Brooklyn, was seized with the pains of labor in the Hamilton Ferry-house, last evening. Attention was at once attracted to her case. Medical assistance, and the Police, in the person of Sergeant BERVOORT, were summoned, and the Ferry-house converted, for the nonce, into a lying in hospital. The new comer, who proved to be a lusty boy, was named on the spot EASTER LENYG. The pair were removed to the City Hospital. The husband of the mother departed for the South on Saturday morning, leaving her in a friendless condition.

A MONUMENT TO TEMPERANCE IN THE CENTRAL PARK.—The Father Mathew Benevolent Temperance Association hold their annual ball to-night at the City Assembly Rooms. The *fête* will, no doubt, be graced by all the beauty and gallantry that the most ardent and devoted of its patrons could desire. An additional claim, in its behalf, on the public attention, consists in the fact that the Committee of Management have, through their Chairman, Mr. E. L. CAREY, projected the erection of a monument in the Central Park to Father MATTHEW, and not only intend to devote the proceeds of their ball to that object, but ask the public to aid them by personal donations.

THE HARBOR OBSTRUCTIONS.—On Saturday the operation of removing shad-poles from the North River to a point as high up as Spuyten Duyvil Creek was continued by the Harbor Police. Not a great many poles were taken up, however, as the owners, in the majority of instances, pleaded so earnestly for time to pull up their property themselves that the officer in command accorded it, simply admonishing them of the necessity to be expeditious in their movements. To-day the police resume operations.

A FAREWELL SERMON POSTPONED.—The Methodist Church in Greene-street was filled to overflowing last evening, in anticipation of a farewell discourse from the pastor, Rev. Mr. CORBITT, but the reverend gentleman did not make his appearance. He has been suffering for several days past with a severe attack of neuralgia, and although he was able to fill his pulpit yesterday morning, yet a subsequent attack of the disease later in the day rendered it impossible for him to fulfill his evening's engagement.

THE NEW-YORK TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.—At a meeting of this Association, held on Saturday evening, delegates were chosen to represent it at the National Typographical Union, which assembles at Nashville, May 6, 1860. Several ballots were had before Messrs. THOMAS J. WALSH, of the New-York TIMES Office, and HENRY M. FAILING, of the *Daily News*, were declared elected. The delegates were instructed to invite the National body to hold its succeeding session in this City.

APRIL SHOWERS.—The long-standing complaints about dusty streets and empty cisterns were hushed yesterday by plentiful showers, which began to fall shortly after daylight, and continued until 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The wind blew chill from the eastward, and toward evening died away, leaving the river enveloped in a fog, which, however, was not so dense as to materially obstruct navigation. The condition of the streets was perceptibly improved by the rain.

A BRAZILIAN MEN-OF-WARSMEN AT THE CITY HALL.—A group of the officers attached to his Brazilian Majesty's sloop-of-war *Donna Isabella* met with a cordial reception, upon visiting the City Hall on Saturday, to pay their respects to his Honor the Mayor. The vessel is to leave within the fortnight for Rio de Janeiro. In the interval his Honor has consented to return the call of the officers, upon her quarter deck.

FOR EUROPE.—The screw-steamer *City of Washington*, Capt. JEFFREY, left this port on Saturday, at noon, for Liverpool, *viâ* Queenstown carrying 164 passengers. She took no specie. The *Illinois*, Capt. GRIFFIN, for Southampton and Havre, carried 95 passengers, and $300,380 in specie, $100,000 of which was in Mexican silver.

STRAWBERRIES.—The steamship *Star of the South*, which arrived on Saturday from Savannah, brought on a quantity of strawberries, the first of the season; she also brought some lettuce, radishes and other early vegetables.

REPORT OF THE NEW-YORK HOSPITAL TO APRIL 6, 1860.—Remaining on Nov. 30, 227; admitted to April 6, 50; discharged, cured or relieved, 47; died, 8; remaining at date, 222. Males, 183; females, 39.

Police Reports.

SUPPOSED FATAL ASSAULT.

For a long time a bitter rivalry has existed between the proprietors of two dance-houses in the First Ward, each of whom had enlisted on his side the sailors who resorted at the respective establishments. On Thursday night an open rupture occurred between the frequenters of the *salon* No. 161 Washington-street, kept by one Freidschutz, who, having gone to the place of Martin Butts, corner of Carlisle and West streets, commenced an assault upon its patrons. The fight resulted, however, in no material injury to the combatants, except that Butts, it is said, discharged a pistol at one of the assailants, the ball from which missed its mark and inflicted a slight wound in the leg of his own wife. At a late hour on Friday night, Henry Dedrickson, a Swedish sailor, who is said to have been one of the attacking party on the previous night, was knocked down with either a club or a slung-shot by a member of the antagonistic clique, several of whom were standing at the corner of Carlisle and West streets, as he, partially intoxicated, passed by them on his way to his boarding house, conducted by a sober acquaintance. The outcries of the injured man's companion attracted Officer Ryan to the scene of the assault, but the assailants had secreted themselves before he came up. Dedrickson, who had been rendered insensible by the blow, was removed to the New-York Hospital, where it was found that his skull had been terribly fractured, and the physician pronounced his injuries to be of a fatal character. He still remains at the institution, and has not yet returned to consciousness. A man named John Greenwood was subsequently arrested on suspicion of having been one of Dedrickson's assailants, and after an extended search Sergeant Denton finally apprehended one Jeremiah Murphy at a seaman's boarding house in Oliver-street, who, from the statement of a young man who witnessed the assault, is thought to be the person by whom the murderous blow was struck. Justice CONNOLLY committed both prisoners to the Tombs.

Fires.

IN A GROCERY—THE PROPRIETOR ARRESTED FOR INCENDIARISM.

Flames were discovered, soon after 4 o'clock on Saturday morning, in the grocery No. 110 East Twenty second-street, kept by TULLY MCDONALD, and before they could be extinguished, the contents of the store were destroyed. The upper part of the building was occupied by several families, who were driven back by the smoke in their efforts to escape by the hall-way, and some of the more frightened among them lowered themselves by means of bed-cords from the windows. From certain circumstances connected with the matter, MCDONALD was arrested on suspicion of having intentionally fired his premises, and Justice KELLY committed him, pending the result of the Fire-Marshal's investigation. The prisoner is the same man who was nearly killed, a few months since, by a Hungarian who suspected him of being too intimate with his wife, and his face is shockingly disfigured by the scars he received on that occasion. His stock, which was worth about $200, was insured for $700 in the Eagle Insurance Company. The furniture of the tenants was injured to the exent of $100, and was uninsured. The building is owned by JOHN HEGEMAN, and it will cost $400 to repair it. It is insured in the North River Company.

IN A DWELLING-HOUSE—ARREST OF ANOTHER SUSPECTED INCENDIARY.

The small frame building, No. 29½ Cornella-street, was discovered to be on fire between 5 and 6 o'clock yesterday morning, under the stairs leading to the sleeping apartment of JAMES BURNS, the proprietor of a grocery on the first floor. The fire was quickly put out, when an investigation developed the fact that several bundles of kindling-wood, upon which camphene had been poured, had been placed where the fire was discovered. BURNS' stock is said to be worth about $150, and as he had it insured for $500 in the Hamilton Insurance Company, he is suspected of having made the incendiary attempt, and is now in custody awaing an investigation of the matter by the Fire Marshal.

IN A STABLE—HORSES BURNED.

At 8 o'clock on Saturday evening the stables Nos. 3 and 5 Staple-street, occupied by ex-Alderman H. R. HOFFMIRE, were totally destroyed, involving a loss on harness, wagons, &c., of about $300, upon which there was no insurance. Two horses, valued at $100 each, owned by A. W. FRASER, glass case maker, were burned to death. The fire extended to the rear of Mr. CHARLES W. LEWIS' paint store, No. 71 Hudson-street, damaging the stock by fire and water to the extent of $600 or $800, fully insured. Some mischievous lads are believed to have caused the fire.

IN A MACHINE-SHOP.

About 11½ o'clock on Saturday night the stock and fixtures in the store of the "New-York Lathe and Tool Manufactory," in rooms Nos. 3 and 4 Harlem Railroad Building, corner of White and Centre streets, were injured by fire to the extent of $700. Insured for $1,000 in the Quaker City Company. The materials in the printing office of THOMAS HOLMAN, adjoining, were slightly damaged by water. Fully insured. Sparks from the forge are supposed to have caused the fire.

ON BOARD A VESSEL.

Soon after 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon a fire broke out near the galley on board the herm. brig *A. Hopkins*, Capt. MURRAY, loading at Pier No. 12 North River, for Galveston, Texas. The flames were extinguished by closing the scuppper holes, and saving several casks of water which lay on the deck, but not until the foremast and fore rigging had been damaged to the extent of $1,200. The vessel is fully insured; her cargo was not injured.

ANOTHER STABLE AND MORE HORSES BURNED.

From some unknown cause, a fire broke out about 2¾ o'clock yesterday morning in the frame stable belonging to Mrs. MAHON, in Thirty-second-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, and two of the six horses which were in at the time were burned to death. The stable, harness, hay, &c., were totally destroyed, involving a loss of $800, upon which there was no insurance. Mrs. MAHON's dwelling in the front part of the lot was damaged about $100; uninsured.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The work on the Brooklyn Academy of Music is advancing very rapidly. The walls at both ends, and the rear wall, are up to the third story, and the front wall is up to the second story. The front is to be constructed with the best kind of pressed brick, with stone trimmings, and the work throughout is of the most substantial character. It will be completed by the 1st of December next.

MORTALITY.—There were 123 deaths in this city last week, classified as follows: Men, 18; women, 21; boys, 45; girls, 39; adults, 39; children, 84; males, 63; females, 60. There were 13 deaths each, by consumption, inflammation of the lungs, and convulsions, (infantile;) 12 of scarlet fever, 3 by other fevers, and 1 by old age. *Sixty-nine* were under 5 years of age. Ninety-six were natives of the United States.

ARSON.—NOAH L. BROWN, arrested a few days ago by Officer MUNSON, of the First Precinct Police, on suspicion of having set fire to a carpenter's shop on De Kalb-avenue, and to a stable in Fulton-place, was examined before Justice CORNWELL, on Saturday, and fully committed to await the action of the Grand Jury.

ESCAPE OF A PRISONER.—A man named BENJAMIN CARSON escaped while being taken to jail, Saturday, to await examination upon a charge of stealing.

BURGLARY.—The house of HENRY STONE, No. 10 Carroll-place, was entered Saturday evening last, and robbed of silver-ware valued at $100.

Jersey City.

JERSEY CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT.—The representatives of the Jersey City Fire Department made the following nominations on Friday night: For Chief Engineer—Samuel A. French, present incumbent. Assistants—First District—John D. Nolan, Adrian B. Reynolds and Wm. J. Stephens. Second District—John Beatty, Isaac Edge and Charles Cook. Third District—Smith Mead, J. Jardine and Thomas Howe. Fourth District—P. H. Nugent, J. Lincks and John G. Haybeck. Fire Commissioners—J. V. Thurston and B. McGulgan.

BRUTAL ASSAULT UPON AN ORGAN-GRINDER.—A man named LAWRENCE CURTIS was taken before Recorder BEDFORD, in Jersey City, on Saturday morning, charged with having committed a violent assault upon an Italian organ-grinder named NICHOLS AMATTO. Without the least provocation CURTIS aimed a heavy blow at the Italian's head with a heavy stick of wood, which he warded off by throwing up his arm, upon which a severe cut was inflicted. Accused was sent to jail to await trial.

AMERICAN CHARTER NOMINATIONS.—The straight out Americans of Jersey City, on Saturday night, made the following nominations: For Mayor, DAVID S. MANNERS; Water Commissioner, long term, JACOB B. WORTENDYKE; short term, BENJAMIN O. EDGE; Assessors, First and Second Wards, RICHARD CAMP; Third and Fourth Wards, SMITH MEADE; Collector, JOHN B. HAIGHT.

FIRST WARD NOMINATIONS.—The Democratic delegates of the First Ward, Jersey City, on Saturday night nominated for Aldermen—Wm. Clark and Theodore F. Randolph. Chosen Freeholder—Daniel Thomas. Commissioner of Appeals—John S. Schank. Justice of the Peace—Andrew McMillen. Constable—Michael Lee.

Singer's Sewing Machines.
AN ENTIRE NEW STYLE,
Designed for all manufacturing purposes. Noiseless in its operation, very rapid, and capable of every kind of work, it is the best machine ever produced. Price only $116.
I. M. SINGER & CO.,
No. 458 Broadway.

Fire-Proof Safes.
STEARNS & MARVIN,
No. 40 MURRAY-ST., New-York.

Iron Building Materials—As Iron Store and Bank Fronts, Columns, Girders, Beams, Shutters, &c., Fine Iron Work of every description, for building purposes, manufactured at JAMES L. JACKSON & BROTHER'S Iron Works, 28th-st., 2d-av. and 29th-st.

Meyer's Miraculous Vermin Destroyer.
THE OLDEST AND BEST REMEDY KNOWN for the extermination of Bugs, Roaches, Ants, Moths, Fleas Rats, Mice, and every species of vermin. Sold at the Principal Dépôt, No 612 Broadway, and by all druggists everywhere. Price from 25 cts. to $1 per box.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING AND RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine.
They are the favorites for families.—*Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*Tribune.*
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Spalding's Prepared Glue.
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
Manufactured by H. C. SPALDING & CO.,
P. O. address, Box No. 3,600. No. 48 Cedar-st.

Perry's Japanese
BOOT AND SHOE POLISH.
Splendid gloss. No rubbing. Soils nothing.
Sold everywhere. JAPANESE POLISH CO.,
No. 447 Broome-st., one door west of Broadway.

J. & M. T. Levitt, No. 19 Maiden-lane, New-York, and No. 31 Minories, London, having this day disposed of their New-York business to Mr. J. H. BRADBURY, their late Agent, solicit a continuance of the patronage with which they have been favored.
J. & M. T. LEVITT. No. 31 Minories, London.

Refering to the above, J. H. BRADBURY has much pleasure in informing his friends and the public that he will continue to supply the same styles and descriptions of Watches and Watch-Movements, which have hitherto given such unqualified satisfaction, at the same office, No. 19 Maiden-lane, and invites an inspection of his stock, which comprises the newest styles, in various qualities, all offered at the lowest market rates and on the best terms.
J. H. BRADBURY, No. 19 Maiden-lane.
NEW-YORK, April 2, 1860.

Only for this month.—Dr. E. B. FOOT, the celebrated Physician and Electrician, of Saratoga Springs, and author of Medical Common Sense, will positively leave this city to open his Summer office in Saratoga on the 1st of May. All who have difficult chronic diseases should call and consult him at once at his Winter Office, 546 Broadway. Office hours from 1 to 6 P. M. Consultation free.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is removed to No. 16 Bond-st. Twelve private rooms for the application of his Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all. This is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Household Furniture Sale.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. (store No. 23 Nassau-st.) will give their personal attention (as usual) to the sale of persons removing or declining housekeeping. They will also have regular sales during the season at their store, for the convenience of those who may desire this medium of sale.

Parker Brothers' celebrated London Club Sauce is superior to all others now in use, and sold at a much less rate. Indispensable at the breakfast, lunch or dinner table. One has only to procure a bottle from any respectable grocer to test its savory qualities. Orders supplied by A. J. PARKER, No. 15 Beekman-st., sole agent for the United States.

Dr. Riggs' Truss Office is Removed to Astor House, entrance on Barclay-st. New instruments for varicocele, enlarged veins, Prolapsus and Hemorrhoids. Also, Supporters, Braces and all surgical appliances.

Defiance Salamander Safes.—With Patent Powder-Proof Locks and Cross-Bars. Also, Fire and Burglar-Proof Sideboard and Parlor Safes. No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place. ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Sewing Machines.—GEORGE B. SLOAT & CO.'S CELEBRATED ELLIPTIC LOCK-STITCH AND SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES.
G. H. COLLINS, No. 480 Broadway.

What Can I Do Best?—By securing a careful Phrenological Examination at FOWLER & WELLS', No. 308 Broadway, with a Chart and written description of character, you will learn what you can do best.

Kerosene and all other brands of Coal Oils, foreign and domestic; also, Paraffine Candles, for sale by HORATIO EAGLE, Agent, No. 254 Canal-st., near Broadway.

Straw Goods at Retail at Wholesale Prices, FOR THIRTY DAYS, AT NO. 339 BROADWAY. STORE WILL OPEN THIS MORNING, APRIL 9, AT 10 O'CLOCK.

MARRIED.

CANE—WILKINS.—In this City, on Thursday evening, April 5, at the residence of the bride's brother, by Rev. E. T. PRESCOTT, Mr. THOMAS K. CANE to Miss PARNELLA WILKINS, all of this City.

☞ Boston papers please copy.

VANDERPOEL—VANDERPOEL.—In this City, on Thursday, April 5, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Edward Lathrop, JOHN VANDERPOEL to Miss MARY E., eldest daughter of Jacob Vanderpoel, Esq., all of this City.

DIED.

MEGRIN.—In this City, on Friday, April 6, after a lingering illness, PAUL MEGRIN, in the 64th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, April 9, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 105 Prince st.

BUTTS.—In this City, on Sunday morning, April 8, after a short illness, MULFORD BUTTS, aged 35 years.

The friends are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services, on Tuesday morning, April 10, at 10 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 44 Carmine-st., near Bleecker. The remains will be taken to Poughkeepsie for interment.

BEATON.—In this City, on Sunday morning, April 8, at the residence of her brother in-law, John Priestley, after a short illness, Miss MARY BEATON, aged 55 years.

Her friends, and those of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from St. Luke's Church, Hudson-st., on Tuesday, April 10, at 4 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

O'MEARA.—In this City, on Saturday, April 7, at his residence, No. 5 East 30th-st., near 5th av., JOHN O'MEARA, aged 33 years.

A Solemn High Mass of Requiem will be celebrated for the repose of his soul, on Tuesday morning, April 10, at 10 o'clock, in St. Stephen's Church, 28th-st., (Rev. Dr. Cummings.) His friends, and those of his family, are requested to attend without further invitation.

☞ California papers please copy.

WOODS.—In this City, on Friday evening, April 6, WILLIAMSON, son of James H. Woods, in the 22d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Rev. Dr. Adams' Church, on Madison square, this day, (Monday,) at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

HERRING.—In this City, on Friday evening, April 6, WILLIAM FORD, aged 1 year and 4 months, only child of William and Mary E. Herring.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of his parents, East 30th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., (entrance opposite No. 12,) this day, (Monday,) April 9, at 11 o'clock.

HICKS.—In this City, on the 6th of Fourth Month, ELIAS HICKS, son of Sarah H. and the late Elias Hicks, aged 17 years.

The funeral will take place, at the residence of his mother, No 211 East Broadway, on Third Day, (Tuesday,) the 10th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

FROUDFOOT.—In this City, on Sunday morning, April 8, in the 73d year of her age, ANN TAYLOR, daughter of the late Lawrence Froudfoot.

The friends of the family, and of her son, Lawrence F. Bostwick, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her brother in-law, James Van Antwerp, No. 41 East 12th-st., at 3 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. Her remains will be taken to Newcastle, Westchester County, for interment, on Wednesday morning.

ROBINSON.—In this City, on Sunday morning, April 8, of membranous croup, NELLIE, the youngest child of William E. and Helen A. Robinson, aged 23 months.

Funeral, without further notice, from the residence of its grandfather, George Dougherty, No. 67 Market-st., Newark, this (Monday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

GRAHAM.—In this City, on Saturday, April 7, FRANCIS GRAHAM, aged 38 years and 5 months.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on Tuesday morning, April 10, at 9 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 100 West 16th-st.

SHEAR.—In this City, on Saturday morning, April 7, EDITH WRIGHT, daughter of Le Roy N. and Eliza E. Shear.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at No. 208 West 29th-st., on Tuesday, April 10, at 11 o'clock A. M., without further invitation.

GIBSON.—In this City, on Saturday, April 7, Rev. JAS. GIBSON, in the 48th year of his age.

His funeral will take place on Tuesday, April 10, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the Church corner of Houston and Thompson sts., the Fourth Associated Reformed Congregation, (his late charge.) His brethren of the ministry are respectfully invited to attend.

MARSTON.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 8, HATTIE W., daughter of Samuel W. and Maria Marston, aged 4 years, 8 months and 20 days.

Her funeral will take place, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 141 Fort Green-place, near Fulton av., Brooklyn.

BLACHLY.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, April 6, at the residence of his brother in-law, E. P. Beach, Jo SEPH WARREN BLACHLY, Jr., aged 28 years, only son of Joseph W. and Mary C. Blachly, formerly of Cincinnati.

His funeral will take place at Morristown, N. J., on Tuesday morning, April 10, at 11 o'clock, from the Second Presbyterian Church. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

BIGLOW.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, April 8, of consumption, CATHARINE V., wife of F. H. Biglow, in the 31st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, April 10, at 2 o'clock P. M., at her late residence, No. 86 Willoughby st., without further notice.

KETCHAM.—In South Brooklyn, on Saturday, April 7, WM. GERIG, son of Henry and Catharine M. Ketcham.

The funeral will take place this day, (Monday,) April 9, at 2½ o'clock P. M., at No. 75 4th-place, South Brooklyn. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

ROBINSON.—At Morristown, N. J., on Friday, April 6, JULIA G., ROBINSON, daughter of the late Wm. J. Robinson, Esq., formerly of this City.

The funeral service, together with that of her brother, the late Elisha D. Robinson, will be held at the First Presbyterian Church at Morristown, this (Monday) morning, April 9, at 11 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further invitation. Cars return to the City the same afternoon.

FURNEY.—At Summit, N. J., on Friday, April 6, Mrs. ELIZA FURNEY, widow of the late John Furney, aged 73 years.

Her friends, and those of the family, are invited to attend the funeral, from St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, this day, (Monday,) April 9, at 1 o'clock.

VASSEUR.—At Newark, on Sunday, April 8, FANNY, wife of Hermann Vasseur, and daughter of the late Robert Johnston of Williamsburgh.

Her remains will be taken to Evergreens Cemetery. Friends in Brooklyn or New-York intending to accompany the remains to the grave are invited to meet at the residence of her mother, No. 47 Powers-st., Williamsburgh, on Tuesday, at 1 o'clock.

HALLETT.—At Astoria, L. I., on Sunday, April 8, ELIZA HALLETT, aged 66 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence on Tuesday, April 10, at 2½ o'clock. Steamer *Mattano* leaves Fulton Market slip at 1 o'clock.

TRASK.—At Sherwood, Bergen, N. J., on Saturday evening, April 7, ELIZABETH CARTER TRASK, widow of the late Israel E. Trask, of Springfield, Mass., in the 72d year of her age.

VAN WYCK.—At Sing Sing, on Saturday, April 7, at the residence of his father, after a long illness, GARDINER VAN WYCK, son of Gen. Philip G. Van Wyck, aged 39 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on Tuesday next, at 10 o'clock, from St. Paul's Church, Sing Sing, without further notice.

LINDSAY.—At Middletown, Conn., on Thursday, April 5 after a few hours' illness, Mrs EMILY BOND LINDSAY, daughter of the late Dr. Thomas E. Bond, and wife of Rev. Prof. John W. Lindsay, aged 38 years.

The body will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

ATTWOODS.—At East Haddam, Conn., on Thursday, April 5, SARAH ANTOINETTE, wife of Julius Attwoods, of East Haddam, and daughter of James N. Gould, of Stony Brook, L. I.

JONES.—At Cazenovia, Madison County, N. Y., on Wednesday, April 4, MORRIS JONES, formerly of this City.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH
OF THE LEGALIZED LOTTERIES,
WOOD, EDDY & CO., Managers,
of the
DELAWARE, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY and MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES,
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.
The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawing of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:
DELAWARE LOTTERIES.
Extra Class, No. 167. April 7, 1860.
13, 64, 55, 57, 11, 66, 30, 20, 7, 46, 44, 37, 76.
Class No. 168, April 7, 1860.
42, 40, 54, 53, 22, 70, 31, 63, 9, 75, 65, 61.
Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., April 6, 1860.
GEO. C. GORDON,
JOS. SEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN.
Circulars, containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or Augusta, Ga.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF HODGES, DAVIS & CO.'S
CONSOLIDATED LOTTERIES OF GEORGIA.
CLASS 209, APRIL 7, 1860.
24, 22, 15, 59, 61, 21, 36, 35, 31, 78, 10, 47, 32, 38.
Prices cashed at No. 558 Broadway. Circulars sent free by addressing
HODGES, DAVIS & CO., Managers, Macon, Ga.

REMOVAL.
W. L. CONKLIN & CO. HAVE REMOVED THEIR MERCHANT TAILORING AND CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT FROM NO. 8 BOWERY TO NO. 18 FOURTH-AVENUE,
OPPOSITE THE COOPER INSTITUTE.

Singer's Sewing Machines.
No. 2 sewing machine.....$100
No. 1 sewing machine..... 90
The family sewing machine, A..... 75
The family sewing machine..... 55
Hemming gauges..... 4
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway, N. Y.,
No. 150 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Grover & Baker's Noiseless
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
THE BEST IN USE.
No. 495 Broad

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

NEW-JERSEY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A farm containing about thirty-five acres two miles from Newark, on the road to Elizabeth-to City, with a good house, farm-house and stables nearly new thereon, and all in good order. Abundance of fruit and shade trees upon the place.

ALSO a farm of about ninety acres, situated on the New Jersey Railroad, one hour's ride from Jersey City.

ALSO FOR SALE—several desirable houses on Murray Hill, and 19th, 34th and 37th sts.

ALSO, FOR SALE—Lots on 59th, 79th, 84th, 85th, 114th, 115th 131st and 136th sts., and 2d, 3d and 4th avs.

FOR SALE Several desirable houses and lots in Brooklyn and Williamsburgh. A. K. FOSTER & CO.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT MARBLE BASEment and brick mansion house No 20 Concord-st., Brooklyn, together with over four lots of ground. House 64 feet front by 55 feet deep, built by day's work under the immediate superintendence of the late owner, has solid oak staircase, and solid mahogany doors on parlor story, strong brick partition walls and cemented cellars. A large green house is stocked well stocked with choice plants. Grounds 55 feet front by 205 feet deep, tastefully laid out as a flower garden. Oil cloths, gas fixtures and parlor mirrors sold with the house. Possession given immediately if required. For cards of admission to view the premises apply at the office of BACHES SONS & CO., Furman-st., near Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS OF GROUND ON NORTH side of 28th-st., a little west of 9 h-av., being 50 feet front by half the block in the improvements there consisting of a good three story brick dwelling house, 20x40 feet, with gas and Croton water on each floor, (rents for $550) on one of the lots; and on the other there is a three-story brick house inclosed but not finished inside. On the rear of both is there is a factory 40x24 feet, three stories and basement, with engine of five-horse power, with boiler, shafting &c., suitable for light manufacturing business. The whole will be sold cheap if applied for soon. Part of purchase money can remain on mortgage. Inquire at the office of J. & W. DENHAM 8th av and 16th st.

FOR SALE—THOSE TWO BEAUTIFUL NEW two-story and basement houses, Philadelphia fronts brown stone stoops, with all modern improvements, situated on Pacific-st., between Portland and Carlton avs., Brooklyn. This is one of the most accessible locations in Brooklyn, near the proposed parks; only three minutes' walk from Fulton Flatbush and Atlantic av. cars; lots 20 by 100; houses 20 by 40. Price, $1,800; $2,500 on bond and mortgage. Apply to owners, on premises, from 10 A. M. till 5 P. M. Houses just finished. Would trade for valuable building lots

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD property and beautiful cottage residence on the northwest corner of 4th av. and 18th st., known as No. 453 and 455 Union-place; now one of the most desirable locations in the City either for private residence or business. The lot is 53 by 140 feet; the house is double, with separate entrances from the street and avenue, built for separate residences; the whole from a 5x8 foot can be improved without disturbing the present building. The lease is renewable until 1911. For further particulars, or for cards of admission to view the premises, apply to S. W. BENEDICT, Broadway, cor. 35th-st.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE DOUBLE HOUSE NO. 266 West 20th-st., situate on Chelsea square, house 44x48 feet lot 100x109 feet. The house is one of the most convenient and comfortable in the City; the garden is large and well supplied with grape vines, flowering shrubs and vines. Persons having $5 or $6,000 to invest, and desire to give them an attractive home, would do well to see this place before purchasing elsewhere. $3,000 can remain on bond and mortgage at 6 per cent, if desired. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE.—EXTRA WIDE HOUSE.—FOR SALE, on 22d-st., near 5th av., an unusually fine house 30 feet wide by 70 feet deep; brown-stone, 4-story, and completely modern. The house has been built only a few years, with great care, for the owner, (now deceased.) It is offered for sale to close the estate, and is a very desirable residence. For cards of admission and further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank, Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COTTAGE house containing ten rooms, with four lots of ground attached, on the north side of 155th-st., near Broadway, Harmansville, within five minutes' walk of cars, boat or stages; possession given immediately; rent $150. Apply to J. & H. JONES & CO., Nos. 38 & 40 White-st. EDWARD TIMPSON, No. 185 West 48th-st., or to J. C. GRAFF, Carmansville.

FOR SALE—BY ORDER OF THE ORPHAN'S Court, at public vendue, on the 11th April, at 3 o'clock P. M., in the town of Bergen, Hudson County, N. J., the residence of the late John Mandeville, a commodious cut stone house of nine rooms, a small building for an office, and a large 3-story building, used as a carpenter's shop, with half an acre of ground.

$6,000.—CHEAPEST PROPERTY IN THE CITY.—FOR SALE—The store property No. 421 9th-av., near the Blind Asylum; also, the four story brown-stone front house near the above, on the avenue; also, two fine buildings and lots on 35th st., near 8th-av., and neat cottages. J. E. HATCH, No. 875 9th-av.

BROOKLYN.—FOR SALE—THREE TWO-STORY and attic brick houses, just finished, cottage-style, with all the improvements of the day; extra large attached lot each; location Lefferts-st., between Franklin and Gleason avs. Terms to suit purchasers. Apply to A. V. STOUT, Shoe and Leather Bank, corner of Broadway and Chambers-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—A THREE-STORY brown-stone front house, with bas-m-nt and under cellar, now being finished by days' work in the most substantial manner, located on Lexington-av.; would take in part payment building material. Apply at No. 189 3d-av., to JOHN D. OTTIWELL, or JOSEPH DE LA PANTE.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-SECOND-STREET—WILL be sold at a bargain, the beautiful four-story brown-stone English basement house, (with furniture if desired,) all in perfect order, just painted and papered, and extra well built, with every modern convenience south side, near 7th av., being a first-class location and residence. For terms, &c. inquire of J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 7 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE front house, 25x65 feet, situate No. 127 Madison-av, four stories, basement and cellar: replete with all the modern improvements; the stairs, parlor doors and hall trimmings black walnut, and Brown's celebrated hot water furnaces. Inquire on the premises

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS HOUSES; one a corner, with bay windows, handsome brown-stone trimmings, with or without the adjoining corner of Hanson-place and Hampden-st., Brooklyn; great bargain; the inside house (6 rooms; $6 500, $4,000 can remain. THOMAS BRACKEN on the premises.

FOR SALE—IN THIRTY-SEVENTH-STREET, between Madison and 4th Avs., two beautiful four-story stone-front houses, finished with rosewood and black walnut doors, stairs, &c.; size 25x63 feet; also, two four-story brick houses in 35th-st., north side, and west of Lexington-av. Terms easy. A large part may be left on mortgage. Inquire on the premises, of ARNOLD & MOWBRAY.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A HANDSOME COTtage on 41st-st., with fine view of the Hudson River. Also to let, a large house on 152d-st., near the H. R. R. R depôt. Also a store and dwelling on 10 h-av., near 152d-st. Also a three-story house, on West 51st-st., with all modern improvements, rent $500. Inquire of R. F. CARMAN, No. 1,088 Broadway.

TO EXCHANGE FOR A SMALL COUNTRY SEAT of 4 to 15 acres in Westchester County within easy carriage drive of New-York, a new first-class brown stone house, fashionably located on Murray Hill, near 5th-av. DINGEE & HOLDEN, Nos. 8 Pine-st., or No. 1,058 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE front house, No. 63 West 37th st., between 5th and 6th avs., in perfect order having just been frescoed and painted by Messrs. Vay & Bird, in their best style. House 20 by 50, lot 2d by 100. Apply to LOOMIS & GOFF, No. 1 128 Broadway, or No. 6 Pine st.

VACANT LOTS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for nearly two-thirds of a block of ground, for which improved property will be taken for one half of the purchase money. No objection to a good class of tenement-houses. THOS MACFARLAN, 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

FOR SALE—THE FIFTH HOUSE FROM THE corner of 3d-av and 10th-st., south side. The house is new, with the modern improvements. Apply to THOMAS MACFARLAN, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN—The three-story brick dwelling-houses Nos. 159 161 and 163 Livingston-st., Brooklyn; will be sold low to close an estate if early application be made to WM. H. SCOFIELD, No. 39 William-s., room No. 2, second floor.

50 CHOICE LOTS IN HARLEM, ON graded streets, ready for immediate improvement, between 2d and 4th avs., near the railroad depôts and steamboat landings, rapidly increasing in value. Low prices and easy terms. D. S. DUSCOMB 51 Liberty-st.

$7,250 AND $6,800.—FOR SALE OR TO LET one of those handsome high stoop houses on Mansfield-place, 51st-st.; also, one of the low-stoops in the same row; contains all the modern improvements. For further particulars inquire of Mr. FINDLEY, No 11 51st-st., near 8th-av.

$2,000.—TWO BROWN-STONE HOUSES for sale very cheap, or to let; have all the modern improvements; situated on the north side of 31st-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Nos 155 and 157. Price $7,000; $6,000 can remain three years. Inquire on the premises

FOR SALE—THE FIVE TWO-STORY AND basement brick houses, with all modern improvements, situated on DeKalb av., near Bedford av., Brooklyn. Inquire of WM. H. HOAG, No. 10 Pine-st., New-York

FOR SALE—THE WASHINGTON HOUSE, AT Jersey City, corner of Grand and Hudson-sts., opposite the Cunard's owners. The proprietor will dispose of his interest, lease and fixtures at a very low rate Further particulars on application as above.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE THREE-STORY AND basement brick house, No. 147 East 55th-st.; brown-stone to first story; is furnished throughout with gas and Croton water; bath, range, wash-tubs, &c., and is in first-rate order. Apply to D. RICH, No. 78 31 av

HARLEM LOTS FOR SALE.—FIVE LOTS between 124 and 125th sts., and west side of 8th av. Price low, and no money wanted if improved. Apply to SAMUEL EDDY & CO., No. 61 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—A BRICK FOUR-STORY AND basement house No. 321 West 35th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; 18 by 50 feet; lot 100; in perfect order and for sale cheap. Terms easy. Apply on the premises

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY marble front building, Nos 48 and 50 Dune-st. is a first-class store, suitable for mercantile purposes To let in whole or in floors. Apply at No. 45 Dune-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE BUILDING LOT ON 3d-av, below 29th-st. Size 25x100 At a reasonable price. Apply at No. 389 3d-av.

JOHN D. OTTIWELL.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE 3O PAGE house with extension for dining-room and kitchen No 76 Adelphi-st., between Myrtle and Park avs.; gas and water introduced. lot 25 by 100. Price $2,800.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—ALL DESCRIPTIONS of real estate, in City and country, by S. SEYMOUR, Consulting Engineer, Real Estate, and General Agent, No. 31 Pine-st., New-York.

FIFTH-AV. RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—House and lot on east side of 5th-av., 100 feet below 30th-st., with every modern improvement. Apply to JOHN MCCLAVE, No. 1 163 Broadway.

TO BUILDERS.—LOTS, WITH A BUILDING loan, for sale, situated on 7th-av., one of the wide streets,—near 8th av. A fine opportunity for an enterprising builder. Apply to E. MARTINDALE, No. 167 Broadway, 3d story.

LOTS FOR SALE WITH A BUILDING LOAN.—The very desirable lots on the southwest corner of 4th-av and 24th-st. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 9 College-place.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

W. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

E. B. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, TUESDAY, April 10, at 12 o'clock noon, the unfinished brown stone four story, high stoop house on the southeast corner of 10th st. and 2d av., fronting 21 feet on 2d av. and 98 feet in the best manner, with all modern improvements, and in good order. House 22 7x60; 1 foot 8 in x 28 3 on 2d av.; has a splendid court-yard 23 feet wide, running 128 3 along 2d-av. 70 per cent. can remain on mortgage.

WISCONSIN SCHOOL LANDS.

1,500 acres in Central Wisconsin for sale very cheap. Apply at Room No 6, No. 3½ Pine-st.

BROOKLYN HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE AND TO LET.—Two modern-built two-story frame houses and lots Nos. 209 for sale and 207 to let, Columbia, near Hamilton-av. Each house contains seven rooms, with all the modern conveniences, such as hot and cold water, gas fixtures, &c.; are in good order and complete; gas range in basement. Prices $3,400 each. Terms easy. Inquire of WM. SELLEO, No. 516 Broadway, New-York, or No. 252 State-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE STORY basement brick front house and lot No. 330 West 34th-st.; house 21x45, lot 21x98; has the modern improvements; gas fixtures and oil-cloths go with the house. Terms easy. Inquire of R. BUSH, No. 27 West 44th st.

WEST 144TH-ST.—FOR SALE, A LOT ON THE north side, west 14 ft. st., near 6th av.; also a lot in the rear on 15th st. Terms to suit purchasers. Apply to A. B. WOOD, No. 57 Maiden-lane.

OLIVER HOLDEN, OFFICES NOS. 17 Nassau New York, 46 Chevery Brooklyn, has houses and lots for sale, to let and exchange; takes the management of real estate legally entrusted to his care; will entertain proposals to purchase or lease from owners also from capitalists as copartner

PROPERTY OWNERS HAVING HOUSES to let or lease in any part of Brooklyn, can be aided in procuring good tenants at LESLIE'S Real Estate Office corner of Atlantic and Clinton sts., Savings Bank building. Those having apartments, stores, or parts of houses to let will do well to have them entered on his books. Communications by mail or Boyd's Express will be attended to.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES

LAND FOR SALE, NEAR TARRYTOWN.—For sale or exchange, about two miles south-east of Tarrytown a fine tract of land, containing nearly 100 acres. It is bounded on the east and west by roads, and the Nappeman or Saw Mill River runs through it. A portion of the land is fine meadow, and 25 or 30 acres are in wood; the balance is good mowing, from which the crops are of the highest and most extensive growth in the neighborhood. The site embraces the Hudson River and the mountains north, the Sound and a part of Long Island, with a very beautiful inland view. To a gentleman of means and taste this property would afford an opportunity for improvement and embellishment that would render it one of the handsomest properties near New-York. The proposed route of the Westchester County Railroad is through this land, and improved City property would be taken in exchange. Address TARRYTOWN, Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

CLIFFSIDE.—FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIdence for sale, situated on the east bank of the Hudson, 24 miles from New York, in the town of Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y., near Idlewild; contains 12 acres of choice land, with fruit and berries of the best selection; easy access being 5 minutes' walk from steamboat and ferry of the Hudson River railroad; the house is brick and stone, 44x54, every variety of choice fruit of 16 miles in extent; is furnished with furnace, gas and water; brick barn 42x44, with wing 21x40; will be sold furnished or unfurnished. Possession given immediately. For full particulars, with a view of the house, size of rooms, terms, &c., inquire of CARSON & HARD, No. 44 Beekman-st., or CHARLES E. MONTAGUE, No. 25½ Pine-st., Room No. 9, or of the owner, D. CARSON, Jr., Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET, FURNISHED, on Long Island Sound, within forty minutes' ride of the City by the New-Haven Railroad; large private house, with outbuildings, including a bowling-alley and 15 acres of land, with a great variety of fruit and ornamental trees; also, a desirable moderate-sized house situate near the above, with outbuildings and ten acres of land. For beauty of scenery, location and healthfulness, these properties are unrivalled; the view from either place embraces a large extent of surrounding country and Sound, from Fort Schuyler eastward. Possession as soon as desired. Address W. H. W., Box No. 342 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DELIGHTFUL country residence, situated in the village of Mendham, Morris County, N. J., distant about 6 miles from the depôt at Morristown. The place consists of 24 acres of ground, a large barn, stables, ice-house filled with ice, cistern, &c. A large variety and ground fruit. The choicest shade, ornamental and fruit trees of all kinds. This place is situated in the immediate vicinity of good schools, church, &c., and is in every respect a desirable country residence. For particulars, apply to SAMUEL FREEMAN, No. 355 Broadway; CHARLES STARK, Jr., No. 147 Fulton-st.; or to P. A. FREEMAN, Morristown, N. J.

FOR SALE.—BUSINESS ARRANGEMENTS compelling the subscriber to leave Orange, he offers his house and ten acres of land or house and lot for sale. The house contains three rooms and a wing, four minutes' walk of the depôt; all necessary outbuildings, an excellent and large kitchen garden, well stocked with many varieties of excellent fruit. The location is as beautiful and pleasant as any one in Orange. For particulars and terms apply on the premises, Prospect-st., Orange, or to L. T. STOWELL, No. 57 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

TO LET AT RAVENSWOOD, ON THE EAST River, several beautiful cottages varying in size from eight to fifteen rooms; are in complete order. Rents from $200 to $600 per annum.

The localities for attractions and convenience to the City cannot be surpassed with in the vicinity.

For further particulars apply to LIBERTY HOPKINS office No. 37 Fulton-st., second floor, from 11 to 12½ o'clock, or at Ravenswood.

FOR SALE—TWENTY ACRES OF CHOICE LAND situated on the celebrated Andre Hill; for inland scenery cannot be surpassed; perfectly healthy; no fever and ague; churches, schools, &c., near. As a gentleman's residence, such a spot is seldom met with. Only a few minutes walk from depôt. Apply to WM. H. PALMER, on the premises, Tappan Town. The Northern Railroad from Jersey City stops there five times daily.

TAPPAN TOWN, Rockland Co.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT, FURNISHED—Handsome country seat at newburgh being the residence of the late W. P. C. Smith, containing 30 acres of land, commanding a splendid view of the Hudson and Highlands, buildings in good order; fine kitchen garden; a great variety of fruit and ornamental trees on the premises. For full particulars, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT WHITE PLAINS—A COTtage-house with all necessary out-building and four acres of land, pleasantly situated in the town of White Plains, on West-st., near the Methodist Church, 2½ miles from Mamaroneck Depôt, and 3 miles from the depôt at White Plains. Location perfectly healthy, and further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE CHEAP—AT Five-Mile River, Conn., a small double house, in good order, and about one-third of an acre of ground, very handsomely situated near the water; about one-fourth of a mile from the New-Haven Railroad, and about 2½ miles from New-York; price, $800 cash; or will be exchanged for City property. Apply to SAMUEL RAYMOND, at Two-Mile River; or to JAMES G. POWERS, No 101 Murray st., New-York

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT OF TEN acres on the Hudson, 29 miles from the City. Has good buildings, choice fruit and shade, river front, splendid prospect and living water. The grounds high and picturesque location perfectly healthy, neighborhood unexceptionable and depôt close at hand. Will be sold or rented to a suitable party. Apply to ROSWELL G. PIERCE, No. 10 Pine-st.

TO RENT LOW—AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE on Staten Island, near the Manor Road, one mile from Port Richmond. The house is new and commodious; the grounds about 15 acres, well laid out. Will be rented from year to year. $500. Apply to W. G. GRATLY, at Schieffelin Bro. & Co's, corner of William and Beekman sts., or to A. D. T. RANDOLPH, No. 683 Broadway

COUNTRY SEAT ON STATEN ISLAND TO LET—Situated on Castleton Heights, within 15 minutes' walk from the ferry; house modern built, containing 11 rooms, bath-room, gas &c; stable and coach-house cisterns and well with one acre of ground; locality perfectly healthy, and has a splendid view, extending 15 miles in three directions. Rent, $750. Apply to CHARLES REUTSEN, No. 62 Ann-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET OR LEASE—A large double house, with a good stable and about ten acres of ground, situated on the Bloomingdale road, between 107th and 108th sts., and adjoining the Woodlawn property; rent $600. For further particulars, apply to Dr. WM. B. MOFFAT, No. 335 Broadway Room No 9

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COTTAGE ON THE Hudson, near Irvington, Westchester County, 24 miles from the City. Price for house and grounds, $3,800. Rent $250 a year. Possession given immediately. Apply to PHILIP SCHUYLER, Jr., No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A COUNTRY RESIdence near Croton Depôt on the N. Y. & N. H. R. R, consisting of 8 acres of land, large dwelling and outbuildings, &c.; also a variety of fruit. For particulars inquire at No. 207 Front-st., on Wednesdays, from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.

FOR SALE—ON LITTLE NECK BAY, LONG Island cottage farm, &c., with about three acres of land, in fine order, location very healthy; now occupied by R. Foster, Esq. Apply to C. C. PINCKNEY, No. 72 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.—A DESIRABLE HOUSE, Cleve road, Staten Island, furnished, three quarters of a miles from the landing, with all modern improvements; good garden and fruit. Would be exchanged for a dwelling in the City. Apply to C. C. HATCH, No 75 Murray-st.

OSSANGE, NEW-JERSEY.—FIFTY FARMS villas and residences—a great variety—for sale or to rent in Orange and its vicinity, by H. B. SLACK WELL & CO., 53 William st., New-York; 153 Main-st., Orange, N. J.

TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, BEAUTIfully situated, with three acres of land, three miles from Kingsbridge, on Harlem River Railroad. Apply at E. E. LEDFORD Gleenham, Dutchess County.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER SEASON AT FAR Rockaway, L. I., two cottages furnished or unfurnished beautifully situated on the seashore. For a summer residence cannot be surpassed. For further particulars inquire of OWEN & CLARKE, No. 25 John-st.

TO LET—AT HASBROUCK, ONE MILE EAST OF the Hudson River Railroad Station and steamboat landing a small Rebel Cage, containing ten rooms, with garden, &c. Apply to F. BLANCHE, No. 280 6th-av., near 18 2-st., before 9 A. M. or after 4 P. M.

TO LET—IN SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., A HOUSE containing 12 rooms, near the Presbyterian Church; rent $700 per annum. Good barn, built a few years, pleasant situation. Address or apply to editor of *Orange Journal*.

TO LET—AT YONKERS—A HOUSE ON WARburton-av., with stable, carriage-house and other out-buildings, one acre of ground, well stocked with fruit trees and shrubbery, vegetable garden, &c. Fine river view. Address H. B., Box No. 502 Post-office.

TO LET—AT RAHWAY, N. J.—A NICE COTtage with garden, &c., two minutes' walk from the Railroad Depôt. Rent only $250 Apply to THOS. H. SHAFER, Rahway, N. J.

TO LET—RESIDENCES IN THE TOWN OF EYE near the Railroad Depôt two handsome and improved places, a larger and a smaller; rent, $700 and $525. Apply to E. P. WHITEMORE, No. 51 William-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT, situated in the south ward of Poughkeepsie, commanding, and commanding a fine view of the river and surrounding country. House new, 28x49; eleven rooms, with all modern improvements. One or two acres of land can be had. For particulars inquire of GEO. COMBS, Poughkeepsie.

COUNTRY SEAT (FURNISHED) TO LET—[illegible] with fruit, &c.; [illegible] house, &c.; large shaded fruit, &c.; [illegible] fine views of Lake Saddle Rock. For particulars address, with name, Box No. 2,019 Post-office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—[illegible] dwelling-house, barn, &c., with five acres of land in front, and nine yard in rear, to a good tenant would be leased for one or more years, at $1 800 per annum. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

TO LET

ROBERT DODD, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Office No. 167 Broadway, residence No. 6 Jones-st. References—Ex-Mayor Harper, Leonard W. Kipp, Esq

TO RENT—A BROWN STONE FRONT DWELLing, No. 160 East 21st-st. Gramercy Park, a desirable location, and house in perfect order; possession can be had at any time. Also, a commodious stable in 13th st., near Broadway. Apply to E. V. HAUGHWOUT, Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway.

TO LET THE THREE-STORY ENGLISH BASEment house, modern improvements, No. 167 West 13th-st.; rent $500. Three story high stoop house, with modern improvements, No. 117 9-hav.; $60. Four-story, brown-stone high stoop house all modern improvements, No. 118 West 44th-st. This house will be painted and put in complete order throughout; rent $1,200. Three story low-stoop house No. 304 West 14th-st., between 8th and 10th-avs.; $360. Three story low-stoop house, No. 42 10th-av., near 14th-st.; rent $470. Three-story high-stoop house, 25 feet wide, with modern improvements, No. 474 West 21st-st. $800. And others. J. & W. DENHAM, House Agents, 8th av., corner 16th-st. Office open from morning until 9 in the evening.

TO LET—BRICK-STORE BROWN-STONE HOUSE, No. 18 East 32d-st., between 5th and Madison avs. The location is unexceptionable, the house in perfect order. Also, the 3-story brown-stone house, No. 20 East 31st-st., near Broadway. Inquire at No. 18 East 32d-st.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF AN ENGLISH basement house No. 52 East 30th-st., between Lexington and 3d-avs., consisting of six rooms on second floor, and back parlor on first floor, with bath, hot and cold water, gas and fixtures. Rent $350.

TO LEASE—TWO STORES ON BROADWAY near the junction of 6th-av; eligibly situated for business; with or without upper floors. Terms very reasonable to responsible tenants; none others need apply. Inquire of E. D. LAWRENCE, 1,091 Broadway.

THE NEW BUILDING, CORNER OF 47TH and Greenes-ts., to let; store, basement, 24-story and upper ceiling, 15 feet high; to be let in whole or part. Also, two lofts, corner 4th and Mercer. Inquire of McKENZIE & O'HARA, corner 4th and Mercer sts.

TO LET—THE LARGE HOUSE NO. 108 BLEECKer-st., near Greene-av. If required for business purposes, alterations will be made to suit the tenant. Can be seen from 3 to 4 P. M. Inquire of F. BLANCHET, No. 280 6th-av., before 10 o'clock A. M. or after 4 P. M.

TO LET—FOR MANUFACTURING, STORAGE &c., the extra-strong five-story store No. 78 Thames st., corner of Trinity place, (in rear of Trinity Building.) Let in separate parts if required. Apply to J. & PETERS, H. J. Overman's office, No. 15 Broad-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—AT WILLIAMSBURGH—House and five lots of ground in garden, with stable, corner South 6th and 8th sts., convenient to ferries now in a good tenant, and possession given before 1st of May. Inquire of J. WILDE, No. 11 Dutch st., New York.

TO LET—DESIRABLE HOUSES, BROWN STONE, one high-stoop and English basement, north side of 33d-st. between 2d and 3d avs. The judicious arrangement of water, baths &c., cannot be surpassed. Rent moderate. Apply at the premises.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN 23D-ST. NEAR 5TH-AV.—The two-story and basement house No 41 (late 33) West 23d-st., beautifully furnished. Immediate possession can be had if required. For further particulars apply on the premises, between 11 A. M. and 1 P. M., or of JAS. B. NICHOLSON, 38 West 23d st.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR OF BROWN-STONE front house 25 by 40 with all the modern improvements; two parlors, kitchen and three bedrooms; gas fixtures, stairs carpeted, and a splendid house for a first class tenement. Inquire on the premises, of THOS. McPHERSON, No. 477 3d av.

DESIRABLE HOUSE ON WEST 12TH-ST TO RENT.—A desirable three-story and basement brick house on West 12th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Price only $750 per annum. Can be had from 1st May if applied for at once. R. H. GALLAHER, No. 51 Liberty-st.

TO LET—THE BUILDING SITUATED ON THE corner of 5th-av and Prout sts., known as Nos 258 and 260 Front-st. now and long occupied by Thomas Hoyt & Co. as a tobacco-store. Apply at No. 347 Broadway, in Room No. 5, to GEORGE JONES

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

The well-known country-seat at Clifton, near the Narrows, Staten Island, which since 1841 has been the family residence of Wm. H. Aspinwall, Esq., about 9 miles from New-York, and offering to any gentleman who desires to visit the City daily a desirable home, which, for health, beauty and convenience, has no superior on the sea-shore.

The place contains about 68 acres of land, the highest in the neighborhood, affording ten or twelve fine building lots, and comprising a great variety of woods, hill and dale, about one-half on the southern slope fronting the ocean, and the other half facing the Upper Bay and City. The sea and inland views are unsurpassed—overlooking well-wooded eminences, as well as every vessel which enters or leaves the port. The land between this property and the Narrows is owned by the United States Government, and will probably always remain open.

The dwelling house is over 100 feet front and varies in depth from 30 to 80 feet, built in part with hollow brick walls, and part with wood filled in with brick. Grapery, in bearing for six years. Green house, ice-house and stables, with nine stalls and ample carriage room; one of the entrances is a carriage-drive of over half a mile, well gravelled. A description of this place is to be found in Downing's work on "Landscape Gardening," page 36.

The property will be sold as a whole or in parcels, as designated on the lithographic maps to be seen at the Merchants' Exchange, or at the office of the auctioneers, No. 23 Nassau-st.—the same being also staked out on the grounds. If not disposed of by private sale prior to THURSDAY, April 19, will on that day be offered at auction, at 12 o'clock at the Merchants' Exchange. For terms, apply to the auctioneers. The house will be open for inspection any day between Monday, 9th inst., and the day of sale, on orders to be obtained of the auctioneers.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

16 FINE LOTS ON THE 5TH AND 10TH AVENUES, BROADWAY, 53D AND 214TH STREETS.

A. J. BLEECKER & SON & CO., will sell on THURSDAY, April 12, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

ON 53D-ST.—2 fine lots, south side, 32 ft. 2 east of Madison-av., 20.7x100, 5 each

ON 5TH-AV.—1 fine lot southwest corner of 136th, 24, 11x110.

ON 5TH-AV.—1 fine lot southwest corner of 137th, 24, 11x110.

ON BROADWAY.—4 fine lots southeast corner of 214th st.

ON 10TH-AV.—4 fine lots southwest corner of 214th-st.

ON 214TH-ST.—4 fine lots, south side, 87.10 east of Broadway, opposite the residences of Messrs. SEAMAN & FERRIS.

The Harlem River boats will commence running in a few days, stopping at 215th st., and intermediate landings. Title perfect. TERMS VERY LIBERAL.

Maps, &c., at No. 7 Pine-st.

WM. B. WESTCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Statuary, paintings, magnificent rosewood parlor suites, piano forte Italian bronzes, library, wines, &c., at the elegant private residence, No. 152 West 21st-st.,

On MONDAY, April 9 at 10½ o'clock.

WILLIAM B. WESTCOTT & CO., Auctioneers, will sell as above the costly and beautiful furniture of the house, containing a large and elegant assortment of first-class goods, well worthy the attention of those in want of magnificent furniture at auction prices; such as superb solid rosewood parlor suites covered in rich crimson brocade, statuary top etageres, French mantel and pier mirrors, made by Delvecchio, centre and side-tables, Turkish chairs and lounges, escritoires, rosewood secretary and book-case, silk and lace curtains, rosewood 7-octave piano forte, rosewood armoire-a-glace, statuary console tables, marble clocks, paintings, rich carpets, chandeliers, elegant vases, rosewood chamber furniture of every description, china, rich cut-glass, silver-ware, &c. Purchasers can rely upon finding a large and elegant variety in this house, and that the whole will be positively sold without reserve. Terms of sale—cash. No postponement of sale on account of weather.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

CONTINUATION SALE OF FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL AT Auction on WEDNESDAY, April 11, 1860, at 11 o'clock, at the warehouse of Messrs. Rochefort, Skarren & Co., No. 653 Broadway,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—This handsome stock of furniture has been newly made of the best seasoned materials, and in the superior style and finish for which this house is so favorably known. The whole will be sold, without reserve, to close the business. Catalogues can be obtained of the auctioneers, No. 25 Pine-st., or of Messrs. Rochefort, Skarren & Co., No. 653 Broadway.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF PROPERTY ON NASSAU AND ANN STREETS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 13, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of O. Meades, Referee.

NASSAU AND ANN STS.—The valuable lot, together with the buildings thereon, on the nor hwe t corner of Nassau and Ann sts., being 9 feet 9 inches in front, 19 feet 1 inch rear by 70 feet 7 inches on Ann-st., and 70 feet north side.

NASSAU-STREET.—The valuable lot, together with the building thereon adjoining the above on the north, being 26x70 feet. Many &c., at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

EDWARD H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 12, 1860, at 10 o'clock, at No. 48 Murray-st.: House sold from the—the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of carved mahogany chairs mahogany sofa, tables, tete-a-tete, centre table, one rosewood seven octave piano, Boudoir, manufacturer; one gilt-oval mirror, lace and damask curtains, gilt cornices, Brussels and tapestry carpets, mahogany soft bedstead, dressing bureau, writing desk, rich china and glassware, china vases, &c., together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 21 OLIVER-STREET.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 10, Recess at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, Oil or Wet, the valuable two-story and attic and basement brick house, with brownstone basement, No. 21 Oliver-st., south side, between Madison-st. and New-Bowery. House 21 11x50 feet, in good order. Contains water, gas, &c. For terms and maps of property, apply at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF PROPERTY ON NASSAU-STREET.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 13, 1861 at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of John H. Harvelt, Esq., Referee.

NASSAU STREET.—The valuable lot, together with the buildings thereon, on the west side of Nassau-st., commencing 34 feet 9 inches north of Ann-st.; lot 25x70. Maps, &c., at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

ELEGANT OIL-PAINTINGS AND ENGRAVINGS.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on the evenings of WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, April 11 and 12, at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the residence of J. N. Ballistier, Esq., No. 124 West 14th-st., one door west of 8th-av., splendid private collection of oil-paintings, water colors and engravings, comprising over 300 works of the first modern and ancient masters, generally cabinet sizes, and most desirable subjects. This collection has been made during a series of years by the present owner, without regard to expense, for the gratification of his own taste, and are sold only because he declines housekeeping. There are very few private collections in this City that will exceed this in the number of high-class artists of the ancient and modern schools. We will not enumerate them here, but refer to the catalogue, which will be ready on Tuesday, 3d inst. The paintings will be on exhibition from that date until the day of sale; also, the two evenings previous to the sale. Tickets of admission can be obtained at our office, No. 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer, Salesroom, 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on TUESDAY, April 10, at 10½ o'clock at No. 20 East 33d-st., an elegant and valuable assortment of furniture, of velvet tapestry, rich Brussels carpets and lace curtains, carved wood cornices, pier mirrors, carved rosewood parlor suits, covered in blue and white silk brocatelle; rosewood etagere, centre tables, very fine rosewood piano-forte made by Munn & Clarke, 7-octave; lace curtains, mantel ornaments, &c., sitting-room furniture, extension dining tables to match; library chairs covered in morocco, china, glass, &c; valuable imported clock and bronzes, and engravings, oak extension table, and chairs and lounge to match; bed-rooms—Rosewood bedsteads, bureau, tables, &c.; cottage chairs, mattresses, &c., black walnut furniture; Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, hall-stand and other furniture, all of which is in excellent order and nearly new.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer, Salesroom, 23 Nassau-st.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MADE TO ORDER BY Mr. BOSCH.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 9, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 31 West 20th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., a valuable assortment of furniture, consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, parlor suites, in green silk brocatel, curtains to match, rosewood centre tables, clocks and bronzes, china vases, a splendid 7-octave piano forte, carved, made by Lindeman; rosewood centre-table, etagere and ornaments, chandeliers and oil paintings; dining-room—mahogany French extension table, buffet chairs covered in morocco, liquor-stand, chiffonière, rich gilt-band dinner sets, fancy China tea sets, oil cloths, rosewood hall stands and chairs, French black walnut bedsteads, chairs, secretary, dressing bureaus; rosewood suite covered in plush, book case, wardrobes, shaving-stand, French made mattresses, washstand, kitchen ware, &c

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HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on THURSDAY, April 12, at 12 o'clock, at front of store No. 23 Nassau-st., a very fine pair of sorrel horses, well matched, 6 and 7 years old, 16 hands high, and 8 years old, warranted sound and kind in every respect, good and stylish driver; also, a light cut-under carriage, nearly new.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE, PEREMPTORY and attractive sale of French and English fancy, rich cut and engraved glassware, &c., at the store No. 403 Broadway, below Canal-st., the proprietor being about to relinquish the business.

WILLS & EDWARDS

will sell on THURSDAY, at 10½ o'clock, by catalogue, the entire stock in store, comprising a large and elegant assortment of the best quality of French and English dining, dessert and tea sets, Parian and bisque statuary, rich decorated vases, cut and engraved glassware, white porcelain and English stone china, &c., with a large assortment of useful and ornamental articles, the whole to be sold without reserve. Catalogues will be ready on Wednesday, 11th inst., when the stock can be examined.

SAMUEL D. GOOD, Auctioneer, No. 1 Pine-st.

AUCTION NOTICE—ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Will be sold WEDNESDAY, April 11, at 10½ o'clock, all the stock remaining unsold and goods uncalled for at previous sale, in store No. 603 Broadway, consisting of gold watches, diamonds, ear and finger rings, fine gold breastpins, bracelets, studs, silver and plated ware, &c; all of which is of the finest quality, having been selected with great care.

W. S. MELLVAIN, Auctioneer.

HARDY PLANTS AND FLOWERS.—W. S. MELLVAIN will sell THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at 9 John-st., the usual fine assortment of hardy roses, honeysuckles, carnations, dahlias, plants, &c., suitable to plant at this season, together with geraniums, roses, &c., in bloom, from Peter Henderson, Jersey City. Catalogues.

WM. WITTERS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 444 Canal-st., the entire furniture, &c., of a large house. Parlor suites, piano, sofa bedstead, centre table, pier glasses, mahogany bedsteads, mattresses, curtains, bureaus, rich tapestry and other carpets, oil cloths, together with everything for housekeeping.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY will sell, THIS DAY, (Monday,) April 9, at 12½ o'clock, at his Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st., near Wall:

55 shs. Irving Bank.	90 shs. Mer. Ex. Bank.
50 shs. Bk. of Com'wealth.	20 shs. Lamar Ins.
5 shs. Phoenix Ins.	25 shs. Mer. Ins.
20 shs. Commercial Ins.	50 shs. Adriatic Ins.
55 shs. Columbia Ins.	20 shs. Brevoort Ins.
40 shs. Gt Western Mar.	12 shs. Citty Ins.
10 shs Astor Ins.	66 shs. N. American Ins.
60 shs Brooklyn Ins.	20 shs. Excelsior Ins.
16 National Ins.	70 shs. Jefferson Ins.
50 shs. N. Y. & Erie R.	160 shs. Am. Guano Co.
1 sh. Am. Express Co.	20 shs. Sixth av. R.

$3,000 Missouri State 6 per cent. bonds.
1,000 California State 7 per cent. bonds.
4,000 Milwaukee City 7 per cent bonds.
5,000 Chicago and Rock Island 1st mort. bonds.
5,000 Sacramento City 10 per cent. bonds.

Next regular sale on THURSDAY, April 12. Regular auction sales of Stocks and Bonds every Monday and Thursday, or every day whenever required, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William st., or Merchants' Exchange, as desired. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale, and at the Brokers' Board.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Auctioneer and Stock-Broker,
No. 52 William st., near Wall.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer.
Office No. 139 Broadway.

ELEGANT FIRST-CLASS CABINET FURNITTRE,
TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION BY ORDER OF ASSIGNEE.

The subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to the large and costly stock of first class Rosewood, Oak, Mahogany and Black Walnut Parlor, Hall, Dining-room and Boudoir Furniture, the stock of

"BURNS & BROTHER,"
At No. 453 Broadway,

which he will sell at auction at the warerooms, through the medium of A. C. TUTTLE, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, at 11 o'clock, to close the estate. The stock is warranted of the best quality, and will be sold WITHOUT RESERVATION for cash.

JAMES BURNS,
Assignee of Burns & Brother.

HENRY B. HERTS, Jr., Auctioneer,
Will sell, on TUESDAY, April 10, at 11 o'clock,
AT NO. 122 BROADWAY,
ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF MR. WM. C. LEMON,

Comprising choice imported Havana cigars of the following brands: Fil de Minot, Partagas, Espanola, Club House, oBuchanan Unfluza, Telegrapho Submarino, Fenticho and other Concha Operas, Zarzuelas, Regalias, &c. Also, fine cut plug and choice smoking tobacco, together with the store fixtures, show cases, jars, desk, iron safe, &c., &c.

On WEDNESDAY, April 11,

At 11 o'clock at Nos. 213 and 215 Duane st., the entire contents of the Tobacco and Cigar Factory, comprising leaf tobacco, fine cut chewing, and smoking tobacco, snuffs, &c.

Also, steam engine and boiler, cutting machine, presses, rollers, shafting, pullies, bolts, tools, tobacco knives, moulds and forms, and all the necessary apparatus for manufacturing tobacco and snuff. Terms cash, in City funds.

By order of ELIAS PITCHER, Esq., Assignee.

H. WILSON, Auctioneer.

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE.

By A. D. GALE, No. 49 Dey-st., New-York, boots and shoes, about 1,000 cases, on TUESDAY, April 10, at 10 o'clock A. M. This sale offers extra inducements, as it comprises a large and general assortment, many of which have been advanced on and must be sold. We shall also sell a number of lots of our own make, such as boys', youths', and men's calf sewed boots and congress gaiters. A. D. GALE No. 49 Dey-st.

DANIEL S. HOUGH, Auctioneer, Office 5 Cooper Union.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and costly decorations, TO-MORROW, (Tuesday,) April 10, at 10½ A. M., from the private residence No. 56 Clinton-place, in 8th-st., between Broadway and University place, embracing a large and varied assortment of first-class goods, such as genteel housekeepers want, in good order and to be sold without reserve, as velvet and Brussels carpets, pier and mantel glasses, bronze and marble clocks, statuettes, bronzes, large and small, rich china vases, French paintings and other costly ornaments and decorations, fine rosewood parlor suites etageres, tables, book cases, easy chairs, ladies' escritoires and work-tables, gas chandeliers, elegant lace window drapery. The second story is furnished with richly carved rosewood chamber furniture of every kind desired, pure hair mattresses and bedding; third story china, glass and ware. The cellar contains a large assortment of fine table ware, consisting of china, cut glass and silver ware, with which the sale will commence. On WEDNESDAY, we shall sell the contents of the large house No. 21 Clinton place, THURSDAY, a fine assortment in 12th-st.; par ticulars in our circulars to-morrow. N. B.—We take the liberty of cautioning the public against regarding long advertisements as a test of either the quantity or quality of the goods—they being intended chiefly to entrap the unwary and unsophisticated, and especially strangers. Catalogues at house on morning of sale.

JOHN S. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON THURSDY, 12TH INST., at 10½ o'clock, at No. 99 West 43d-st near 6 h-av., elegant household furniture, of the manufacture of Messrs. J. H. Belter & Co., in good order and but little used. Sale made in consequence of the party leaving for Europe. Consisting in part of velvet, Wilton, tapestry and Brussels carpeting; carved rosewood parlor suites in satin, damask, brocatel, with solid finished inch chairs carved rosewood French plate etagere, labrate; solid rosewood stanuary top, centre, side and loo tables; french plate oval and oter mirrors, lace curtains shades throughout; French fire-gilt, 31 day clock, with candelabra to match. Oil paintings in gilt frames, comprising a full set of Cole's voyage of life, engravings, mantel and etagere ornaments, articles of vertu, magnificent 7-octave rosewood piano-forte, Grifin & Smiths, round corners; rosewood mahogany and walnut bedroom furniture; marble top bureaus, bedsteads, washstands, wardrobes, bookcases, tables, Turkish lounges, couches, Voltaires, best hair mattresses, palliasses, china toilet sets, library furniture, bookcases, tables, &c. Dining room furniture in oak, extension table, marble top buffet, Prescott and other dining-chairs, decorated French china dinner, tea and dessert sets; French glassware, silverware, &c. oil cloths, rosewood hatstands, mats, &c.; also a fine assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. The furniture may be seen one day prior to sale with catalogue.

WM. DUMONT, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED real estate, situate on Amity and 2d sts., in the City of New-York, belonging to the estate of Wm. Gallatin, deceased, will be sold at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, April 10, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at noon:

No. 1—The two dwelling houses and lots Nos. 117 and 119 2d-st., situate on the south side of said street, between 1st-av. and avenue A. Containing each in breadth in front and rear 20 feet, and in depth 105 feet 9 inches, the gable or side wall of each dwelling-house being party walls.

Amity-st.—The dwelling-house and lot No. 72 Amity-st., on the south side, between Laurence and Thompson sts. Containing in breadth in front 25 feet, in the rear 25 feet 10 inches, and in depth on the westerly side 106 feet, and on the easterly side 113 feet; the easterly and westerly walls of the dwelling-houses being party walls.

Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage.

For maps or further particulars inquire of the auctioneer, or of C. J. & E. DEWITT, No. 88 Nassau-st., New-York. BENJAMIN S. TAYLOR, Executor.

BROWNE & NICHOLS, Auctioneers salesrooms 35 Nassau-st

WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 25 London Terrace, 23d-st., between 9th and 10th avs., elegant household furniture, rich Bohemian glassware, French china dinner and dessert set, rich rosewood parlor suite, one elegant seven octave rosewood piano-forte, rosewood etageres, rich silk brocatelle and lace window-curtains, tapestry velvet carpets, rich chandeliers, French plate mirrors, one full dining set in oak and reps, two carved oak bookcases to match, splendid chamber furniture, one superb Bohemian punch bowl, a complete set of engraved cut glass viz. tumblers, claret and champagne glasses, &c., very rich china, wreathers, parian figures of Venus with a shell, Venus at the Bath, tazza and vases, inkstand, &c., rich French china vases, a superb set of Bohemia dessert glass, fruit stand, dessert plates, comports, finger bowls, punch cups, &c., another Bohemian tureens with stand and glasses to match, hanging flower vases, silver-plated pitchers, &c., kitchen furniture, oilcloths, &c., with which the sale will commence. Catalogues can be had at our salesrooms on Tuesday.

JAMES COLE, Auctioneer.

GREAT SALE—1,000 LOTS AND GORES, Twelfth Ward, Brooklyn. By order of the Executors of the late John S. Bergen. JAMES COLE & SONS will sell on TUESDAY, April 10, at 12 o'clock at the Merchants' Exchange, 1,000 lots on 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th avs., and on 41st, 42d, 44th and 45th sts., including a large and valuable water front. This property is eligibly located on high grades; no low land; 3d, 4th and 5th avs opened; railroad from Fulton and Hamilton avs; ferries on the 3d-av. This sale offers great inducements for investments or speculation; title perfect. For block maps and full particulars apply to the auctioneers, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, and No. 45 Nassau-st., New-York.

B. A. CHOLTON, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CHOICE PRI- vate Library of rare and standard works, richly illustrated, in elegant bindings, fine oil paintings, engravings, silverware medals piano-forte &c. Peremptory sale by order of Thos. S. Hall, assignee of the estate of William Macrea. COLE & CHILTON will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 9, at 10½ o'clock at No. 39 East 37th-st., Murray Hill, near Madison-av. all the handsome furniture in the above house, valuable private library, paintings, medals, engravings, silverware, &c. For particulars see advertisements in the daily papers and descriptive catalogues at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 45 Nassau st.

J. F. BOSWORTH, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE ON TUESDAY, APRIL 10 at No. 102 Maiden-lane. By catalogue, a choice variety of French and standard pear, peach, apple, plum, apricot, cherry, quince, and other fruit trees, ornamental and evergreens, trees, dwarf and standard roses, black, red and white currant bushes, French and English gooseberries, Irish juniper, pot and greenhouse plants, moss, prairie and other running roses, Azalia, Abutilum, Pinks, Heliotrope, verbenas, geraniums, pinks, sweet williams, honeysuckle, syringa, flowering almonds, dahlias, pansies and daisies, spiraeas, asters, &c., imported by Mr. Corraz, and selected by himself in France four years ago, and growing in this country since.

MORTIMER GRIFFIN & Co., Auctioneers

AT AUCTION.—MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD furniture at public auction on THURSDAY, at the elegant dwelling of Mr. Hall, No. 6 West 16th-st., near 5th-av., being the largest and richest assortment of furniture, &c., offered at auction this season. For full particulars, see *Herald* of this day.

J. S. H. BARTLETT, Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE OF CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE.—A large catalogue—Peremptory sale for cash, in lots to dealers, THIS DAY, April 16, at 10 o'clock, at No. 281 Pearl-st., by J. S. H. BARTLETT. Call and see a free sale.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED PACKAGES.—THE Adams' Express Company will dispose of, by public auction, about 400 packages which have remained in their possession one year and over, uncalled for.

The sale will take place MONDAY, April 16, at 10 A. M., at No. 59 Broadway, up stairs.

ADAMS EXPRESS CO., No. 59 Broadway, New-York

PAINTERS AND DEALERS IN PAINT brushes will find a superior quality of paint brushes cash brushes, &c., at the brush factory, No. 320 Pearl-st., Harper's Buildings. JOHN K. HOPPEL.

FINANCIAL.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS, No 50 Wall-st.,
Issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents

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JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile Purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of EUROPE. Also on Alexandria, Cairo, Beyrout, Jerusalem, Algiers, &c., &c. Bills on Paris and Sterling Bills in sums to suit.

MUNN, BLACKHAM & MARSH,
NOTE AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
Duncan, Sherman & Co.'s Buildings,
Corner Pine and Nassau sts.,
New-York.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS, &c.,
Issue circular notes and letters for travelers, available in all the cities of the United States, Canada, the West India Islands, South America, &c., &c.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
AUCTIONEER AND STOCK BROKER,
No. 52 William-st., INSURANCE STOCKS and other securities at private sale. STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold at the Brokers' Board. Price current issued semi-monthly.

FINANCIAL.

1860. Atlantic Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1860
1860. Pacific Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1860.
1860 Union Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1860.
1860. Great Western Marine Insurance Scrip of 1860.
1859. Sun Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1859.
1859 Commercial Mutual Insurance scrip of 1859.
1859. New-York Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1859.
1859. Orient Mutual Insurance scrip of 1859

Bought and sold or negotiated on commission by WM. C. GILMAN & SON, No. 18 Merchants' Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TRADESMEN'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—OFFICE No. 153 BOWERY.—Under Mechanics' and Traders' Bank.—At an election for Directors of this Company, held Tuesday, March 13, the following gentlemen were duly elected for the ensuing year:

D. B. KEELER,	JOHN FOSTER,
E. L. WALTON,	WM. A. CUMMING,
GEO. J. PRICE,	ANDREW M. WHITLOCK,
ISAAC WALTON,	W. WAKE.
JAS. M. MILLS,	ALEX. McDONALD,
JOHN PALMER,	CHAS. PERLEY,
STEPH. VALENTINE,	ABM. DENIKE,
WM. DENNISTOUN,	NATHAN ASIEL,
E. D. BROWN,	JORDAN L. MOTT, Jr.,
ROBT. M. FIELD,	JOHN L. MOORE,
STEPHEN CUTTER,	JOHN MORRIS,
D. H. KNAPP,	JOHN MURPHY,
JAMES HUMES,	BRYAN M. CAHIL,
JACOB WILSON,	A. T. BRIGGS,
SANFORD MEAD,	JOSEPH W. DURYEE,

At a subsequent meeting of the Board DAVID B. KEELER was unanimously reelected President.
T. Y. BROWN Secretary

CHEMICAL BANK.—NEW-YORK, APRIL 2, 1860.—At an election held this day, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors of this Bank for the ensuing year, viz.:

JOHN Q. JONES, CORN'S V. S. ROOSEVELT,
JOHN DAVID WOLFE, ROBERT McCOSKEY,
BRADISH JOHNSON,

And for Inspectors of the next succeeding election:
PETER GOELET, ISAAC L. PLATT,
JAPHET BISHOP.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, JOHN Q. JONES, Esq., was unanimously reelected President.
G. G. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

ON SALE.—MOBILE CITY EIGHT PER CENT. bonds redeemable in 1885, inter-st payable in New-York semi-annually 1st January and 1st July

Rochester City 6 per cent Bonds, redeemable in 1873, interest payable in New-York 1st January and 1st July.

New-York Central Railroad 7 per cent. Convertible Bonds, redeemable in 1876. Coupons for interest payable in New-York Feb. 1 or Aug. 1.

Troy City 6 per cent Bonds redeemable in 1873 interest payable in New-York 1st January and 1st July, by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, corner of Pine and Nassau sts., New-York.

OSWEGO AND SYRACUSE RAILROAD.—This Company will pay a semi-annual dividend of three per cent, on and after the 10th day of April next. Stockholders residing in the City of New-York will be paid by the Treasurer Agent, H. A. Oakley, Esq., at the office of the Howard Insurance Company, in Oswego and Troy, at the New-York State Bank in Utica, at the Oneida Bank; in Syracuse, at the Bank of Syracuse; all others at the Lake Ontario Bank, Oswego. Dividends not called for within 30 days, will be paid at the office of the Treasurer only.

L. W. LIGHT,
Oswego March 30, 1860. Treasurer.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, as agents for Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, New-York hereby give notice that they will receive moneys on account of that firm for which they will issue, free of charge, Letters of Credit, or Circular Letters of £10 and upwards similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada, &c.

CINCINNATI AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.—A decree having been entered for the sale, on the 28th of April inst., of the Cincinnati and Chicago Railroad—formerly Cincinnati, Logansport and Chicago Railway—arrangements are being made by the parties interested for the purchase and completion of the road under a new organization.

All information will be furnished on application at the office of the Chicago and Cincinnati Railroad Company, No. 40 Liberty-st.—New York, April 4, 1860

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.—SECRETARY'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March, 1860.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Corporation, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and three Inspectors of the succeeding election, will be held (in conformity with the requirements of the by-laws of this Company,) on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-fifth (25th) day of April, 1860, at the office of the Company, in the city of Toledo, Ohio, commencing at 12 o'clock M.

FRANKLIN E. WOODRUFF, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.—A dividend of three per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable on the 10th day of April next, at the office of the Company, No. 13 William-st.

The Transfer Books will be closed on the afternoon of Monday, the 2d day of April next, at 2 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, the 11th day of April, at 10 o'clock A. M.

E. W. DUNHAM, Treasurer.

New-York, April 6, 1860.

NOTICE.—THE BOOKS WILL BE OPENED FOR subscription to the Capital Stock of the United States Warehouse Company at the St. Nicholas Bank, on SATURDAY, the 7th inst., and will remain open till Saturday, the 14th inst., from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M. daily.

C. D. MATHEWS,
JAS. GREEN,
C. N. S. ROWLAND, } Commissioners.

NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK, March 31, 1860.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a dividend of Three and one-half (3½) per Cent. on the capital stock, payable to the stockholders on and after the 10th April next. The transfer books will be closed from the 2d to the 7th of April next inclusive. By order of the Board,

F. D. TAPPEN, Cashier.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, NEW-YORK, March 30, 1860.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Four per cent. payable on and after the 9th of April. The transfer book will be closed from the 1st to the 9th of April inclusive. W. A. KISSAM

BOWERY SAVINGS BANK.—CORNER OF 11th-st and 4th-av. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Wednesday and Saturday until 7 P. M. All sums deposited before April 10 will draw interest from 1st inst.

RICHARD H. BUEL, Secretary. C. P. DAVENPORT, President.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY.—No. 71 Wall-st., New-York April 5, 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. has been declared payable on demand. By order of the Board of Directors.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

STATE DEBTS OF TEXAS, ARKANSAS, Mississippi and Florida bought by GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 50 Exchange place.

EXPRESSES.

TO CALIFORNIA IN EIGHT DAYS.

BY
THE CENTRAL OVERLAND CALIFORNIA
AND
PIKE'S PEAK EXPRESS COMPANY.

The Pony Express will leave St. Joseph's at 9 o'clock, A. M., on FRIDAY, April 13, and weekly thereafter. Letters will be received at the office of the Company, New-York, up to 3 o'clock MONDAY Afternoon of each week, where full particulars and information may be obtained, room No. 8, Continental Bank Building, Nassau-st. Telegrams will be received at the office of the American Telegraph Company, No. 2 Wall st., up to 7 o'clock of Thursday evening.

J. B. SIMPSON, Vice-President.

AMERICAN EUROPEAN EXPRESS CO.,
NO. 72 BROADWAY.

PACKAGE EXPRESS twice every week for all parts of Europe *via* Liverpool. Also by each French and German Mail Steamer. Samples taken at low rates, and prepayment of freight optional with the sender.

Purchases made at easy commission, and Bills of Exchange in sums to suit, on London and Paris.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO. Proprietors.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

RARE OLD BRANDIES,
CHOICE MADEIRA AND SHERRY WINES,
FINEST BOURBON & MONONGAHELA WHISKIES,
HAVANA CIGARS,
Constantly on hand and for sale by
S. S. WYCKOFF & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
No. 104 Murray-st.

WELLINGTON & ABBOTT,
(Successors to A. Seignette & Co.,)
No. 47 Water-st.,
Sole Agents for
JULES ROBIN & CO. COGNAC.
ALEX. SEIGNETTE BRANDY.
GRAPEFLEAF GIN.
DEWDROP GIN.

PORT WINES, OF 1815 AND 1851, IN bottle; Solera Sherry, in bottle, packed in 3-dozen cases; Wm. Younger's East India Pale Ale, bottled, in cases; Jameson's Irish Whisky, in Bond; Bushmill's Irish Whisky, in Bond, for sale by C. E. HABICHT, Agent for Guinness' Stout, No. 137 Pearl-st.

SHIPPING.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER ARAGO,
D. LINES, Commander,
Will leave for Havre touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, April 28, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

This ship has five water-tight compartments, including the engines, so that, in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them; and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Price of passage in second cabin, $75 and $80.

For freight or passage apply to

S. M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer FULTON will succeed the ARAGO, and sail May 26.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

The United States Mail Steamship
ADRIATIC,
JAS. J. COMSTOCK, Commander,
Will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the passengers and mails, on SATURDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, from Pier foot of Canal-st., N. R.

Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock, A. M.

All baggage not required for the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below."

Bills of lading will be signed at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., (Room No. 4,) up to noon on the 13th inst. Parcels will be received at the office on the wharf up to 11 o'cl

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 7.

$1,000 Mo. State 6s	93	300 Erie Railroad	19¾
1,000 Louis'a State 6's	95	450 do b30	19⅝
4,000 California S. 7's	89¼	100 Hudson River R	39¼
5,000 Erie R. 3 m.bs.'83	81	210 do	39
5,000 do	81⅛	100 do b60	39¼
5,000 do	81⅜	300 Reading Railroad	43
11,000 R. R. 5th m. bs	48	500 do s30	43
2,000 M.C.& S.P. 8 ₱ ct 1st M. & P. C. bds	83½	100 do	43⅛
2,000 M. bs. 2d m. bds.	47	100 do b60	43⅝
1,000 L.E. & W. 1st m. bs	71	10 Del. L. & W. R	58
1,000 do	71¼	10 New-Jersey C. R	105
1,000 do	71⅜	100 Mich. Cen. Rail'd	48¼
1,000 D., L. & W. 2d m.	92	100 do	48⅜
1,000 L. & W. 1st mtg.	92½	100 do	48⅝
3,000 C. & To. S. F. bds.	67	50 do b60	48¾
2,000 Ill. Cen. R. Bs	88½	100 do s60	48
1,000 Mich. So. & N. I. R	68	18 Mich. So. & N. I. R	68
2,000 10 ₱ State of N. Y	96⅜	50 Mich So & N. I. R. s.	28¾
10 Bank of Commerce	88½	150 do s30	28
300 Canton Company	20⅜	100 Panama Railroad	134⅜
50 Del. & Hud. C. Co.	98½	150 do	134⅝
10 Penn. Coal Co	84	50 do b10	134⅞
155 Pacific Mail S. Co.	105	50 do	134¾
600 do	104½	50 do b60	134⅞
200 do s30	104½	100 Ill. Central R. Scrip	6 ⅝
250 do b30	104⅜	50 do b60	61⅞
250 do	104¼	50 Galena & Chicago R.	62⅜
250 do	104	370 do	62⅝
200 do b30	104⅛	150 do b30	62⅝
200 do	104	50 do	62½
200 do b15	104	50 Cleve. & Tol. R	26¾
300 N. Y. Cen. R.	78⅛	300 do	26⅞
200 do	78⅜	200 do b60	27
200 do b30	78⅜	100 do s30	26⅝
200 do s60	78	100 do b10	64
100 do s30	78	100 do opg	64
50 do	78⅛	50 do b30	64
100 do b60	78¼	50 Ch., B. & Q. R	63
450 do	78	75 do	64
50 do s10	78	50 do s60	61
50 do	78¼		

SECOND BOARD.

$1 000 N. O. State 6s	91¼	46 Har. R. Pref	36
3,000 E. R. 1st M. bds. '81	101	500 Reading Railroad	43⅜
5,000 E. R. 4th M. B.	56⅜	350 C. & R. I. R. opg	63⅜
1,000 E. R. 3d M. B. '83	83½	50 do	63⅜
2,000 Ill. Cen. Bds	88⅛	50 do b30	63¾
2,000 do	88¾	133 Mich. C. R	46
1,000 D. L. & W. R. 1 M	95	50 do b10	46
1,000 M. So. & N. I. Bds 8	68	50 do b30	46
100 Pacific M. S. Co	104	100 do	45⅜
20 do b60	104⅜	100 do s60	45½
50 Penna. Coal Co	83⅜	50 Panama R	134¼
25 N. Y. Cen. R	78	50 do s30	134⅜
200 do s60	78	150 do	134
300 do b30	78⅜	50 Gal. & Chic. R. b60	62⅝
300 do	78⅜	100 Clev. & Tol. R	26¾
300 do	78⅜	10 Del. L. & W. R	86
1,000 Har. Railroad	10¾		

MONDAY, April 9—A. M.

Our Foreign Import and Export Trade now enters upon the last quarter of the fiscal or treasury year 1860. The first week of the quarter at New-York shows an import entry largely reduced from the corresponding week last season, the falling off being especially marked in Foreign Dry Goods. We do not regard this as an accidental sign of what is to come through the current quarter. The Secretary of the Treasury, we happen to know, calculates upon a reduction of at least a million of revenue, which argues a gross falling off in the import entries, compared with the fourth quarter of the fiscal year 1859, of about seven millions of dollars in free and dutiable merchandise. Our own inquiries, the past week, among some of our leading authorities in the import trade of this City, satisfy us that more than this sum will fall off at New-York alone. The early Winter and Spring trade, although resulting in a larger business than anticipated, was such, not at first, as to encourage heavy orders in advance for the later Spring and early Summer trade. Nor have the profits on the Dry Goods branch of business been such, of late, as to change the views of the Importers materially. Complaint is made of the great inequality of prices, which competition among both Jobbers and Importers for the Southern custom—by far the most desirable this season, as last—gave rise to. And the end has been some very considerable sacrifices on certain descriptions of Continental Dry Goods through the Auction rooms. It is therefore safe to conclude that the extreme increase in the Importations at New-York, and probably for the whole country, over last year, was attained at the close of March. What the least figure of that increase is will be showu in a day or two by the Custom House summary, which has been delayed by one or two recent changes at the desks of the Custom House. The *per centage* of increase is about *fifteen* ₱ cent., chiefly running through the first and second quarters, from July 1 to December 31, while the *per centage* of increase on the Export line at this port and on Cotton from the South is, altogether, over *forty* ₱ cent. On this line, for the fourth quarter, we anticipate a falling off in the Bullion movement, equal to the estimated decrease in the entry of Foreign Merchandise, while the probability is that eight millions more will be added to the increase in the Cotton movement—the present stock in the Southern ports being 160,000 bales in excess of the same period last year—giving a total Export figure for this staple alone of *two hundred millions dollars*. The following estimate of the probable entries of Foreign Merchandise and the probable (or outside) clearances of Bullion from New-York, (assuming that peace will be continued in Europe,) may not be out of the way at the present time:

	Imports of Goods.		Exports of Specie.	
	1859. Actual.	1860. Estim.	1859. Actual.	1860. Estim.
April	$22,152,178	$19 000,000	$6,259,167	$4,000,000
May	23 430,210	20,000,000	11,421,032	6,500,000
June	23.583.929	21 000,000	7,496,981	5,500,000
Total 3 mos.	$69,166,317	$60,000,000	$25,177,180	$16,000,000

We believe that our Specie estimate is considerably ahead of the views of the best Bullion and Banking authorities, and it would really seem *not* to be borne out by the present currency for Exchange both here and at the South, but we assume that sixteen millions can readily, if not advantageously, be spared from the receipts from California and the interior, and leave the Banking and Sub-Treasury reserve stronger on the 1st of July than last season.

The Import entries of the past week at New-York, including the Dry Goods table in Saturday's paper, amount to $4,306,048, as against $6.227,229 same week last season. The Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods $2,068,734, against $1,677,678 same week last year. The export of Specie $310,080, against $494,000 same week last season. The Sub-Treasury balance is reduced on the week $463,608—the present balance standing $7,562,885, against $8,026,493 at the close of the previous week. We look for no important change in the Specie line at Bank on the return to be made up this afternoon, although the last average of $23,420,759 was thought to be rather a declining one, and the balances with Boston have been against this City. The continued ease in Money and the tendency to accumulate Deposits at this point would argue a further increase of the Discount average, which stood last Monday, $128,388,223. We quote mercantile bills, prime class, outside of Bank, 5@5¼ ₱ cent., 30@60 days; 5¼@6¼ ₱ cent., 90 days to 6 months. At Bank, the terms are 6@7 ₱ cent., as the general rule, but from this we hear of occasional departures. On the Stock Exchange, Money is employed at from 5 to 6 ₱ cent., subject to call. Exchange, as the week previous, 108¾@108⅞ on London; f 5.18¾@f.5.17½ on Paris.

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

New Loan of United States	101½@101⅝
New-York Central	79⅜@79⅝@76⅞@78⅝@78
New-York and Erie	10⅝@13@11⅝@12⅝
Reading	42⅞@43¼@43
Rock Island*	64⅜@63¾@64@63⅝
Michigan Guaranteed	21⅝@19⅜@22⅛
Michigan Southern, old	10¾@12@9¾@10¾
Michigan Central	44⅞@47@45¾
Toledo	24⅜@27@26¾
Galena	62¾@63@62⅞
Illinois Central	63@61⅝@62@61⅝
Panama	135@136@134¼
Pacific Mail	104@107⅛@104@107¼@103¾@104
Missouris	82@81@83⅝@83
Virginias	93⅜@94⅝
Tennessees	90⅜@90⅞@90⅜
Illinois Central Bonds*	87¾@88⅞
Hudson River	40¼@39@39⅝
Harlem Preferred	36¼@35⅞@36
Delaware and Hudson	95⅛@98⅛

*Ex. Dividend.

We have to review another active and speculative week on the Stock Exchange. The firmness in demand is quite general, and the course of prices, for the most part, upward. This is more particularly marked, perhaps, in some of the Railway Mortgages (not included in the foregoing table) than in the Shares. The issues of all the prominent New-York roads, and of the Michigan Southern, Wabash Valley, Cleveland and Toledo, &c., have been in active request and at rising prices. In addition to the business done at the Board, there is a good inquiry, on private purchase, for the sometime neglected mortgages of the Western lines in process of liquidation or reorganization, and also for the bonds of the leading Western cities. Among the prominent speculative Shares, New-York Central, as usual, shows more frequent and violent fluctuations. The extreme difference of the week is 3 ₱ cent. At the close on Saturday there was a little more steadiness in the stock, growing out of the significant vote at Albany against the original Tolling measure in the Senate. New-York and Erie stock advanced both in price and demand, and promises soon to resume its old place in the active stocks for daily speculation at the Exchange. The advance is ₱2 the share. Chicago and Rock Island, among the Western shares, was largely dealt in, but scarcely maintained the sudden extreme advance at the close of the previous week. Toledo, Michigan Southern and Michigan Central, towards the close of the week, were all strong, and the former two continued so, while Michigan Central reacted about 1@1½ ₱ cent. from the best price of the week. There was more done in Reading than for several months past, and in all the other stocks connected with the Anthracite Coal Trade prices were higher. An additional advance of 3 ₱ cent. each was had on Delaware and Hudson, and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western. In Pacific Mail the highest figure was attained that we have known for eighteen months—107½ ₱ cent., from which the price twice reacted in the course of the week—finally closing 104 ₱ cent. Panama, after advancing 1 ₱ cent.—or from 135@136 ₱ cent.—fell back to 134½ ₱ cent. In State Stocks a free business was done in Missouris, finally closing at an advance of 1 ₱ cent. on the previous Saturday. Tennessees and Virginias both show a steady improvement, and the Federal five per cents. are ½ ₱ cent. better for the coupons of 1874, and ½ ₱ cent. on the registered stock of the same date. The general market on Saturday closed steady, and the improved demand is not likely to suffer the present week from the tone of the English advices just at hand *vid* Halifax.

We notice that the favorite steamship *Persia*, of the Cunard line, returns to her place in the line this week. She was to leave Liverpool on Saturday, March 31, and will be due here on Wednesday or Thursday next. Another California steamer will be due by the close of the week. The boat on the Pacific side is reported to have left San Francisco with $1,500,000 in Gold.

In answer to an inquiry in regard to the Public Debt of Tennessee, its probable increase, &c., we have to state—as we did in substance a month or two ago—that by the Railway Commissieners' report to the last Legislature, the State had advanced to October, 1859, $10,000 ₱ mile in her own Bonds, on about 1,051 miles, and had lent her indorsement on the first mortgages of about 220 miles additional, and her indorsement to the City of Memphis to aid 35 miles in Arkansas, opposite that city. These items would seem to embrace about 1,300 miles of finished Railway, while the original promise of the State, conditioned that the private subscriptions were equal to the undertaking, extended to 1,599 miles. Of the finished work in Tennessee, the Commissioners stated that 977 miles were in profitable operation to the 1st of October last. The whole expenditure then was

In State aid in loan of Bonds direct	$10,512,000
And by indorsement	2,200,000
Total State lien, $10,000 ₱ mile	$12,712,000
Private subscriptions expended	29,016,000
Total cost	$41,728,000
Net earnings of fiscal year	2,411,245

—Or nearly 6 ₱ cent. on their cost. The Tennessee Roads are generally unincumbered by second mortgage liens, so that, beyond the State lien of $10,000 ₱ mile, these works have been mainly finished by private enterprise and individual subscriptions. Of the remaining lines, or unfinished parts of lines, say 299 miles, to which aid was promised, a portion has been abandoned for the want of sufficient private subscriptions; another portion, completed since the date of this report, and the remaining portion will be entitled to State aid to the extent of $10,000 ₱ mile, as the work progresses through the years of 1860 and 1861. The unfinished link of the Mobile and Ohio Road within the State will be entitled to about $415,000, and a link of the Northwestern, from Huntington to Jackson, 28 miles, to connect with the first-named work, is also about to be undertaken. No new grants are promised or anticipated; the Legislature not convening again until October, 1861, and the temper of both the Legislative and Executive Departments of the State, as well as the popular opinion among the people, on the subject of Public Debt, being in the direction of caution *and entire security*. The last, thus far, has been signally realized. Every railroad company in the State provide their own mortgage interest, in season to be remitted to New-York, with the Bank of Tennessee, and are also required to provide a Sinking Fund after the State Bonds loaned to them have run five years from their respective dates.

COAL TRADE FOR WEEK AND SEASON.

	1859. Week.	1859. Total.	1860. Week.	1860. Total.
Phil. and Read. R.	25,966	425,831	34,045	478,139
Schuylkill Canal	27,662	51,761	28,171	79,331
Lehigh Valley R.	12 354	166,158	17,899	244 821
Scranton, South	16 846	100,424	16,788	169 257
Scranton, North	2.657	27,002	2,717	31,137
Shamokin	2,435	18,401	1,725	23 323
Treverton	1,599	26 186	771	17,390
Broad Top	1,909	29,930	3,302	40,910
H. Thomas (Sh. Mt. Co.)	758	2,348	1,197	8,354
Lykens Val. C'l Co.	896	1,720	894	8,071
Total	84,925	849,761	107,189	1,092,113

The *Mining Journal*, of Saturday, says:

The trade for this week from this region (Schuylkill) is not so heavy as was anticipated. The demand for Coal is not very brisk, and there has been a turnout at a number of the collieries for higher wages. The shipments *via* Lehigh Canal have commenced. We will commence our reports next week. A gentleman who has visited the principal Coal Markets states that the stocks on hand are much lighter than they were this time last year. This looks favorable for the business, and if Coal is not pushed into the market unsold, fair prices ought to be obtained.

The following is the important opinion at length of the Supreme Court of Ohio on Railway Mortgages, referred to a few days since on the authority of a telegraphic dispatch:

Present—Hon. JACOB BRINKERHOFF, Chief Justice, and Hon. MILTON SUTLIFFE, and Hon. JOSIAH SCOTT, and Hon. WM. GHOLSON, and Hon. WM. V. PECK, Judges. L. J. Critchfield, Reporter.

GENERAL DOCKET.

202. Geo. S. Coe *vs.* The Columbus, Piqua and Indiana Railroad Company et al.

203. The Columbus, Piqua and Indiana Railroad Company *vs.* George S. Coe.

Error to Court of Common Pleas of Franklin County.

GHOLSON, J—I. Certain persons, their associates, successors and assigns, were created a body corporate, with succession, with power to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, defend and be defended, contract and be contracted with, acquire and convey, at pleasure, all such real and personal estate as may be necessary and convenient to carry into effect the objects of the incorporation. The corporation was authorized to construct and maintain a railroad between certain termini, and to demand and receive for the transportation of persons and property, a compensation not exceeding certain specified rates. It was also authorized to appropriate, by proceedings under a general law regulating such proceedings, land necessary for its railroad track, the property of individuals. *Held*—1. That under these general powers the corporation had no power to alienate the franchise to be a corporation, or the franchise to construct and maintain a railroad, and receive compensation for the transportation of persons and property, nor any interest in real estate acquired and held solely and exclusively for the purpose of the exercise of such franchise. 2. That after the railroad had been constructed and prepared for use, things requisite for that use, such as locomotives, cars and the like, not affixed to the land being acquired by the corporation, are to be regarded as personal property, subject to alienation and liable for debts. 3. That the corporation could not make a mortgage of any property, such as the above described, to be subsequently acquired, so as to give it validity, in other manner, or to a greater extent than an individual owner of personal property.

II. The corporation held a grant of power to borrow money not exceeding its capital stock, at a rate of interest not exceeding 7 ₱ cent., and to execute bonds therefor, and to secure the payment thereof, by a pledge of the property and income of the Company. And a subsequent grant of a like power, and the authority to pledge was expressed to be "by mortgage or otherwise, the entire road, fixtures and equipments, with all the appurtenances, income and resources thereof." Held—1. That under the power thus granted for the special purpose of borrowing money, the Company could not mortgage the franchise to be a corporation appertaining to the individual members of the corporation, but could mortgage the franchise of the corporation to maintain the Railroad and receive compensation for the transportation of persons and property, and could mortgage property connected with the Railroad and the use of its franchise, whether real or personal, to be subsequently acquired. 2. That the power which the Company had, to institute a judical proceeding to appropriate private property, was not transferable, and that the mortgage of the Company could give no right to the exercise of such a power which the provisions of the general law on the subject did not authorize. 3. That the execution of a mortgage by the Company, without such special power, could give no exemption of the property from a liability which might be otherwise created by its own act or a judical proceeding, that the execution of a like mortgage upon personal property, by an individual, would not create.

III. The Company issued bonds and executed mortgages to secure their payment, under its special power. The bonds were made payable ten years after their date, with interest at the rate of 7 ₱ cent., payable semi-annually. They were negotiated by the Company at a discount, and a part of them were exchanged for iron rails. Held—1. That it was a proper exercise of the power to make the interest on the bonds payable semi-annually. 2. That the act of March 3, 1851, which authorized the Directors of the Company to sell or negotiate the bonds issued by said Company at such rates as they might think proper, and which provided that the bonds so sold should be as valid in every respect as if sold at their par value, applied both to the bonds and the security given for their payment; and, therefore, the sale of the bonds at a discount did not render invalid the mortgages. 3. That the Company, having received authority to sell the bonds at less than their par value, there could be no ground for prohibiting an exchange of the bonds for iron rails; and the fact of such exchange, or the intention to make it, did not invalidate the bonds or the mortgages.

IV. The Company executed these mortgages upon its property and income, the property in possession and to be acquired. Two of these mortgages were properly executed and recorded, but the second in order of time, executed in New-York and acknowledged before an Ohio Commissioner in that State, had but one witness. The third or subsequent mortgage was expressly made subject to the first and second. Held, that whether the second mortgage be regarded as creating a legal or equitable claim it was entitled to a priority over the third.

V. A creditor having been permitted to levy an execution upon a part of the personal property, including a portion acquired subsequently to the date of both the second and third mortgages, but this levy having been made after the action was brought and while the property was in the hands of a receiver appointed in the case. Held, that as against even the equitable claim of the second mortgage the creditor was not entitled to a preference.

VI. The consideration of the debt for which the creditor asks judgment was for moneys advanced in payment of interest for the Company, and taxes assessed against the Company, and for rights of way paid for by the creditor. Held, that such consideration of the debt due from the Company, created no equitable claim upon the property conveyed by the mortgages.

VII. The mortgages executed by the Company were to trustees for the benefit of the holders of the bonds. They provided for the payment of the interest and principal of the bonds and contained a defeasance. The instruments also purported to give to the trustee an authority to sell the property, upon conditions, at a place and in a mode prescribed. The action was brought to obtain, and the relief asked was, a sale under the order of the Court. Held, 1. That the parties were entitled to such sale. 2. That the property must be sold as real and personal, and that the real estate must be sold according to the rules governing sales of real estate, and must, therefore, be appraised. 3. That the railroad, with its fixtures, constituting an entire tract of real estate, indivisible for the purpose of the sale, together with the franchise connected therewith, should be sold in like manner as an entire tract lying in two or more counties, and the proceedings incidental to the sale should be had in the county in which the action was brought. 4. That the personal property should be sold as personal property, but might be sold with such precautions as to prevent a sacrifice and to produce the highest price, which the Court, in its discretion, might order. 5. That the mortgagees must be regarded as proceeding on that part of the instrument which operates as a mortgage, and not under the power to sell, and therefore, the court would not be authorized, in this action, to charge, upon the proceeds realized by a sale, an allowance for the trouble of such mortgagees, or the fees of their counsel. 6. That the mortgagees represented the bondholders, and the latter were neither necessary nor proper parties to the action, and that any question as to the amount for which the security would be available, must be made with the mortgagees, by an issue in the action. 7. That the mortgagees, as between them and the Company, would be authorized to receive the proceeds of the sale, but the Company would have the right to require, that upon or before payment of the proportion payable upon any bond, it should be produced, and, if paid in full, canceled, or if paid in part, such payment to be credited. 8. That any question as to the party entitled to receive the money on a bond, or as to the proportion payable on any bond lost or destroyed, or questions which may arise between the present parties, but should be disposed of when they arise in another action, or in a supplementary proceeding. 9. That an order requiring the bondholders to prove their claims and state the amount paid for the bonds, was erroneous.

VIII. A party owning lands entered into an agreement with the company, by which it was allowed to enter on the lands and construct the track of its road. It was to pay for the use of the land, upon an estimate to be made by persons selected, within sixty days after such estimate. The agreement provided that if payment was not made, the interest which it gave, and the fixtures and works constructed should become the property of the party, as if the agreement had not been made, and "said company had without authority and in its own wrong entered upon said land and made said road through the same." The estimate having been made, and the payment not made within the time, an injunction was asked to restrain the Company from using the land for its railroad track. Held, that an injuction was properly refused, and that the party should be left to pursue the ordinary legal remedies.

Judgment reversed.

Financial and Commercial by the Niagara.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The London Money market was unchanged, with an active demand.

The stock market had been dull, but the fluctuations were slight. On the 22d the market showed a slight improvement. The demand for money continued brisk, and no transactions were reported below the Bank minimum of 4 ₱ cent.

The London *Times* asserts that, notwithstanding semi-official contradictions, the Turkish Government are seeking to negotiate a new and not inconsiderable loan.

The London *Daily News'* city article says the funds opened on Friday at a fractional improvement, and subsequently became animated under the advance on the Paris Bourse, and Consols closed at ⅛ advance on the previous day. The demand for money on Friday was very active, both at the bank and elsewhere.

The London *Times* says the funds opened on Friday at a decline of ⅛, but soon rallied, and advanced under favorable telegraphic dispatches from Paris The demand for discounts was very active, and the rates in open market occasionally were above four ₱ cent.

The London *Herald* city article says the general rate for three months' bills was 4⅛@4¼ ₱ cent. The new Brazilian loan closed without sufficient subscriptions, and the ROTHSCHILDS took the amount necessary to complete the sum required.

Consols closed on Friday at 94⅜@94⅝ for money, and 94⅝@94¾ for the account.

The bullion in the Bank of England had increased £76,400.

Messrs. BARING BROTHERS quote bar silver at 5s. 2½d., dollars 5s. 2¾d., eagles nominal at 76s. 5d.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

Messrs. BARING BROTHERS report a limited business in American stocks at previous rates.

Messrs. BELL & SON report an improved demand for Illinois Central shares and bonds, and all descriptions slightly higher. They quote:

United States 6s, Bonds, 1868	97 @ 99
United States 5s	92 @ 92½
Alabama 5s, Bonds	75 @ 77
Kentucky 6s	90 @ 92
Maryland 5s, Bonds	96 @ 97
Massachussettes fives, bonds	102 @ 104
Ohio sixes, 1876	97 @ 98
Pennsylvania fives	82 @ 84
Pennsylvania fives, 1877	87 @ —
Virginia sixes, 1886	83 @ 85
Virginia fives, 1886	82 @ 84
Montreal City sixes	80 @ 82
Illnois Central 7s, Freelands, 1860	88 @ 90
Illinois Central sixes and sevens	77 @ 79
New-York Central sixes	85 @ 86
New-York Central sevens	91 @ 93
Erie Railroad sevens, 1st Mortgage	87 @ 88
Erie Railroad sevens, 2d Mortgage	80 @ 82
Erie Railroad sevens, 3d Mortgage	66 @ 67
Pennsylvania Central sixes, 1st Mortgage	87½ @ 88½

The London *Times*, of March 23, reports New-York Central and Illinois Central slightly higher, and quotes sales of United States Fives at 92, Illinois Central shares at 42⅜ discount, and Michigan Central Sinking Fund Bonds of 1869, at 83.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The *Broker's Circular* reports the sales of the week at 63,800 bales, of which 5,000 were to speculators and 10,000 to exporters. Holders offered freely but showed no disposition to press sales. In uplands there was a large business at easier prices, but quotations were unchanged. Some authorities report the middling and lower grades 1-16d. lower. The sales of Friday were 8,000 bales, the market closing steady at the following authorized quotations:

	Fair.	Middling.
New-Orleans	7¼	6¾
Mobile	7¼	6⅝
Uplands	7	6¾

The stock in port was estimated at 84,000 bales, of which 703,000 were American.

STATE OF TRADE IN MANCHESTER.

The advices from Manchester are favorable. There was a better inquiry, and prices had an advancing tendency.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Messrs. WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co. report FLOUR firm, with holders demanding an advance of 6d.; sales of Ohio at 27s.@29s., Philadelphia and Baltimore at 25s. @26s. 6d. WHEAT firm, but quiet, since Tuesday; sales of red at 10s 2d.@10s. 8d., and white at 10s. 6d.@ 12s. 6d. Corn dull; sales of yellow at 33s. and white at 37s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.

Messrs. BIGLAND, ATHYA & Co., and WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co. report—BEEF quiet; sales of prime mess at 75s.@85s. PORK, more inquiry at easier prices; sales of old mess at 52s. 6d., and new at 75s.@77s. 6d. BACON in good demand, but all qualities slightly declined. LARD heavy at 57s. 6d. @60s. TALLOW—quotations nominal; butchers', 58s.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The *Brokers' Circular* reports—Potashes quiet at 29s.@29s. 6d., and Pearl Ashes inactive at 33s. Sugar quiet, and prices irregular. Coffee steady and in good demand. Philadelphia Bark quiet at 9s. 9d. Fish Oils—Sales unimportant. Linseed Oils steady. Resin dull, and all qualities common, 4s. 6d.; and slightly declined. Sales of common at 4s. 3d.@4s. 4d.; good medium, 4s. 8d.@7s. Spirits Turpentine dull at 35s. 6d.@36s. Tea slow of sale, but prices without alteration. Cloverseed 40s.@45s. for American red.

LONDON MARKETS.

Messrs. BARING BROS. report Breadstuffs generally closing with an advancing tendency. Wheat—Sales of white at 47s.@50s., and red at 45s.@48s. Flour, 28s.@27s. Iron—Bar and rail steady at £5 10s.@£5 15s.; Pig steady at 58s. 6d. Sugar quiet. Rice firm. Tallow flat at 57s. 6d. Tea heavy; sales of Congou at 1s. 5d.@1s. 5½d. Spirits Turpentine dull at 35s. 6d. Coffee buoyant. Linseed Cakes slow of sale, but prices unchanged. Fish Oils unchanged. Seal and Cod Oil held for 36s. Linseed Oil quiet at 28s. on the spot, and at 29s. for future delivery.

HAVRE MARKET.

[For the week ending 20th ult.]

COTTON firm, with an advancing tendency; sales of the week, 8,000 bales; stock in port, 233,000 bales; New-Orleans *tres ordinaire*, 105f, do. *bas*, 99f. BREADSTUFFS firm and advancing. ASHES firm. COFFEE buoyant. OILS dull and nominal. RICE firm. SUGAR buoyant, and considerably higher for all kinds. TALLOW dull. WHALEBONE quiet.

LATEST MARKETS VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Sunday, March 25.

COTTON—Sales yesterday, 7,000 bales, including 1,000 to speculators and exporters; the market closing quiet, but steady. BREADSTUFFS firm. PROVISIONS quiet.

LONDON, Saturday, March 24—P. M.

CONSOLS closed at 94½@94⅝ for money, and 94¾ for account.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

QUEENSTOWN, Sunday, March 25.

There is no later news than appears in the Liverpool papers of Saturday, which is embraced in the foregoing summary.

LONDON, Saturday, March 24—P. M.

SUGAR quiet. COFFEE firm. TEA quiet; common Congou, nominally 1s. 5d. RICE firm; the business doing to-day is at stiff rates. SALTPETRE firm, but with a slow inquiry. TALLOW quiet; sales for delivery in March, at 57s. 6d.; April alone, 57s.; April to June, 53s.; and October to December, 93s.

Port of Boston and Charlestown.

Monthly Statement of the Value of Goods, Wares and Merchandise entered during the month of March, 1860.

Species of Goods, Wares and Merchandise.	Value.
IMPORTS—Dutiable, entered for consumption	$1,158,948
Dutiable, warehoused	797 038
Free, exc usive of Specie and Bullion	945,106
Specie and Bullion	1,210
Total Imports	$3,902,302
EXPORTS—Domestic Merchandise	$874,575
Foreign Merchandise, dutiable	85,565
Foreign Merchandise, free	29,905
Specie and Bullion	3,000
Total Exports	$993,045
Merchandise withdrawn from Warehouse for consumption	$606,832

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, April 7.

COTTON dull; sales, to-day, 25,000 bales at 10½c. @11c. for Middling. SUGAR steady at 6¼c.@7¾c. Other articles unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, April 7.

FLOUR active at $5 50 for Superfine. PROVISIONS firm. MESS PORK—Nothing done. BACON—Sides, 10¾c. WHISKY drooping.

Commerce of Mobile.

MOBILE, Friday, April 6.

Exports of the week $1,146,044.

Markets by Telegraph.

MOBILE, Friday, April 6.

COTTON—Sales, to-day, 1,000 bales, at 10c.@10½c. for Middling; sales of the week, 13,000 bales; receipts of the week, 15,000 bales, against 77,500 in the corresponding week last year; increased receipts at this port, 114,000 bales; stock in port, 157,835 bales. FREIGHTS—To Liverpool, ½d.; to Havre, nominal. EXCHANGE—On New-York, at sight. ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. premium; on London, 60 days, 8@8½ ₱ cent. premium.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, April 7.

FLOUR quiet; superfine $5 75. WHEAT closed with an advancing tendency; advanced 3c.@5c.; Kentucky red, $1 65@$1 70; Pennsylvania, $1 44@ $1 45. CORN advanced; sales 3,000 bushels at 73c.@ 73½c.; and for May delivery, at 75c. WHISKY firm at 21¾c.@22½c.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, April 7.

FLOUR dull; Howard-street, $5 87½. WHEAT buoyant; white, $1 55@$1 68; red, $1 43@$1 48. CORN steady, and advanced 1c.; white, 73c.@74c.; yellow, 70c.@71c. PROVISIONS steady; Mess Pork, $18; Prime, $15; Rump, $14. Bacon held at 10c. WHISKY dull at 22c.

Correction.

The receipts of Cotton at Charleston for the week ending Thursday were 7,600 bales, instead of 700, as incorrectly printed.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, April 7.

Stocks steady. Pennsylvania State Fives, 94¾; Reading Railroad, 21⅝; Morris Canal, 51; Long Island Railroad, 11⅜; Pennsylvania Railroad, 39⅝. Sight Exchange on New-York at par.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, April 7, 1860—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, has been: 35 bbls. Ashes, 4,132 bbls. Flour, 145 bbls. Corn Meal, 226 bushels Wheat, 338 bushels Corn, 54 bushels Rye, 4,347 bushels Oats, 600 bushels Malt, 1,269 pkgs. Provisions, and 400 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 40 bbls., at $5 25 for Pots, and $5 62½@$5 68¾ for Pots, ₱ 100 lbs. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse this morning, 1,017 bbls., including 861 bbls. Pots, and 156 bbls. Pearls.

BARK—Sales in Philadelphia were confined to small lots of No. 1 Quercitron, at $29 ₱ ton.

BRICKS—North River Hard have been in request, including common at $4 50@$5 ₱ thousand. Other descriptions have not varied much.

COFFEE—Sales have been made, to-day, of 50 bags Maracaibo at 11c.@11¾c.; a cargo of 50 bbls. and 1,100 bags Jamaica, for export, on private terms; and 550 bags St. Domingo at 12¾c.@13½c., ₱ lb., usual terms.

COTTON—The day's transactions add up 1,000 bales, at unchanged prices.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile. N. O. & Tex.	
Ordinary ₱ lb	7⅜	7¾	7⅞	8
Middling	11¼	11¾	11⅞	11⅝
Middling Fair	12¼	12⅝	12¾	13⅛

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in moderate demand, and desirable lots have been quoted firm. Sales transpired, to-day, of 6,855 bbls., including superfine State at $5 20@$5 25; ordinary to choice extra State at $5 30@$5 50; chiefly at $5 30@$5 35; inferior to choice superfine Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio at $5 15 @$5 25; extra Iowa and Wisconsin at $5 35@ $6 25; extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan at $5 45 @$6 40; inferior extra Ohio at $5 70@$5 80; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 85@$6 ₱ bbl.

Superfin St	5 20	@	5 25
Extra State	5 30	@	5 50
Superfine Western	5 15	@	5 25
Extra Iowa and Wisconsin	5 35	@	6 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan	5 45	@	6 40
Inferior Extra Ohio	5 70	@	5 80
Extra Ohio, Round Hoop, shipping brds.	5 85	@	6 00
Extra Ohio, trade brand	6 05	@	6 90
Fancy Genesee	5 55	@	5 70
Extra Genesee	6 00	@	7 50
Inferior to choice Extra Missouri	6 10	@	7 50

Southern Flour has been quiet, yet steady. Sales have been reported of 1,400 bbls., at $5 95@$6 20 for poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c.; and $6 25@$7 50 for fancy to choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian is salable and firm, including inferior to very choice extra, chiefly at $5 50@$7 10 ₱ bbl.; 525 bbls. were sold within the range. Rye Flour is quiet at $3 60@ $4 40 for fine and superfine, ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is selling slowly at $3 55@$3 65 for Jersey; $4@ $4 05 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat continues in lively request and it is held with more firmness. We have heard of sales of 61,800 bushels, including Canada Club, in store, at $1 22; prime white Indiana, at $1 65; Milwaukee Club at $1 22@$1